STUDENT STUDY GUIDE



Integrated Modular System 1st Professional MBBS Academic Year_____



dy Under the Dr's Care

Relation:

Relation:

Liaquat Institute of Medical and Health Sciences, Thatta

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PREFACE

The MBBS curriculum is designed to prepare the medical student to assume the role of the principal caregiver for patients. The majority of instruction in the various basic and clinical science disciplines is focused on attaining this objective. The amount of material and specificity that the student must acquire in order to complete the MBBS programme as a whole is substantial. Subject-based instruction affords students the chance to develop comprehensive and profound understanding of each respective subject. However, this instructional framework might result in the student failing to recognize the interconnectedness of knowledge across different disciplines, their interrelation, and most significantly, their significance in the context of patient care.

Over the years, numerous inventive approaches have been devised to tackle these obstacles. One such approach is the integration of instruction at multiple levels, which eliminates and reduces boundaries within subjects, both vertically and horizontally, across phases. LIMHS, while acknowledging the merits of these methodologies, has endeavored to seize the opportunity to comprehend the interdependencies and minimize duplication in the subjects being instructed through the implementation of an integrated modular approach.

The cardiovascular system, musculoskeletal system, and respiratory system are few examples of system-based modules in an integrated modular curriculum that connects basic scientific knowledge to clinical problems. By means of integrated instruction, subjects are presented as a unified whole. Students can enhance their comprehension of basic scientific principles through consistent application of clinical examples in their learning. A skills lab provides early exposure to the acquisition of skills, case-based discussions, and self-directed learning are all elements of an integrated teaching programme.

LEARNING STRATEGIES

The following instructional and learning strategies are implemented to foster greater comprehension:

- Interactive Lectures
- Small group sessions
- Case-Based Learning (CBL),
- Self-Study,
- Practical,
- Skills lab sessions,
- Demonstrations
- Field visits

INTERACTIVE LECTURES

In large group, the lecturer actively involves the students by introducing the topic or common clinical conditions and explains the underlying phenomena by questions, pictures, videos of patients' interviews, exercises, etc. in order to enhance their learning process.

SMALL GROUP TEACHING (SGT):

This strategy is helpful for the students to make their concepts clear, and s acquiring skills or attitudes. These sessions are organized with the help of specific tasks such as patient case, interviews or discussion topics. Students are than encouraged to exchange their ideas and apply knowledge gained from lectures, tutorials and self-study. The facilitator employs probing questioning, summarization, or rephrasing techniques to enhance the understanding of concepts.

CASE- BASED LEARNING:

A format of small group discussion that centres on a sequence of questions derived from a clinical scenario, with the aim of facilitating learning. Students engage in discussions and provide answers by applying pertinent knowledge acquired in clinical and basic health sciences throughout the curriculum.



PRACTICAL:

Basic science practical related to anatomy, biochemistry, pathology, pharmacology and physiology are scheduled to promote student learning by application.

SKILLS LAB SESSION:

Skills relevant to respective module are observed and practiced where applicable in skills laboratory.

SELF DIRECTED LEARNING:

Students take on the responsibility of their own learning by engaging in independent study, collaborating and talking with classmates, accessing knowledge from the Learning Resources available, teachers, and other experts. Students can make use of the designated self-study hours provided by the college.

DEMONSTRATIONS:

During Anatomy teaching hour students in small groups are encouraged to utilize their knowledge in demonstrating different morphological features of various organs of the body with the help of their facilitator and discuss with their peers. This would help in enhancing their learning as well as motivate them in team based learning environment.

FIELD VISITS:

Students visit community health areas to understand the common diseases and their preventive measures.



STUDY GUIDE

A study guide is a strategic and effective approach to

- Provide students a detailed framework of the modules organization
- Support students in organising and managing their studies throughout academic year.
- Provide students information on assessment methods and the rules and regulations that apply.
- It outlines the outcomes which are expected to be achieved at the end of each module.
- Ascertains the education strategies such as lectures, small group teachings, demonstration, tutorial and case based learning that will be implemented to achieve the module objectives.
- Provides a list of learning resources for students in order to increase their learning.
- Emphasizes information on the contribution of attendance, end module tests, block examinations and annual examinations on the student's overall performance.
- Includes information on the assessment methods that will be held to determine every student's achievement of objectives.



ABBREVIATIONS

Fnd
Hem
RESP
CVS
MSK
Path
Pharm
Med
Surg
Paeds
СМ
Gynae & Obs
Cardio
S



CONTIBUTIONS

Faculty

Department Of Anatomy				
S #	Teaching Faculty			
	Chairperson And Professor			
1.	Prof. Dr. Ghulam Sarwar Qureshi			
2.	Prof. Dr. Surriya Sarwat			
Associate Professor				
3.	Dr. Zafar Haleem Baloch			
4.	Dr. Ashok Kumar			
5.	Dr. Farhana Rajpar			
	Assistant Professors			
6.	Dr. Gul			
7.	Dr. Priya			
	Lecturers			
8.	Dr. Nirmal Zareen			
9.	Dr. Hifsa			
10.	Dr. Iqra Khalid			
11.	Dr. Kahaf Naz			
12.	Dr. Anum Pario			

	DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY				
S #	TEACHING FACULTY				
	CHAIRPERSON AND PROFESSOR:				
1.	Prof. Dr. Fauzia Imtiaz				
	ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS				
2.	Dr. Fatima				
	ASSISTANT PROFESSORS				
3.	Dr. Maria				
4.	Dr. Sofia				
	LECTURERS				
5.	Dr. Sadia Ashraf				
6.	Dr. Sana Zameer				
7.	Dr. Sana Zameer				
8.	Dr. Kiran Waheed				
9.	Dr. Erum Memon				

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSIOLOGY LIMHS			
S #	TEACHING FACULTY		
CHAIRMAN AND PROFESSOR			
1.	Prof. Dr. Israr Ahmed Akhund		
2.	Prof. Dr. Wali Muhammad		



ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR					
3.	Dr. Hanozia				
	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR				
4.	Dr. Arsalan Ahmed Uqaili				
5.	Dr. Rubina Zareen				
	LECTURER				
6.	Dr. Jehanzeb				
7.	Dr. Sana Jawad				
8.	Dr. Anees Ahmed				
9.	Dr. Nisha Alam				
10.	Dr. Sabahat Samiullah				
11.	Dr. Muhammad Zaid				

DEPARTMENT OF PATHALOGY					
S #	TEACHING FACULTY				
	CHAIRMAN AND PROFESSOR				
1.	Prof. Dr. Farzana Memon				
	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR				
2.	Dr. Umair Ali Soomro				
3.	Dr. Shomail Saeed Siddiqui				
4.	Dr. Dr. Agha Nazeer Pathan				
5.	Dr. Dr. Muhammad Naved uz Zafar				
	ASSISTANT PROFESSORS				
6.	Dr. Zahid Ali				
7.	Dr. Fida Hussain				
8.	Dr. Sadia Akber				
	LECTURERS				
9.	Dr. Naureen Jalbani				
10.	Dr. Syeda Ghazia Nazim				
11.	Dr. Mehwish Imam khushk				
12.	Dr. Rehan Akhtar				
13.	Dr. Shanzeb				
14.	Dr. Rab Nawaz				

DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACOLOGY					
S #	TEACHING FACULTY				
	CHAIRMAN AND PROFESSOR				
1.	Prof. Dr. Nasir Ali Afsar				
	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR				
2.	Dr. Raj Kumar Chohan				
	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR				
3.	Dr. Munza Dar				
	LECTURERS				
4.	Dr. Soobia				



5.	Dr. Mudasir Hussain
6.	Dr. Ayesha Ramzan
7.	Dr. Sumeira Naeem Khan
8.	Dr. Sawaira

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY MEDICINE					
S #	TEACHING FACULTY				
	PROFESSORS				
1.	Prof. Dr. Najeeb Memon				
ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR					
2.	Dr. Ambreen Sahto				
	ASSISTANT PROFESSORS				
3.	Dr. Rafaina Shah				
4.	Dr. Sindhu Almas				
	LECTURERS				
5.	Dr. Kenjhar				
6.	Dr. Fozia				
7.	Dr. Samreen				
8.	Dr. Hasan Shami				
9.	Dr. Rai Chand				
10.	Dr. Shahzad Ali				

Checked and verified by:

Dr. Hudebia Allah Buksh HOD DME



Introduction

Welcome to the foundation module. This exciting module will serve as building block and is very essential to your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several interactive activities.

During this module, students will be encouraged to learn basic organization of human body in terms of structure, function and Biochemical properties in an integrated manner i.e. Basic subjects including Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pharmacology and Pathology will be learned and assessed together. You will also learn to integrate basic knowledge with clinical relevance. By adopting this approach, you will be prepared for your future work as doctor, where patients will come to you with problems that are not categorized by discipline name.

In order to help you learn in an integrated manner, we have updated the learning of basic sciences around a few key health-related situations (real life situations), which you are likely to encounter as house officers. You will be expected to think about the scenarios and participate in case-based learning sessions for clearing your concepts and better learning. It will also help you focus your attention on what you need to achieve from the Interactive Lectures, practical and tutorials that have been scheduled during this module.

Rational

Orientation of medical sciences in respect to health and disease is the fundamental requirement of every medical student. Therefore, this module is designed to provide the integration of core concepts that underlie the foundation of basic sciences and their correlation and application in clinical sciences. Students also learn clinical skills such as how to communicate effectively with patients and their relatives with compassion and understanding their issues/problems and how to resolve in coming years. Working in groups will enhance students' team working skills and capacity and management skills. Along with LGT/Interactive Lectures, practical and demonstrations; through supplemented case-based learning they develop problem solving skills to apply their basic medical knowledge and skills to practical situations under supervision and subsequently in real life practice.

Duration

8 weeks

Learning Outcomes

By the end of this foundation module, the students should be able to:

Knowledge

- Describe the cell division, its types and genetic material along with its clinical correlation.
- Describe the basic organization of the human body.
- Describe the basic tissues of the human body
- Explain the maintenance of homeostatic mechanism.
- Describe the various malformations.
- Describe the Biochemistry of carbohydrates, nucleic acids and enzymes
- Describe various cellular adaptations during cell growth, differentiation and cell injury
- Describe the basic concepts of medical ethics, professionalism, clinical research, behavioral sciences, communication skills, information technology skills



Skills

- Demonstrate the use of microscope
- Identify basic tissues under the microscope
- Perform biochemical analysis of carbohydrates
- Prepare different solutions used in laboratory for tests

Attitude

- Professionally participate in class and practical work
- Effectively communicate in a team with peers, staff and teachers
- Demonstrate ethical values in dealing with cadavers, peers, staff and teachers.
- Demonstrate professionalism in dealing with cadavers, peers, staff and teachers.
- Demonstrate the ability to reflect on the performance.

Themes

Theme 1: Cell structure, Chemistry and Function

- Theme 2: Cellular interactions, Cell injuries, Cellular responses and Adaptations
- Theme 3: Body fluids: Composition, Function & Homeostasis
- Theme 4: Macromolecules: Fundamental tissues/systems of the human body
- Theme 5: Fundamental tissues/systems of the human body
- Theme 6: Development, Differentiation and Growth
- Theme 7: Genetics and Developmental anomalies

TOPICS WITH SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND TEACHING STRATEGIES

INTRODUCTORY WEEK

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
	Anatomy				
1	State the history of the subject Anatomy including its various branches and practical applications of Anatomy as a foundation in different fields of medicine	Fnd-S1-Ana-G1 Introduction to the subject of Anatomy			
2	Comprehend the exact location of dissected/prosecuted part /organ of human body with respect to various terms of positions, direction, and body planes	Fnd-S1-Ana-G2 Anatomical position, Anatomical planes & terms of position	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE	
3	Interpret the movements of different parts of human body the knowledge of various terms of movement.	Terms of movements			
4	Explain the appendicular and axial skeleton	Fnd-S1-Ana-G4 Introduction to the parts of axial and appendicular skeleton			
	Physiology				
5	Define Physiology and Enumerate the branches of Physiology	Fnd-S1-Phy-1 Introduction to Physiology	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE	



Biochemistry				
		Fnd-S1-Bio-1		
6	Define Biochemistry & Discuss the role of Biochemistry in medicine	Introduction to Biochemistry and its implication in medicine	Interactive Lecture	SBAs &OSPE
7	Describe the significance of Protection protocols to keep yourself safe during Biochemistry laboratory work.	Fnd-S1-Bio-2 Laboratory Hazards & Protection Protocols		
8	Demonstrate importance of chemicals and reagents in the different reactions of Biomolecules	Fnd-S1-Bio-3 Chemicals and reagents	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
9	Illustrate techniques of using glassware and handling of Biochemical instruments during laboratory work.	Fnd-S1-Bio-4 Use of glassware & Instruments for laboratory work		
		Pathology		
10	Define the pathology Enumerate the different branches of pathology Describe the terminologies used in Pathology	Fnd-S1-Path-1 Introduction to Pathology	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	F	Pharmacology		
11	Define the Pharmacology and role of Pharmacology in medicine Discuss Pharmaco-dynamics and Pharmacokinetics	Fnd-S1-Pharm-1 Introduction to Pharmacology and its implication in Medicine	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	Com	nmunity Medicine		
12	Define different definition of public health/Community Medicine Discuss basic functions of Public health/community Medicine Define the difference between clinical and community medicine Discuss Non-Governmental organizations, International agencies and National Programs of Pakistan	Fnd-S1-CM-1 Introduction to Community Medicine & Public Health	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	F	Forensic Medicine		
13	Define Forensic Medicine, Forensic Pathology and state Medicine Know the branches and the history of Forensic Medicine briefly Discuss the scope of Forensic Medicine in practice Identify the essential facilities for medico legal investigation. Define medical jurisprudence and differentiate it from Forensic medicine	Fnd-S1-FM-1 Introduction to forensic Medicine and Toxicology	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
Medical Education				



14	Describe the curriculum and modules under implementation Describe the use of study guides (not to be assessed) Differentiate between various teaching & learning strategies Describe various study skills	Fnd-S1-ME-1 Curriculum structure teaching learning strategies Fnd-S1-ME-2 Study skills strategies	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	strategies	ormation Technology		
16	Define IT and its importance in Medicine	Fnd-S1-IT-1 Importance of IT skills	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
		Library Sciences		
17	Learn literature search skills	Fnd-S1-LIB-1 Literature search and library resources	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	B	ehavioral Sciences		
18	Learn the significance of communication skills in Medical Sciences	Fnd-S1-BS-1 Introduction to behavioral Sciences	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	Co	mmunication Skills		
19	Learn the significance of communication skills in Medical Sciences	Fnd-S1-CS-1 Introduction to communication skills	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	E	Biomedical Ethics		
20	Learn the significance of ethics in Medical Sciences	Fnd-S1-BE-1 Introduction to Bio Medical Ethics	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	Res	search Methodology		
21	Learn the significance of ethics in Medical Sciences	Fnd-S1-RM-1 Introduction to research methodology	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE

Theme 1: Cell Structure, Chemistry & Functions

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
22	Describe the basic structure and functions of cell membrane. Describe the basic structure and functions of the Nucleus.	Fnd-S1-Ana-H1 Cell structure and function (Membrane structure and the Nucleus)	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
23	Describe the structural Organization of different organelles of a cell. (Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi Apparatus, Ribosomes, Centrioles, Mitochondria, Lysosomes, Peroxisomes)			
24	Operate the different parts of the light microscope. Explain how to use the light microscope to visualize a slide.	Fnd-S1-Ana-H3 Parts of Light microscope	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Physiology		



-				
25	Describe the Functional arrangement of different level of organization and General structure, Physiology and composition of cell, tissues, organs, organ systems, cell nutrition, capillary and venules.	Fnd-S1-Phy-2 Functional arrangement of different levels of organization and General structure and composition of Cell.	Interactive Lecture	SBAs& OSPE
26	Define the Functional organization of different components of a cell and its organelles, Describe the functions of lysosomes & peroxisomes, Endoplasmic Reticulum.	Fnd-S1-Phy-3 Cell organelles-I (Lysosomes, Peroxisomes, Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi complex)		
27	Describe the functions of mitochondria, its special features & its role in generation of ATP Describe the functions of ER, Golgi apparatus, Ribosomes, and cytoskeleton.	Fnd-S1-Phy-4 Cell organelles-II Mitochondria, Microtubules & Microfilaments, Ribosomes Vaults Centromere.		
28	Recognize the structure & functions of Nucleus	Fnd-S1-Phy-5 Nucleus & its functions		
29	Show the Parts And Functions of the Microscope	Fnd-S1-Phy-6 Introduction to Microscope	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	I	Biochemistry		
30	Describe the chemical structure and significance of mitochondria, functions and location of enzymes for metabolic pathways & chemical reactions that occur in mitochondria.	Fnd-S1-Bio-5 Mitochondria: Structure, functions & location of enzymes for metabolic pathways	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
31	Prepare all types of solutions and their quantities in different chemicals reaction.	Fnd-S1-Bio-6 Solutions, concentration expression (Percent solutions, Molarity, Molality, Normality)	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Pathology		
32	Define Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Atrophy and Metaplasia. Enlist Physiological and pathological mechanisms of cellular adaptation	Fnd-S1-Path-2 Cellular adaptations	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE



Theme 2: Cellular Interactions, Cell Injuries, Cellular Responses and Adaptations

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
33	Describe components of cell surface modifications and junction complex	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-4 Cell surface modifications and cell Junctions	Interactive	SBAs & OSPE
34	Differentiate between normal and abnormal cell division and their consequences	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-1 Cell cycle: Mitosis and Meiosis cell divisions	Lecture	
35	Enlist steps of tissue processing. Define the artifacts. Know the basic histological stains. Define H&E Staining.	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-5 Slide preparation and the H&E Staining	Practical	OSPE & OCPE
		Physiology		
36	Explain composition and basic structure of cell membrane, its functional importance and adaptation	Fnd-S1-Phy-7 Plasma membrane & its structure and function		
37	Describe types and process of transport across the membrane and their effects.	Fnd-S1-Phy-8 Types of transport, Simple Diffusion	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
38	Describe the Transport across cell membrane via protein mediated method. Describe the process of osmosis	Fnd-S1-Phy-9 Protein mediated transport Facilitated diffusion, Osmosis		
39	Explain the Physiological mechanism and types of transport. (Passive & Active)	Fnd-S1-Phy-10 Active transport, Primary active transport, Secondary active transport Bulk transport		
40	Describe the membrane potential its development & maintenance of resting membrane potential. Explain Permeability of cell membrane Explain the Propagation of action potential and its ionic basis	Fnd-S1-Phy-11 Resting membrane Potential Graded potential, Factors affecting membrane potential		
41	Discuss action potential Give mechanism of propagation of action potential & its ionic changes	Fnd-S1-Phy-12 Action potential		
42	Employ types and methods of sterilization	Fnd-S1-Phy-13 Sterilization	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	Г	Pathology		
43	Demonstrate gross and microscopic features of cellular adaptations and Necrosis	Fnd-S1-Path-3 Cell Pathology	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	F	Pharmacology		



44	Enlist different routes of drug administration Describe the merits & demerits of the different routes of drug administration	Routes of drug	Interactive	SBAs & OSPE
45	Describe drug absorption & factors affecting rate and extent of drug absorption		Lecture	SBAS & USFE

Theme 3: Body Fluids: Composition, Function & Homeostasis

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Physiology		
46	Describe the divisions of body fluids into intracellular, extracellular and intravascular compartments.	Fnd-S1-Phy-14 Body fluids	Interactive Lecture	
47	Recognize the Physiological aspects for the maintenance of homeostasis, ECF, Internal environment and role of various body systems in homeostasis.	Fnd-S1-Phy-15 Homeostasis		SBAs& OSPE
48	Explain the concepts of homeostasis and its regulation through feedback mechanism. Negative feedback, Positive Feedback, Feed-forward Stress & disease	Fnd-S1-Phy-16 Mechanisms of Homeo		
		Pharmacology		
49	Explain Bioavailability & describe factors affecting Bioavailability	Fnd-S1-Pharm-4 Bioavailability +half- life + 1st Pass Effect	Interactive	
50	Describe the distribution of a drug through various body compartments Explain clinical significance of Vd	Fnd-S1-Pharm-5 Drug Distribution & Reservoir	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
		Pathology		
51	Define cell aging Discuss events in Cellular Aging	Fnd-S1-Path-4 Cell Aging	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE

Theme 4: Macromolecules/ Fundamental tissues/systems of the Human Body

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
	Anatomy				
52	Define the divisions & functions of skeletal system. Classify bones on the basis of shape, development, region, structure and microscopic features, gross structure of adult	Fnd-S1-Ana-G5 The skeletal system (classification of bones.)	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE	



	long bone and parts of young			
53	long bone. Describe general concepts of development, ossification and blood supply of bones	Fnd-S1-Ana-G6 Bone development (ossification), Blood supply of long bones		
54	Define the joints. Classify joints on the basis of structure, regions and functions Discuss the characteristics of synovial joints and classify on basis of structure & movement	Fnd-S1-Ana-G7 The joints and its types. The synovial joints.	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
55	Define dislocation, sprain and inflammation of joints	Fnd-S1-Orth-1 Fractures	Clinical Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
56	Describe the microscopic features of epithelial tissues Explain their functional importance and their surface modifications	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-06 The Epithelium		
57	Discuss gross and microscopic features of exocrine glands	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-07 Exocrine glands		
58	Define the composition of the connective tissue. Describe and differentiate the microscopic features of the different types of the connective tissues	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-08 Histology of Connective tissue	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
59	Demonstrate histological features of cartilage. Describe the types of the cartilage.	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-09 The cartilage and its types		
60	Identify different types of the epithelia on the light microscope	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-10 Epithelium	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Physiology		1
61	Explain Physiology experiments and introduction to power-lab. Identify the indications of hand	Fnd-S1-Phy-17 Power lab		
62	washing Demonstrate the protocols and steps of hand washing insequential manner	Fnd-S1-Phy-18 Hand washing	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Biochemistry		
63	Apply the basic knowledge of carbohydrates in chemistry for health	classification and its Biochemical significance	Interactive	SBAs& OSPE
44	Describe the Biochemical structure of polysaccharides with its clinical importance	Fnd-S1-Bio-08 Monosaccharides: Classification, Structure, Functions	Lecture	ODAG& OOF E
65	Discuss functions of carbohydrates in cell membrane, energy provision	Fnd-S1-Bio-09 Chemical Properties &		



	and nutrition supply to different			
	parts of body	Monosaccharides & their Biochemical		
		significance in		
		Biological systems. Fnd-S1-Bio-10		
	Describe different isomers of	Isomerism: Structural		
66	Describe different isomers of monosaccharides e.g. Glactose,	& Optical Isomerism in		
	Mannose, Fructose, Dextrose.	carbohydrates & their Biochemical		
		significance.		
		Fnd-S1-Bio-11		
	Explain Structure of disaccharides	Glycosidic Linkage, Biologically important		
67	and oligosaccharides	disaccharides and		
		oligosaccharides		
		Fnd-S1-Bio-12		
	Describe classification of	Polysaccharides:		
68	polysaccharides and their	Classification, Structure & Functions		
	functions.	of		
	Perform Molisch's Test, Iodine	Homopolysaccharides		
69	Test, Benedict's Test to identify an	Fnd-S1-Bio-13		
09	unknown carbohydrate in a given	Molisch's Test, Iodine Test, Benedict's Test	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	fluid	Fnd-S1-Bio-14		
70	Detect carbohydrates by different			
10	tests	Barfoed's Test, Osazone Test		
		Fnd-S1-Bio-15		
	Classify amino acids on the basis of	Classification of Amino		
71	their polarity, charge & nutritional	Acids on the basis of structure, Properties,		
	significance.	Nutrition & their role in		
	Describe Develo showing	human metabolism		
	Describe Physio-chemical classification of proteins.	Fnd-S1-Bio-16 Classification of	Interactive	
72	Enumerate functional classification	Proteins on the basis	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	of proteins. Classify proteins on the basis of	of their structures, functions & chemical		
	their axial ratio.	reactions.		
	Describe the structural levels of	Fnd-S1-Bio-17		
73	proteins and their important	Structural Organization of		
	Biochemical features.	Proteins		
	Able to detect unknown amine	Fnd-S1-Bio-18		
74	Able to detect unknown amino acid/protein in a given fluid	General Tests for Proteins & Amino	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		acids		
	Discuss the significance of Lipids	Fnd-S1-Bio-22	Interactive	
75	for a balanced diet and Health	Lipids: Classification & Biochemical	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
		significance.		
76	Able to detect proteins by colour reaction tests	Fnd-S1-Bio-19 Colour Reaction Tests	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
				<u> </u>



		of Proteins			
77	Able to detect proteins by Separation tests	Fnd-S1-Bio-20 Separation Tests			
78	Able to detect proteins by precipitation tests	Fnd-S1-Bio-21 Precipitation Tests			
79	Able to detect solubility, oily nature, emulsification, saponification tests	Fnd-S1-Bio-23 Tests for Lipids			
	Pharmacology				
80	Explain Biotransformation & enlist phase I and phase II Biotransformation reactions	Fnd-S1-Phrm-6 Drug Biotransformation Phase-I Reactions	Interactive		
81	Explain Biotransformation Enlist phase I and phase II Biotransformation reactions	Fnd-S1-Phrm-7 Drug Biotransformation Phase-II reactions	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE	

Theme 5:Fundamental Tissues/Systems of the Human Body

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
82	Define the parts of the skin Define the appendages of the skin. Recognize the role of Component tissues of Skin and fascia in Support and Protection	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-08 Introduction to Integumentary system (Skin and fascia)		
83	Explain the types and functions of blood vessels. (Arteries, veins, capillaries and Anastomosis)	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-09 Blood vascular system		
84	Integrate the function of Defense with the structureof lymph nodes andlymphatic's	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-10 Introduction to lymphatic system		
85	Define the types of muscles Describe the internal structure of muscle action, nerve supply and naming of skeletal muscles Define smooth and cardiac muscles.	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-11 Definition and classification of muscles	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
86	Describe the Nervous system and classification of NS Define the central and peripheral nervous system	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-12 Introduction to Nervous System		
87	Describe the structure and the structure of the typical spinal nerve.	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-13 Formation and structure of Typical Spinal Nerve		
88	Define the autonomic nervous system. Describe the types and functions of Autonomic Nervous System.	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-14 General Concepts of Autonomic nervous system		
89	Describe the process of Gametogenesis	Gametogenesis		
90	Discuss ovulation and phases	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-3		



	and outcomes of fertilization	Ovulation Fertilization		
91	Enumerate the events of first week of development (cleavage and blastocyst formation and implantation)	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-4 The First week of development		
92	Enumerate the events of Second week of development (Formation of amniotic cavity, amnion, bilaminar embryonic disc, yolk sac, chorionic sac and primary chorionic villi)	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-5 The second week of development		
93	Recognize male & female genitalia. Describe the process of fertilization (conception).	Fnd-S1-Cli-G&O-1 Fertilization (The conception)		
		Physiology		
94	DescribethePhysiologicalConceptsand organization ofnervous system.StategeneralphysiologicalconceptsandorganizationAutonomic Nervous System	Introduction Organization of the		
95	Describe the basic Structure and function of neuron & neuroglia Describe the Excitable cells and their types(Synapse)	Fnd-S1-Phy-20 Neuron and neuroglia synaptic transmission	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
96	Definition, structure, functions and types of synapse, Properties of synapse	Fnd-S1-Phy-21 Synapses and neural integration		
	1	Pharmacology		
97	Describe drug excretion & enlist routes of drug excretion	Fnd-S1-Pharm-8 Drug Excretion	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE

Theme 6:Development, Differentiation and Growth

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
98	Explain the main events of third week of development State formation of the primitive streak, Gastrulation and notochord	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-6 Third week of development (Trilaminar germ disc)		
99	Explain formation of neural tube and somites Recognize external appearance of embryo during second month	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-7 Third week to eighth week of development (Embryonic period)		
100	Enlist the derivatives of Ectoderm and neural crest cells	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-08 Derivatives of ectodermal germ layer and neural crest cells	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
101	Enlist the derivatives of mesodermal and endodermal germ layers	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-09Derivativesofmesodermalandendodermalgermlayers		



102	Describe the development of fetus & parturition	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-10 3 rd month to birth (Fetal Period)
103	Explain the interchange of substances between maternal and fetal blood by applying the knowledge of structure and functions of placenta and fetal Membranes & clinicals	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-11 Placenta and fetal membranes
104	Describe the Ectopic pregnancy & its consequences.	Fnd-S1-CL-O&G-2 Ectopic pregnancy

Theme 7: Genetics and Developmental Anomalies

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
	•	Anatomy		
105	Define teratogenesis and the basic principles of teratogenesis. Categorize the common teratogens	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-12 Teratogenesis		
106	Explain the types of twin/ multiple pregnancies and clinical significance	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-13 Twin pregnancy	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
107	Calculate the expected date of delivery (EDD) Describe various methods used to assess fetal wellbeing	Fnd-S1-Gyn &Obs-3 The Fetal wellbeing & EDD		
		Biochemistry		
108	Enlist different types of nucleotides and their basis in genetics.	Fnd-S1-Bio-24 Structure and types of nucleotides.	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
109	Enlist different types of nucleotides and their basis in genetics	Fnd-S1-Bio-25 Structure of DNA & RNA	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
		Physiology		
110	Describe Physiological basis of gene and functions of DNA and RNA	Fnd-S1-Phy-22 DNA, Gene, Genetic code RNA,Types, codan , anti codan Fnd-S1-Phy-23 Control of gene functions	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
		Pharmacology		•
111	Explain the term Pharmacodynamics Explain the terms affinity, efficacy, intrinsic activity & potency	Fnd-S1-Pharm-09IntroductiontoDynamicsDrugReceptorsA. Relationbetweendrugconcentration&response& signalingMechanismFnd-S1-Pharm-10DrugReceptorsB.Second	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE



		messengers & & receptor regulation		
112	Describe the general mechanisms by which drugs act	Fnd-S1-Pharm-11 Factors Modifying drug action &Therapeutics Index		
113	Correlate the principles of general Pharmacology for the appropriate therapy of disorders / diseases	Fnd-S1-Pharm-12 Adverse drug reaction (ADR) Fnd-S1-Pharm-13 Teratogenic drugs		
		Pathology		
114	Define Mutation and its types. Classification of genetic disorders Define Mendelian Disorders	Fnd-S1-Path-5 Introduction to genetic disorder		
115	Describe the normal Karyotype Discuss various numerical and structural abnormalities of chromosomes	Fnd-S1-Path-6 Chromosomal aberration.	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
116	Describe causes and pathogenesis of congenital fetal abnormalities	Fnd-S1-Path-7 Congenital fetal abnormalities		



Blueprint of Assessment

Purpose of Assessment: Curriculum:			Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS Integrated Modular Curriculum									
Module:			•	tion Mod		loaiain						
Weeks	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Total hrs	Weigh tage %	Rounde d off Weight age %	Total number of Qs
Teaching hours												
Gross Anatomy	02	01	02	02	01	01	01		10	9.6	10	10
Histology	01	01	01	01		01			05	4.8	05	05
Embryology	01	01							13	12.5	12	12
Physiology	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	02	23	22.11	22	22
Biochemistry	01	01	02	01	01	01	02	01	25	25.03	25	25
Pathology		1		1	1	1	1	2	07	6.7	07	07
Pharmacology	01	02	02	01	02	02	02	01	13	12.5	12	12
Parallel subjects (CM, IT, BS, Res, BME)	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	08	7.6	07	07
Total									104		100%	100

Subject in Module	Proportion of subjects in module	Weightage	Test Ins	strument/too	Explanation		
What to assess	?		How to assess?				
			MCQs (SBAs) Level 1 & 2	OSPE stations Level 1 & 2	OSCE Level 3	Any Other	Proportion of test instruments to be used: Theory
Gross Anatomy		10	10				MCQs (SBAs)= 100 %; Practical
Embryology		05	05				OSPE=80%
Histology		12	12				OSCE= 20%
Physiology		22	22				Competency level &
Biochemistry		25	25				Learning Domain at
Pathology		07	07				Miller's Pyramid:
Pharmacology		12	12				Cognition:
Parallel subjects (CM, IT, BS, Res, BME)		07	07				Know (Level-1) & How to know (Level-2) Skills & Attitude: Show (Level-3) & Does (Level-4)
		100%	100	80%	20%		



2 HAEMATOLOGY MODULE-1

Introduction

Welcome to the **Hematology module.** This module aims to provide the basic understanding of hematopoiesis and hemostasis at the molecular level. This module is designed to learn and integrate basic knowledge of blood cells, with clinical relevance. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including more practical activities. It will deal with the basic Patho-Physiological and Pharmacological aspects of infections and chemo therapeutic agents and integrate it with clinical sciences.

The module will give the 1st year medical students, an opportunity to know the presentations and principles of management of common hematological, immunological, inflammatory and neoplastic disorders. You will be expected to think about the scenarios and participate in case-based learning sessions for clearing your concepts and better learning. It will also help you focus your attention on what you need to achieve from the Interactive Lectures, practical and tutorials that have been scheduled in this module.

Duration:

8 weeks

Learning outcomes

COGNITIVE DOMAIN:

By the end of this module, first year MBBS students shall be able to:

- Identify & describe the various cellular and non-cellular components of blood in relation to its Anatomy, Physiology &Biochemistry
- Describe structure, synthesis and degradation of Hemoglobin
- Describe the regulatory mechanisms of normal hemostasis and coagulation
- Describe the conditions associated with dysfunction of cellular and non-cellular components of blood
- Describe the basic characteristics of immune system.
- Discuss the structure, functions and Biochemical aspects of the Lympho-reticular system.
- Explain the principles and clinical significance of ABO/RH blood grouping system
- Explain the Patho-Physiology of various bleeding disorders
- Identify the role of Pharmacology in inflammation, anemia and bleeding disorders.

PSYCHOMOTOR DOMAIN

Description of the psychomotor skills to be developed and the level of performance required:

By the end of this Module, the student should be able to:

- Perform bleeding time and clotting time and to know normal values and its diagnostic importance in relation to bleeding disorders.
- Perform Blood groups typing and Rh factor.
- Perform ESR and to know its normal value and prognostic importance.
- Perform WBC counting accurately using a counting chamber.
- Identify platelets accurately in blood smears under the microscope.



Determine platelet counts using appropriate methods.

ATTITUDE AND BEHAVIOUR:

By the end of Module, the student shall gain the ability and carry responsibility to:

- Demonstrate sympathy and care to patients.
- Demostrate communication skills with sense of responsibility.
- Demonstrate good laboratory practices

Laboratory Skills (Physiology & Pathology):

By the end of Module, the students should be able to:

- Describe types & methods of sterilization
- Collect blood sample by various methods i.e. pricking method &venipuncture on dummies
- Prepare blood film & Identify and quantify different types of white blood cells on blood film
- Identify different blood groups
- Antigen-Antibody reactions in the Laboratory
- Determine hemoglobin concentration (Sahli's method)
- Laboratory diagnosis of Anemias
- Estimate bleeding time, clotting time (BT & CT)
- Laboratory diagnosis of Bleeding Disorders
- Estimate erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR by wester green method)
- Non. Neoplastic WBC Disorders
- Acute Inflammation/ Chronic inflammation
- Repair: Wound Healing
- Isolation of micro-organism/Lab diagnosis of infectious disease
- Culture Media-I & Culture Media-II

Clinical Skills:

By the end of Module, the students should be able to:

- 1. Practice history taking: patients with anemia and bleeding disorders
- 2. Define and classify polycythemia
- 3. Define and describe the different types of anemia
- 4. Describe various types of blood indices

Themes

- Theme 1: Red cell disorders (Anemia, Polycythemia)
- Theme 2: Infections & Inflammation
- Bleeding & thromboembolic disorders
- Theme 3: Theme 4: ABO & Rh-Incompatibility
- Immunological disorders Theme 5:

TOPICS WITH SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND TEACHING **STRATEGIES**

Red cell disorders (Anemia, Polycythemia) Theme 1:



S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
1	Illustrate the organization of hematopoietic tissue Enlist the sites and source of hematopoiesis before and after the birth.	Hem-S1-E1-Ana- Development of blood	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
2	Examine structure of RBC, WBC & platelets. Illustrate methods use to study blood and bone marrow cells.	Hem-S1-H1-Ana- Morphology of blood cells	Interactive Lecture/ Practical	SBAs &OSPE & OSPE
		Physiology		
3	Discuss the cellular components of blood Define hematocrit, normal values & factors affecting hematocrit	Hem-S1-Phy-1 Composition of blood & its cellular components		
4	Discuss the various stages of RBC'S formation. Discuss various sites of erythropoiesis Enlist the factors necessary for erythropoiesis. Discuss the significance of Reticulocyte count	Hem-S1-Phy-2 Development of RBCs (Erythropoiesis)	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
5	Examine hemoglobin concentration by Sahli's method	Hem-S1-Phy-3 hemoglobin concentration (Sahli's method)		OSPE & OSCE
6	Estimate erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR by wester green method)	Hem-S1-Phy-4 Estimation of erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR by wester green method)	Practical	
		Biochemistry		
7	Explain Biochemical basis for the difference in plasma & serum. Describe composition of blood & plasma protein.	Hem-S1-Bio-1 Composition of blood & plasma proteins (Specialized body fluid)		
8	Describe Chemistry& synthesis of Heme Explain structure, types & forms of Hb.	Hem-S1-Bio-2 Normal Hemoglobin	Interactive	
9	Identify abnormalities of Heme synthesis (PorPhyrias & its types).	Hem-S1-Bio-3 Abnormal Heme	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
10	Explain the Biochemical aspects of Hemoglobinpathies. (Thalassemia, sickle cell anemia)	Hem-S1-Bio-4 Abnormal Hemoglobin (Hemoglobinopathie s)		
11	Describe degradation of heme. Explain bile pigments, formation,	Hem-S1-Bio-5 Degradation of		



	types, transport & Excretion of bile.	Heme		
12	Discuss Iron Metabolism & identify its abnormalities.	HemM-S1-Bio-6 Iron Metabolism		
13	Explain the Biochemical importance of Vitamin B12 & Folic acid & their associated diseases.	Hem-S1-Bio-7 Vitamin B12 & Folic acid		
14	Describe importance of Vitamin K & E & their associated diseases.	Hem-S1-Bio-8 Vitamin K & E		
		Pathology		
15	Describe classification of Anemia Differentiate the different types of anemias on the basis of Morphology & Patho-Physiology.	Hem-S1-Path-1 Introduction of Anaemia		
16	Identify the types of nutritional Anemias Enlist causes of iron deficiency, Anemia & clinical features and Laboratory diagnosis	Hem-S1-Path-2 Iron deficiency Anemia	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
17	Enlist causes of vitamin D-12 and folate deficiency Explain the Patho-Physiology, clinical features and laboratory diagnosis.	Hem-S1-Path-3 Megaloblastic Anemia		
		Pharmacology		
18	Describe role of oral & injectable iron in iron deficiency anemia	Hem1-S1-Pharm-1	Interactive	SBAs & OSPE
19	Describe role of Vit. B12 & Folic acid in Macrocytic anemia	Hem1-S1-Pharm-2	Lecture	ODAS & OOFE

Theme 2: Infections & Inflammation

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT					
	Anatomy								
21	Discuss the embryological source of lymphoid organs	Hem-S1-E2-Ana- Development of lymphoid organs	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE					
22	Discuss the components, location & structure of lymphoid issue. Describe parts, surfaces and relations of Lymphoid organs	Hem-S1-G1-Ana- Gross features of lymphoid organs	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE					
23	Discuss the histological classification & microscopic features of lymphoid organs.	Hem-S1-H3-Ana Microscopic anatomy of lymphoid organs	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE					
24	Define histological features of spleen & lymph node.	Hem-S1-H4-Ana- Spleen & Lymph node	Practical	OSPE & OSCE					
25	Define histological features of Thymus gland & Tonsil.	Hem-S1-H5-Ana- Thymus & Tonsil							
		Physiology							
26	Describe the process of leukocyte genesis, enlist various types of	Hem-S1-Phy-5 Genesis and general	Interactive Lectures/	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE					



	granulocytes and agranulocytes, their functions & normal values Explain the significance of Reticuloendothelial system Discuss the functions of T and B lymphocytes.	characteristics, and functions of white blood cells	Small Group Discussion	
		Pathology		
	Define acute inflammation.	Hem-S1-Path-4		
27	Describe the changes systemic	Overview of acute		
21	effects & occurring in acute	and chronic	Interactive	
	inflammation.	inflammation	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	Describe causes of Neutrophilia	Hem-S1-Path-5	Leclure	
28	and Neutropenia, Eosinophilia,	Non Neoplastic		
	Lymphocytosis, Monocytosis	WBC Disorders		

Theme 3: Bleeding & thromboembolic disorders

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
		Physiology			
42	Describe the four-basic mechanism of Hemostasis, Explain the mechanism of formation of platelet plug.	Hem-S1-Phy-6 Hemostasis & role of Thrombocytes	Interactive		
43	Explain steps involved in intrinsic and extrinsic pathway for coagulation, Enlist the clotting factors, to describe the role of clotting factors in coagulation.	Hem-S1-Phy-7 Clotting cascade & bleeding disorders	Lectures/Small Group Discussion	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE	
		Biochemistry			
44	Describe importance of Vitamin K & E & their associated diseases.	Hem-S1-Bio-9 Vitamin K & E	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE	
		Pathology			
45	Discuss the different types of bleeding disorders. Discuss Quantitative & Qualitative platelets disorders Describe classification& Lab. diagnosis of haemophilia and Von Willebrand disease.	Hem-S1-Path-6 Platelet and Bleeding disorder	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE	
46	Discuss thrombosis, pathogenesis, types and fate of thrombosis.	Hem-S1-Path-7 Thrombosis			
47	Define embolism, its types and morphological features of embolism.	Hem-S1-Path-8 Embolism			
		Pharmacology			
48	Discuss the role of commonly used coagulants & anticoagulants	Hem-S1-Pharm-3	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE	

Theme 4: ABO & Rh-Incompatibility

ę	S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT			
	Physiology							



49	Describe the antigens & antibodies for A,B,AB & O blood groups Define Agglutinogen, agglutinin, and agglutination & what takes place when incompatible blood types are mixed. Identify universal donor & recipient & explain why? Enlist various Rh antigens & Rh immune response. What is erythroblastosis fetalis & how it can be prevented	Hem-S1-Phy-8 Blood groups ABO/RH system	Interactive Lectures/Small Group Discussion/ Practical	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE					
	Pathology								
50	Recognize different types of blood transfusion reaction.	Hem-S1-Path-9 Blood Transfusion	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE					

Theme 5: Immunological Disorders

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT					
	Physiology								
51	Discuss overall organization of immune system Differentiate between innate & acquired immunity, Discuss cell mediated immunity and humoral immunity, active and passive immunity.	Hem-S1-Phy-9 Immunity.	Interactive Lectures/ Small Group Discussion	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE					
		Biochemistry							
52	Define Immunoglobins. Describe chemistry, structure & their classification.	Hem-S1-Bio-10 Immunoglobins	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE					
		Pathology							
55	Define hypersensitivity Describe Pathogenesis of Type-I & II hypersensitivity reactions with examples	Hem-S1-Path-10 Hypersensitivity reaction Type I & II		SBAs & OSPE					
56	Describe type III & IV hypersensitivity reactions with examples.	Hem-S1-Path-11 Hypersensitivity reaction Type III & IV	Interactive Lecture						
58	Discuss primary immunodeficiency and its causes Discuss secondary immunodeficiency and its causes	Hem-S1-Path-12 Immunodeficiency							
		Pharmacology							
59	Associate role immunomodulating drugs in autoimmune disorders	Hem-S1-Pharm-4	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE					



Blueprint of Assessment

Purpose of Assessment: Curriculum: Module:

Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS Integrated Modular Curriculum Haematology Module -1

Weeks	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Total hrs	Weigh tage %	Rounde d off Weight age %	Total number of Qs
Teaching hours												
Gross Ana		01							01	1.01	01	01
Histology	01	01	01	01		01			05	9.2	09	09
Embryolog y	01	01							02	3.7	04	04
Physiology	01	02	01	01	01	01	01	01	10	18.5	19	19
Biochemist ry	01	01	02	01	01	01	02	01	10	18.5	19	19
Pathology	2	2	2	2	2	1	1		12	22.2	22	22
Micbio									00	00	00	00
Pharmacol ogy		01		01		01		01	04	7.4	07	07
Parallel subjects (CM, BS, IT, Mres, Prof, clinical)	01		01	01	01	01	01	01	10	18.5	19	19
Total									54		100%	100

Subject in Module	Proportion of subjects in module	Weightage	Test Ins	strument/too	Explanation		
What to assess?	?		How to assess?				
			MCQs (SBAs) Level 1 & 2	OSPE stations Level 1 & 2	OSCE Level 3	Any Other	Proportion of test instruments to be used: Theory
Gross Anatomy		01	01				MCQs (SBAs)= 100 %; Practical
Embryology		09	09				OSPE=80%
Histology		04	04				OSCE= 20%
Physiology		19	19				Competency level &
Biochemistry		19	19				Learning Domain at
Pathology		22	22				Miller's Pyramid:
Pharmacology		00	00				Cognition:
Parallel subjects (CM, IT, BS, Res, BME)		07	07				Know (Level-1) & How to know (Level-2) Skills & Attitude: Show (Level-3) & Does (Level-4)
		100%	100%	80%	20%		



3 MUSCULOSKELETAL MODULE - 1

INTRODUCTION

This exciting module will serve as building block and is very essential to your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several interactive activities.

Motility is the most important feature of life. Every living being shows locomotion in one or other form. Human locomotor system is very beautiful and well organized. Man is the only mammal that walks on two feet. So, our musculoskeletal system is well oriented to counter the effect of gravity. God Himself has said in Holly Quran that He has made man in the best of its form. Cerebral cortex, the highest center of brain causes controls various body movements by coordination of the muscles, bones, & joints.

Rationale

This module is designed to build a solid foundation regarding knowledge of the structure and function of various muscles, bones and joints. This also provides information regarding its clinical applications. It has been estimated that one in four consultations in primary care is caused by problems of the musculoskeletal system.

It is likely that individuals at some time suffer from a problem related to the musculoskeletal system, ranging from a very common problem such as osteoarthritis or back pain to severely disabling limb trauma or rheumatoid arthritis. Many musculoskeletal problems are chronic conditions as well. The most common symptoms are pain and disability, with an impact not only on individuals' quality of life but also, importantly, on people's ability to earn a living and be independent.

Throughout this module, students will have the opportunity to link basic science knowledge to clinical problems. Teaching relevant basic sciences with clinical examples will help you make connections among concepts and retain the information for later clinical education.

Duration

10 weeks

Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, the students should be able to describe, demonstrate & explain

Knowledge

- Identify and describe the anatomical structures of the upper limb and lower limb.
- Understand the relationships between muscles, bones, joints, and neurovascular structures.
- Recognize common clinical implications related to upper and limb anatomy, such as nerve compression syndromes or vascular injuries.
- Identify and describe the microscopic structures of muscles, bones, cartilages, and skin.
- Correlate microscopic features with macroscopic anatomy and clinical relevance.
- Identify common collagen disorders and their underlying pathophysiology.



- Discuss diagnostic approaches and therapeutic interventions for collagen-related disorders.
- Understand the embryological development of muscles and bones.
- Identify factors influencing fracture healing and complications.
- Understand the pathophysiology, risk factors, and management of osteoporosis.
- Explain the process of muscle contraction at the molecular level.
- Identify key proteins involved in muscle contraction and their functions.
- Understand the regulatory mechanisms controlling muscle contraction and relaxation.

Skills

- Identify different types of cartilage microscopically.
- Perform experiments to observe and measure muscle twitch and summation.
- Perform experiments to study the relationship between stimulus intensity and muscle recruitment.
- Interpret EMG data to analyze muscle function and activity patterns.
- Perform experiments to estimate calcium levels using appropriate techniques.
- Perform experiments to estimate phosphorus levels using suitable techniques.

Attitude

Follow the basic laboratory protocols

- Professionally participate in class and practical work
- Effectively communicate in a team with pears, staff and teachers
- Effectively Communicate in a team with pears and teachers.

Themes

- Theme 1: Theme 1: Pectoral region and Breast
- Theme 2: Back, Axilla and Shoulder joint
- Theme 3: Brachial Plexus and Arm
- Theme 4: Forearm, hand and carpal tunnel syndrome
- Theme 5: Anterior thigh and femoral hernia
- Theme 6: Gluteal region, hip joint and Sciatic nerve
- Theme 7: Anterior compartment of leg and compartment syndrome
- Theme 8: Posterior compartment of leg and foot

TOPICS WITH SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND TEACHING STRATEGIES

Theme 1: Pectoral region and Breast



S #	LEANING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
1	 Define different regions of the upper limb Identify various compartments of arm, forearm & hand. Define the axial and appendicular skeleton and define the girdle bones. Identify joints of the upper limb. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-1 Introduction to locomotor system & Organization of upper limb	Demonstration	SBAs,
2	 Define the pectoral region. Describe its muscles. Identify the general features and different land marks for side determination and the attachments of various muscles on clavicle. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-2 Pectoral region& the clavicle		OSPE & OSCE
3	 Discuss development of Bone Describe Intramembranous ossification Describe endochondral ossification Describe ossification of the limb bones Describe development of the joints Describe development of the cartilage 	MSK-S1-Ana-E-1 Development of skeletal system	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSCE
4	 Identify general features and different land marks for side determination and the attachments of various muscles on the Scapula. Define arrangement, attachments, neurova-scular bundle and actions of muscles of back 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-3 Scapular region (scapula bone, muscles & neurovascularBundle of back)	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE
5	Identify the bony components, type & variety & movements of sternoclavicular, acromioclavicular joints	MSK-S1-Ana-G-4 Sternoclavicular acromioclavicularJoints		
6	 Define the extent and quadrants of the breast Describe the blood supply and lymphatic drainage of breast in the female with its clinical significance. 	MSK-Ana-G-5 Anatomy of the breast	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
7	 Identify histology of mammary gland in non-lactating, lactating & during pregnancy under microscope. Identify and describe histological features of nipple and areola. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-1 Histology of breast	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
0	- Deparihe the Dhyraid Is my of	Physiology		
8	Describe thePhysiology of	MSK-S1-Phy-1		SBAs & OSPE



	Mammanygland	Physiology of broast and		
	 Mammarygland. Describe the Hormone responsible for milk production & ejection. Describe the let-down reflex (milk ejection reflex) 	Physiology of breast and lactation	Interactive	
9	 Discuss the basic relationship between vitamin D, PTH, calcium and Phosphate in relation to bone formation Describe the various cells of the bones and their function in Cahomeostasis 	MSK-S1-Phy-2 Hormones regulating calcium homeostasis	Lecture	
10	 Identify and name various parts of power lab Illustrate functions of various parts of the powerlab 	MSK-S1-Phy-P1 Introduction to Power Lab	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Biochemistry		
11	Enlist classification, functions and Biochemical significance of Heteropolysaccharides in formation of Extracellular Matrix.	MSK-S1-Bio-01 Role ofHeteropolysaccharides (Glycosaminoglycans)		
12	Explain Mucopolysacharridoses: Classification, Deficient EnzymesClinical Manifestation	MSK-S1-Bio-02 Mucopolysaccharidoses	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
13	Discuss general introduction and classification of Minerals.	MSK-S1-Bio-03 Classification of Minerals		
	Clin	ical Interactive Lecture		
14	 Define bone density and factors which are responsible to maintain bone density Define Pathogenesis and clinical course of change in bone density and conditions associated with lactation. Discuss its complications and management. Describe the Patho-Physiology of mammary gland disorders Describe the lactation reflex 	Changes in bone density with lactation MSK-S1-Paeds-1	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
15	 Describe weaning Describe the hormonal effect Student guide for complete protocol of lactation and weaning 	Breast feeding guide for medical profession		

Theme 2: Back, Axilla and Shoulder joint

S. #	LEANING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT				
	Anatomy							



16	 Describe the attachments, nerve supply and the actions of the muscles of the back. Define the effects of paralysis of these muscles Discuss the arterial anastomosis around the apapula 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-6 Muscles of back MSK-S1-Ana-G-7 Anastomosis around	- Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSPE
17	around the scapula. Explain the neurovascular bundle of scapula.	scapula & Neurovascular bundle of scapula		
18	 Enumerate bony components, type & variety, attachment of capsule and ligaments of this joint. Demonstrate various muscles & movements at the joint. Identify the factors stabilizing or weakening the shoulder joint. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-8 The Shoulder Joint	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
19	Discuss the developmental stages of skull and its clinicals	MSK-S1-Ana-E-2 Development of skull		
20	 Define the shape, location, boundaries and contents of Axilla. Discuss the formation, course and relations of axillary vessels Describe arrangement of axillary lymph nodes and their area of drainage. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-9 Axilla: Boundaries & Contents	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE
21	 Describe and draw formation of the brachial plexus. Mention different parts of brachial plexus and their location. Identify different nerves with their root values. Discuss the effects of injury to different sites of brachial plexus. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-10 Brachial Plexus	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
22	 Identify the skeletal muscle under light microscope Describe the structural basis of muscle striations. Recognize the structural elements that produces muscle contraction and brings the movement of a body part. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-2 Histology of skeletal muscle	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	Describe the distribution of	PhysiologC		
23	 calcium in thebones. Describe the mechanism by which Ca is released inblood from Bone 	MSK-S1-Phy-3 Role of Calium in bones	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
24	 Describe and classify properties of various types of muscle. Describe the structure, functions and arrangements of Myosin, 	MSK-S1-PHY-4 Properties of muscles & structure of skeletal muscles.		



	Actin, Troponin & Tropomyosin filaments			
		Biochemistry		
25	Describe sources, RDA, Absorption, transport, Functions, Clinical Aspects	MSK-S1-Bio-4 Calcium metabolism.		
26	Describe sources, RDA, Absorption, transport, Functions, Clinical Aspects	MSK-S1-Bio-5 Magnesium & Phosphorus Metabolism		
27	Describe sources, RDA, Absorption, transport, Functions, Clinical Aspects	MSK-S1-Bio-6 Vitamin D metabolism.	Interactive	SBAs & OSPE
28	Describe miscellaneous minerals: lodine, Floride, Selenium, Cobalt, Zinc, Copper	MSK-S1-Bio-7 Miscellaneous Minerals	Lecture	
29	Discuss role of Parathyroid, Calcitonin & Vitamin D	MSK-S1-Bio-8 Regulation of Calcium & PO ₄ Metabolism		
30	Discuss chemical composition of bone, remodeling and normal composition of synovial fluid.	MSK-S1-Bio-9 Chemical composition of bone		
31	Demonstrate importance of calcium as macro-mineral.RDA, Absorption, factors influencing absorption.clinical manifestation of excess and deficiency states.	MSK-S1-Bio-10 Estimation of serum calcium	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Pathology		
32	 Define Vitamin D Explain significance of vitamin D in the body Describe the different deficiency states related with vitamin D Discuss the prevention of Vitamin D Deficiency 	MSK-S1-Path-1 Vitamin D deficiency	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
		Pharmacology		
33	 Enlist various drugs used in hypocalcemia Discuss their clinical uses Explain their adverse effects 	MSK-S1-Pharm-1 Drugs used in Hypocalcemia	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE

Theme 3: Brachial Plexus and Arm

S. #	LEANING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSEMNT
		Anatomy		
34	 Explain the arrangement of different functional groups of muscles in the ant compartment of arm & their attachment Demonstrate the actions of above muscles Describe the neurovascular structures and their important relations 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-11 Humerus bone Anterior compartment of arm	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE



35	 Define cubital fossa. Discuss its boundaries Clinical correlates 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-12 Cubital fossa	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
36	 Explain arrangement of different functional groups of muscles in the post compartment arm & their attachment Demonstrate actions of muscles Describe neurovascular structures and their important relations 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-13 Posterior compartment of arm & Elbow joint	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE
37	 Identify general features of theradius & ulna. Discuss attachments of various muscles on the radius & ulna. Discuss the radioulnar joints. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-14 Radius & Ulna (radioulnar joints)		
38	 Explain arrangement of different functional groups of muscles in anterior compartment of fore-arm & their attachment. Describe neurovascular structures and their important relations 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-15 Anterior compartment of forearm	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE
39	 Explain arrangement of different functional groups of muscles in the posterior compartment of forearm & their attachment. Describe neurovascular structures and their important relations 	MSK-S1-ANA-G-16 Posterior compartment of forearm		
40	Describe ossification of vertebra ribs &sternum and its clinicals	MSK-S1-Ana-E-3Developmentofvertebra,ribs,sternum.	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
41	 Identify smooth and cardiac muscles under light microscope Describe structural basis of muscle striations & differentiate the two muscles. Recognize function and organization of the connective tissue in muscle. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-3 Histology of smooth and cardiac muscles	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Physiology		
42	 Describe general mechanism of skeletal muscle contraction. Describe molecular mechanism (sliding filament theory) of skeletal muscle contraction. Describe walk along theory-power stroke. Define motor unit, isotonic & isometric contraction 	MSK-S1-Phy-5 Mechanism & different theories of muscle contraction Types of muscle contraction	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
43	 Define neuromuscular junction (NMJ) & list the components of NMJ Explain sequence of events of 	MSK-S1-Phy-6 Neuromuscular Junction & transmission		



	neuromuscular transmission				
44	 Define end plate potential Describe excitation contraction coupling Explain myasthenia gravis 	MSK-S1-Phy-7 Excitation contraction coupling			
45	 Demonstrate Nerve conduction velocity Explain how electrical eventsare converted to mechanical events 	MSK-S1-Phy-P2 Action potential	Practical	OSPE & OSCE	
	Biochemistry				
46	Demonstrate sources, daily requirements, intestinal absorption, transport and Biochemical role andregulation of Vit-D3	MSK-S1-Bio-11 Estimation of Serum Vit.D3	Practical	OSPE & OSCE	
		Pharmacology			
47	 Enlist various drugs used in hypercalcemia Discuss their clinical uses Explain their adverse effects 	MSK-S1-Pharm-2 Drugs used in Hypercalcemia	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE	
	Clini	cal Interactive Lecture			
48	 Enlist disorders of skeletal muscle disorders and factors which are responsible to it Define Pathogenesis and clinical course of conditions associated with skeletal muscle disorders Discuss it's complications and management 	MSK-S1-Ortho-1 Disorders of voluntary muscles	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE	

Theme 4: Forearm, Hand and Carpal Tunnel Syndrome

S #	LEANING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
53	 Describe the location, destination, course & relations of arteries & their branches in upper limb. Identify and discuss the deep veins of upper limb. Describe the location, destination, course & relations of nerves & their branches in upper limb. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-17 Neuromuscular bundle of the upper limb	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE
54	 Describe the type, variety, attachment of capsule and ligaments of this joint. demonstrate various movements at this joint. Describe the structural organization of the Flexor & Extensor Retinaculum. Discuss carpal tunnel syndrome. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-18 Wrist joint	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE



55	Describe the bony arrangement of the hand.Describe the joints of the hand.	MSK-S1-Ana-G-19 Osteology of the hand and the joints of the hand.				
56	 Discuss the cutaneous supply, arteries & veins of palm of hand. define fibrous flexor sheath. Define the palmer aponeurosis, facial spaces. Describe small muscles of hand. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-20 Palm of the hand	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE		
57	 Discuss the dorsal venous arch. Describe insertion of the long extensors tendons. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-21 Dorsum of the hand				
58	 Describe different regions of lower limb. Identify the various bones forming skeleton of lower limb. Describe general arrangement of superficial & deep fasciae of lower limb Demonstrate the bones of pelvic girdle. Identify different landmarks in different regions of lower limb 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-22 Introduction to lower limb / Organization of skeleton of lower limb	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE		
59	 Identify the superficial arteries of lower limb Name and discuss superficial veins of lower limb Highlight the course of great and small saphenous vein Describe the superficial lymphatic vessels & lymph nodes of lower limb Discuss clinical correlates. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-23 Superficial veins, arteries, lymph nodes & cutaneous supply of the lower limbs	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE		
60	 Describe the development of skeletal muscle. Discuss the development of Myotomes List derivatives of Ebaxial and Primaxial divisions of myotomes 	MSK-S1-ANA-E-4 Development of skeletal muscles	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE		
61	 Classify bone on developmental and structural basis. Differentiate between woven bone and lamellar bone under microscope. Differentiate between compact bone and spongy bone under microscope. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-4 Histology of bones	Practical	OSPE & OSCE		
	Physiology					
62	 Demonstrate SMT on power lab What are the different periods of SMT & their duration? Demonstrate the phenomenon of fatigue & Tetanus 	MSK-S1-Phy-P3 Muscular twitch response	Practical	OSPE & OSCE		
63	Describe types of muscle fibers	MSK-S1-Phy-8		SBAs & OSPE		



	 (type I and II) Determine effect of exercise on muscle blood flow State effect of training, stamina and resistance on muscle fibers 	Muscle adaptation to exercise	Interactive	
	• State Hypoxia, muscle Fatigue during exercise and, its Biochemical reasons.		Lecture	
64	Explain aerobic and anaerobic exercise and effect of exercise on muscles.	MSK-S1-Phy-9 Role of muscle in exercise		
		Biochemistry		
65	Describe the Collagen Structure and synthesis, Types, Role of vitamin C in synthesis of Collagen	MSK-S1-Bio-12 Collagen Structure and synthesis	Interactive	SBAs & OSPE
66	Brief overview of inherited Collagen Disorders and their clinical manifestation	MSK-S1-Bio-13 Overview of inherited Collagen disorders	Lecture	JEAS & OOF L
67	Estimation, RDA, Effects, regulation and clinical manifestation of excess and deficiencies.	MSK-S1-Bio-14 Estimation of serum phosphorus	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	1	Pharmacology		
68	 List the drugs used in the treatment of osteoporosis Explain their mode of action Explain their Pharmacokinetics State the side effects of these drug 	MSK-S1-Pharm-3 Drugs used in Osteoporosis	Interactive	
69	 Classify different muscle relaxants. Discuss mechanism of their action Explain clinical uses and their adverse effects 	MSK-S1-Pharm-4 Drugs used as Skeletal muscle relaxant	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	Clini	cal Interactive Lecture		
70	 Define of osteoporosis Describe generalized and localized osteoporosis Enlist primary & secondary causes of generalized osteoporosis Define Pathogenesis and clinical course Discuss it's complications and management 	MSK-S1-Ortho-2 Clinical manifestation of Osteoporosis	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE

Theme 5: Anterior thigh and femoral hernia Theme 6: Gluteal region, hip joint and Sciatic nerve

S. #	LEANING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
71	 Identify parts of the hip bone. Determine side of the bone. Describe general features of each part of hip bone. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-24 Hip bone + Femur	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE



Identify the bone.			
Determine the side of the bone.			
 Describe the anatomical position of the bone. 			
 Discuss division of the thigh into compartments Enumerate muscles of the anterior compartment of thigh and their respective actions. Describe the innervation and blood supply of muscles of anterior compartment. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-25 Anterior compartment of thigh		
 Describe the Femoral triangle, its boundaries and contents. 73 Discuss femoral sheath and its contents and the clinical conditions associated. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-26 Femoral triangle	Interactive	
 Describe development of smooth and cardiac muscle. Discuss development of Myotomes Enlist derivatives of epaxial and hypaxial divisions of myotomes 	MSK-S1-Ana-E-5 Development of smooth & cardiac muscles	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
 Discuss muscles of medial compartment of the thigh. Discuss blood & nerve supply of these muscles. Describe actions of the muscles of medial compartment of thigh. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-27 Medial compartment of thigh	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSPE
 Describe location of gluteal region. Discuss about bones and ligaments of gluteal region. Discuss muscles of the gluteal region & their respective actions. Discuss nerves and blood vessels of the gluteal region. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-28 The Gluteal region	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE
 Describe articular surfaces of the hip joint along with capsular attachment Enumerate ligaments of the hip joint & describe their attachments. Discuss clinical correlates 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-29 Hip joint	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
 78 Identify different types of cartilage under light Microscope. Define distinctive microscopic features of each type. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-5 Histology of Hyaline Cartilage	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	Physiology		
 Describe role of skin in homeostasis 79 Describe the function of skin Describe medico-legal importance of the skin 	MSK-S1-Phy-12 Physiology of Skin	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	Biochemistry		



80	Describe metabolic pathway for synthesis of purines and pyrimidines	MSK-S1-Bio-15 Metabolic pathway for synthesis of purines and pyrimidines	Interactive	
81	Discuss in detail metabolic pathways for nucleic acids degradation. Inherited associated disorders. Uric acid metabolic disorders.	MSK-S1-Bio-16 Metabolic pathways for nucleic acids degradation and related disorders.	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
82	Demonstrate the methods to estimate the serum uric acid.	MSK-S1-Bio-17 Estimation of serum uric acid	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
Pharmacology				
83	 Classify the drugs Describe their general properties. Explain mechanism of action. State their actions in general. 	MSK-S1-Pharm-5 Drugs used in Osteoporosis	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
		Pathology		
84	 Mention types of arthritis Define Osteoarthritis& Rheumatoid arthritis Describe their clinical features 	MSK-S1-Path-2 Arthritis	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	Clinic	al Interactive Lecture		
85	Explain clinical manifestations of arthritis	MSK-S1-Ortho-3 Clinical manifestation of Arthritis	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE

Theme 7:Anterior Compartment of Leg and CompartmentSyndrome

S #	LEANING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
86	 Describe muscles of posterior compartment of thigh. Describe arterial supply of posterior compartment of thigh. Discuss trochanteric and cruciate anastomosis at back of thigh. Describe venous drainage of this region. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-30 Post: compartment of thigh + popliteal fossa	Domonstration	SBAs, OSPE &
87	 Describe anatomical position of the bone. Identify the bone and its side determination. Mark attachment of muscles and ligaments. Describe the nerve injuries related to it. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-31 Tibia & fibula	Demonstration	OSCE
88	 Discuss site and time of appearance of upper and lower limb buds. Define source of mesoderm forming the limb muscles 	MSK-S1-Ana-E-6 Development of Limbs & its clinical 1	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE



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89	 Discuss formation of different compartments of leg. Explain arrangement of the muscles in anterior compartments of leg and their actions. Describe neurovasculature of these compartments of leg. Identify bones forming the architecture of foot. Discuss joints formed by these bones. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-32 Anterior compartment of leg & dorsum of foot	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE
90	 Explain arrangement of the muscles in lateral compartments of leg and their actions. Describe the neurovasculature of these compartments of leg Discuss clinical correlates like compartment syndrome of leg. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-33 Lateral compartment of leg & tibiofibular joint		
91	 Describe articular surfaces of the knee joint along with capsular attachment. Describe ligaments & bursa of the knee joint and discuss their attachments. Describe movements of the knee joint. (locking & unlocking mechanism) 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-34 Knee joint	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
92	 Identify different types of cartilage under light Microscope. Define distinctive microscopic features of each type. 	MSK-S1-Histo-6 Histology of elastic and fibrous cartilage	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Biochemistry		
93	 Demonstrate principals and types of chromatography. Interpretation of clinical conditions and investigations related to use in chromatography. 	MSK-S1-Bio-18 Chromatography	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Pharmacology		
94	 Classify the drugs Describe their general properties. Explain the mechanism of action. State their actions in general. 	MSK-S1-Pharm-6 Drugs used in Rheumatoid Arthritis	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
95	 Classify the drugs Describe their general properties. Explain the mechanism of action. State their actions in general. 	MSK-S1-Pharm-7 Drugs used in Gout	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE

Theme 8: Posterior compartment of leg and foot

S #	LEANING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT			
	Anatomy						
96	• Explain arrangement of the muscles in posterior compartment of leg.		Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE			
s shill				4.4			



	 Describe nerve supply of these muscles. 			
	 Explain actions of the muscles of 			
	posterior compartment.			
	 Discuss clinical correlates. 			
	• Describe the architecture of			
97	arches of foot and the factors responsible for their maintenance.	MSK-S1-Ana-G-36 Skeleton of foot &		
97	Identify the bones forming these arches.Describe the function of the	arches of foot		
	Describe the function of the arches of foot.			
-	• Discuss the hand plate and			
	formation of digital rays resulting			
98	into digitsDescribe the muscles involved in	MSK-S1-Ana-E-7	Interactive	SBAs & OSPE
90	 Describe the muscles involved in and process of rotation of limb 	Development of Limbs & its clinical 2	Lecture	SDAS & USFE
	 Explain the congenital anomalies 			
	of the limbs			
	Describe the Ankle Joint.	MSK-S1-Ana-G-37		
99	Describe Superior and Inferior Tibiofibular laints	Ankle ,subtalar & small		
	Tibiofibular Joints.Identify the bones forming	joints of foot		
	architecture of sole of foot.			
100	• Discuss the joints formed by	MSK-S1-Ana-G-38		
100	these bones.	Sole of foot		
	Describe clinical correlates like			
	flat foot and club foot.Explain different nerve of lower			SBAs, OSPE &
	limb and their root value.		Demonstration	OSCE
	 Discuss causes of injuries. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-39		
101	Enumerate common sites of	Neurovascular bundle		
	these nerve injuries	of lower limb		
	 Discuss symptoms caused by these nerve injuries. 			
	 Discuss the blood supply and 			
102	nerve supply of sole of foot.	MSK-S1-Ana-G-40		
102	• Describe vascular and nervous	Neurovascular bundle of foot		
	supply of dorsum of foot.			
	 Describe development of musculoskeletal system. 	MSK-S1-Ana-E-8		
	 Discuss development of 	Overview of		
103	Myotomes	Embryological		
103	• List derivatives of epaxial and	development of		
	hypaxial divisions of myotomes	musculoskeletal	Interactive	SBAs & OSPE
	 Describe the development of bones joints & cartilage 	system	Lecture	
	 bones, joints & cartilage Describe layers of the skin. 			
404	 Discuss layers of the Epidermis. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-7		
104	Describe appendages of skin.	Microscopic anatomy of the Skin		
	Discuss the functions of the skin.			
105	 Identify three layers of skin under light microscope 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-8 Histology of skin	Practical	OSPE & OSCE



106	 Describe structural basis & elements of skin. Recognize function and organization of connective tissue in skin Identify three layers of skin under light microscope Describe structural basis & elements of skin. Recognize the function and organization of connective tissue in skin 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-9 Histology of skin appendages		
	Pharma	acology		
107	 Classify different Nicotinic blocking agents Discuss mechanism of their action Explain clinical uses and adverse effects 	MSK-S1-Pharm-8 Nicotinic receptor agonists	Interactive	SBAs & OSPE
108	 Classify different Nicotinic blocking agents Discuss mechanism of their action Explain clinical uses and adverse effects 	LMS-S1-Pharm-9 Nicotinic receptor antagonists	Lecture	
	Clinic	al Interactive Lecture		
109	 Define terms related to fracture: Stress Fracture, Incomplete fracture, Closed (simple fracture), Open (complicated) fracture, multi- fragmented fractures, complex fracture, Pathologic fractures Describe mechanism of bone healing Enlist complications of fracture Describe etiology & Pathogenesis of Pathologic fractures. 	Fractures/Dislocations	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
		Pathology		
110	 Classify different types of osteomyelitis List factors leading to their etiology Explain its pathogenesis 	MSK-S1-Path-3 Osteomyelitis	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE



Blueprint of Assessment Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS

Purpose of Assessment:	
Curriculum:	
Module:	

Integrated Modular Curriculum Musculoskeletal Module -1

Modu	ile:			Muscul	oskeleta	I Modul	e -1							
Weeks	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week10	Total hrs	Weigh tage %	Rounde d off Weight age %	Tota I num ber of Qs
Teaching hours														
Gross Ana	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	40	35.39	35	35
Histology	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	00	09	7.96	8	8
Embryol ogy	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	00	00	08	7.07	7	7
Physiolo gy	02	01	03	01	01	01	01	01			12	10.61	11	11
Biochemi stry	02	02	02	02	02	01	02	02	02	01	18	15.92	16	16
Patholog v		01		01		01					03	2.65	3	3
Pharmac ology		01	01	02	01	02	01	01			09	7.96	8	8
Parallel subjects (CM, BS, IT, Mres, Prof, clinical)	01		01	01	01	01	01	01			14	12.38	12	12
Total											113		100%	100

Subject in Module	Proportion of subjects in module	Weightage	Test Instrument/tool/r	method			Explanation
What to assess?			How to assess?				
			MCQs (SBAs) Level 1 & 2	OSPE stations Level 1 & 2	OSCE Level 3	Any Other	Proportion of test instruments to be used: Theory
Gross Anatomy		35	35	01			MCQs (SBAs)= 100 %;
Embryology		8	8	01			Practical
Histology		7	7	01			OSPE=80%
Physiology		11	11	03			OSCE= 20%
Biochemistry		16	16	03			
Pathology		3	3	01			Competency level &
Pharmacology		8	8	01			Learning Domain at
Parallel subjects (CM, IT, BS, Res, BME)		12	12	01			Miller's Pyramid: Cognition: Know (Level-1) & How to know (Level-2) Skills & Attitude: Show (Level-3) & Does (Level-4)
		100%	100%	80%	20%		



Introduction

Welcometothecardiovascularabnormalities'module.Thisexcitingmodulewillbeverynecessaryto your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including interactive activities.

During this module, students will be encouraged to learn the structure and function of the cardiovascular system in an integrated manner i.e. subjects such as Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry, will be learned and assessed together (Horizontal Integration). We will also help you learn the basic sciences in a way that is relevant to their clinical applications (Vertical Integration). By adopting this approach, we are preparing you better for your future work as doctor, where patients will come to you with problems that are not categorized by discipline name.

In order to help you learn in an integrated manner, we have updated the learning of basic sciences around a few key health-related situations (real life situations), which you are likely to encounter as first year medical students. You will be expected to think about the scenarios and participate in case based learning sessions for clearing your concepts and better learning. It will also help you focus your attention on what you need to achieve from the Interactive Lectures, practical and tutorials that have been scheduled during this module.

Rationale

An overall aim of this module is to help you form a cognitive base for understanding pathogenesis of cardiovascular diseases as they are major cause of morbidity and mortality. (Cardiovascular diseases module – Third-year) & practice of cardiovascular medicine (final-year clinical rotation). The module will prepare you for your future work in the medical course that will include learning in relation to the assessment and promotion of cardiovascular health and management of range of cardiovascular disease.

Duration

5 weeks

Learning Outcomes

By the end of this foundation module, the students should be able to:

Knowledge:

At the end of this module, the students will be able to:

- Describe the components of the cardiovascular system by learning and applying the relevant basic sciences.
- Apply the knowledge to a few common real-life situations (Hypertension, Myocardial Infarction and Shock) to explain how the anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry are altered in the given situation.
- Describe the anatomy of the different parts of the cardiovascular system in detail.
- Describe the development and anomalies of the cardiovascular system.



- Define and identify the microscopic features of the cardiovascular system.
- Describe the functions of the cardiovascular system.
- Enlist pathologies involving cardiovascular system.

Clinical/ Practical skills

Measuring blood pressure using Sphygmomanometer with correct technique and interpretation of its values and calculation of mean arterial pressure.

Identification of areas on the chest for auscultation of the heart sounds.

Placing electrodes and obtaining an electrocardiogram and interpretation of the basic ECG findings.

Identificationofcardiactissuesandbloodvesselsunderthemicroscopewithpointsof Identification. (Students are required to draw and label microscopic sections of cardiovascular components in histology journal. The journal will be assessed during end-module examination).

Attitude:

- Follow the basic laboratory protocols.
- Professionally participate in class and practical work
- Effectively communicate in a team with pears, staff and teachers
- Effectively Communicate in a team with pears and teachers.

Themes

- Theme 1: Arrhythmias and Myocardial Infarction
- Theme 2: Congenital anomalies of Cardiovascular System
- Theme 3: Hypertension
- Theme 4: Heart Failure



TOPICS WITH SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND TEACHING STRATEGIES

Theme 1: Arrhythmias, Myocardial Infarction

			TEACHING	
S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
	Δηρ	tomy	UNALOI	
1	 Define the middle mediastinum. Explain location and contents of the middle mediastinum. Discuss fibrous and serous parts of the pericardium. Define pericardial sinuses and nerve supply of the pericardium. Discuss related clinical conditions. 	CVS-S1-Ana-G-1 Middle Mediastinum and The Pericardium	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
2	 Define Anatomical position of the heart. Identify and name structures constituting the borders and surfaces of the heart. Define the external features of the Chambers of the heart. 	CVS-S1-Ana-G-2 Anatomy of the Heart-1		
3	 Describe Internal features of each chamber of heart. Discuss the related clinical conditions. 	CVS-S1-Ana-G-3 Anatomy of the Heart-2	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE
4	 Describe composition of the walls and the skeleton of the heart. Describe conducting system of the heart. Discuss related clinical conditions. 	CVS-S1-Ana-G-4 Structure of the heart and The Conducting system of the Heart		
5	Identify the histological features of heart; endocardium, myocardium, epicardium on light microscope.	CVS-S1-Ana-H-1 Histology of the Heart	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	Physi	ology		
6	 Describe components/parts of CVS and their functions Define systemic and pulmonary circulation Mention distribution of blood (in percentage of total blood) in different parts of the circulatory system Mention pressures in various portions of the circulatory system 	CVS-S1-Phy-1 Overview of CVS	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
7	 Mention three major types of muscle Describe properties of cardiac muscle (Functional syncytium, Automaticity, Rhythmicity, Conductivity, Long refractory period) Describe cardiac muscle action potential Discuss mechanism of excitation contraction coupling in cardiac muscle 	CVS-S1-Phy-2 Properties of cardiac muscle	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE



10	 Mention introduction of isoenzymes Discuss diagnostic significance of isoenzymes 	significance of Isoenzymes in cardiovascular disorders	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	Patho			
10	Discuss diagnostic significance of	Diagnostic significance of Isoenzymes in cardiovascular		SBAs & OSPE
	Bioche	CVS-S1-Bio-1		
	Intertation the uses/indications of ECG Bioche	emistrv		
09	 electrocardiography Describe the waves, intervals and segments of a normal electrocardiogram (ECG) Mention the uses/indications of ECG 	CVS-S1-Phy-4 Electrocardiogram(ECG)		
	 significance Describe the effect of ANS on the functioning of conducting system of the heart Define electrocardiogram and 		Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
08	 conducting system of the heart and their functions Explain action potential and rhythmicity of sinus nodal fibers Describe origin and spread of cardiac impulse Mention AV nodal delay and its significance 	CVS-S1-Phy-3 Excitatory and Conducting system of the heart	Interactive	

Theme 2:Congenital Anomalies of Cardiovascular System

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
	Anat	omy		
13	 Describe development of cardiogenic field and heart tube. Enumerate the derivatives of heart tube. Define formation of cardiac looping and dextrocardia and how sinus venous and cardiac septa formed. 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-1 Development of the heart tube	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE



14 15 16	 Explain atrial and interatrial septum development. Explain ventricles and Inter-ventricular septum development. Enlist common congenital anomalies of heart chambers. Explain How atria and interatrial septum develops? How ventricles and Inter-ventricular septum develops? What are the common congenital anomalies of heart chambers? Describe septa formation in bulbus cordis and truncus arteriousis. Enlist congenital heart defects; transposition of great vessels, PDA, PTA 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-2 Development of the heart chambers and their septa -1 CVS-S1-Ana-E-3 Development of the heart chambers and their septa -2 CVS-S1-Ana-E-4 Development of septa in truncus arteriosus , valves and conducting system		
17	 Describe the microscopic features of the arteries Identify the different types of arteries 	CVS-S1-Ana-H-2 Histology of the Arteries	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	Phys	iology		
18	 Define cardiac cycle Mention duration of cardiac cycle and its relation with heart rate Describe sequence of events of cardiac cycle Mention pressure changes that occur during each cardiac cycle Describe the relationship of the electrocardiogram to mechanical events of cardiac cycle Mention pressure changes in atria Define JVP and mention its clinical importance Define EDV, ESV and Stroke volume Define ejection fraction and mention its clinical importance Define preload and afterload 	CVS-S1-Phy-5 Cardiac cycle and its mechanical events-I CVS-S1-Phy-6 Cardiac cycle and its mechanical events-II	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
20	 Define preioad and alterioad Describe functions of heart valves Mention normal heart sounds and explain their production Define heart murmur Mention the timing of the murmur produced by valvular defects and congenital heart diseases Explain the hemodynamic changes in various valvular heart diseases Define Ohm's law of circulation Describe main factors that determine vascular resistance Define total peripheral vascular resistance and total pulmonary vascular resistance 	CVS-S1-Phy-7 Heart valves, heart sounds and murmurs CVS-S1-Phy-8 Interrelationship among blood flow, pressure and resistance		



	Mention Poiseuille's law								
	Biochemistry								
22	Describe different aspects related to fatty acids and their clinical significance in the CVS diseases	CVS-S1-Bio-2 Fatty acids	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE					
	Patho	ology							
23	Define aneurysm Classification of aneurysm What are the true and false aneurysms with their examples Pathogenesis of aneurysm	CVS-S1-Path-2 Congenital anomalies of blood vessels	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE					
24	 Define congenital heart disease. Describe etiopathogenesis. Discuss clinical features 	CVS-S1-Path-3 Congenital heart disease.	Lecture						
	Paediatrics								
25	Describe the Hemodynamic changes in various congenital heart diseases including; Mitral Stenosis Mitral regurgitation Stenosis Aortic regurgitation	CVS-S1-Paeds-I Congenital heart diseases	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE					

Theme 3: Hypertension

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
	Anat			
26	 Describe the arterial supply and venous drainage of heart. Describe the branches of major arteries and their distribution. Define the nerve supply of the heart. Describe the cardiac plexus. 	CVS-S1-Ana-G-5 Blood and nerve supply of the Heart		
27	 Discuss development of arterial system; aortic arches, umbilical, vitelline and coronary arteries Name the common congenital anomalies of arteries? 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-5 Development of arterial system of heart	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
28	 Discuss development of venous system; cardinal veins, umbilical and vitelline. Name the common congenital anomalies of venous system? 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-6 Development of venous system of heart		
29	Describe the microscopic structure of the veins	CVS-S1-Ana-H-3 Histology of veins	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	Physi	ology		
30	 Mention the specific needs of the tissues for blood flow Define local blood flow Describe acute/short-term control of local blood flow Describe long-term control of local blood flow Explain the auto-regulation of blood flow 	CVS-S1-Phy-9 Control of local blood flow	Practical	OSPE & OSCE



	 capillary wall Explain flow of blood in capillaries Define vasomotion Define Starling forces and give their 	Capillary fluid exchange		
31	 approximate values Describe role of Starling forces in fluid exchange across the capillary wall List the functions of lymphatics Define edema and explain the pathoPhysiological basis for edema (i.e. increased capillary hydrostatic pressure, hypoalbuminemia, increased capillary permeability and lymphatic obstruction) 			
32	 Describe vasomotor center, its important areas and functions Define vasomotor tone Describe role of sympathetic nervous system in regulation of circulation Describe role of parasympathetic nervous system in regulation of circulation 	CVS-S1-Phy-11 Nervous regulation of circulation		
33	 Define systolic blood pressure, diastolic blood pressure, pulse pressure and mean arterial pressure Mention important factors on which blood pressure depends List various mechanisms that regulate/control blood pressure Describe role of baroreceptor reflex in regulation of blood pressure 	CVS-S1-Phy-12 Blood pressure and its Regulation-I (Baroreceptor reflex mechanism)		
		emistry		
34	Explain the metabolism and function of cholesterol and its clinical significance in CVS diseases	CVS-S1-Bio-3 Cholesterol	Interactive	
35	Describe the prostaglandins & leukotriens, their synthesis and general functions.	CVS-S1-Bio-4 Prostaglandins and Leukotriens	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
36	Demonstrate the estimation of the serum cholesterol	CVS-S1-Bio-P1 Serum Cholesterol estimation	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	Pharma	cology		
37	To describe the Physiological targets of drugs used in systemic hypertension.	CVS-S1-Pharm-1 Introduction to targets of drugs used in hypertension	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	Medicine (C	Cardiology)		
38	 Define hypertension. List the causes of hypertension. Describe the pathogenesis of hypertension. Explain the compensatory measures that maintain the blood pressure on rising 	CVS-S1-Cardio-2 Hypertension	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE



	from supine positions.		
•	Explain the Physiological basis of the		
	treatment principles in hypertension		

Theme 4: Heart Attack

S. #	LEARNINGOBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
	An	atomy		
39	Identify different chambers/structures of the heart.	CVS-S1-Ana-G-6 Model study of heart	Demonstration	SBAs &
40	Identify different chambers/structures of the heart.	CVS-S1-Ana-G-7 Model study of heart	Demonolicitation	OSPE & OSCE
41	 Describe circulatory changes before and after birth. Name the adult derivatives of embryonic structures? 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-7 Circulation before and after birth	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
42	Identify the capillaries with the help of light microscope.	CVS-S1-Ana-H-4 Histology of capillaries	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	Phys	siology		
43	 Explain renal-body fluid system and its role in arterial pressure control Describe Renin-Angiotensin system and its role in arterial pressure control 	CVS-S1-Phy-13 Blood pressure and its regulation-II (Role of kidneys in long-term control of blood pressure)		
44	 Define cardiac output and mention its relationship to stroke volume & heart rate Describe factors regulating cardiac output Describe Frank-Starling mechanism of heart 	CVS-S1-Phy-14 Cardiac output and venous return		
45	 Mention some pathological conditions that cause high cardiac output Mention some pathological conditions that cause low cardiac output Mention methods of measurement of cardiac output Define venous return and mention factors that affect/regulate venous return Describe central venous pressure 	CVS-S1-Phy-15 Cardiac output and venous return	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
46	 Define circulatory shock Describe causes and major types of shock Mention stages of shock Describe Physiology of non-progressive and progressive hemorrhagic shock 	CVS-S1-Phy-16 Circulatory shock		
47	 Mention compensatory mechanisms that attempt to return cardiac output and arterial pressure back to normal in a hemorrhagic shock (hypovolemic shock) 	CVS-S1-Phy-17 Circulatory shock		



	 Mention factors that lead to progression of shock (i.e. factors worsening the shock) Describe the Physiological basis of treatment of circulatory shock To record pulse rate manually & on power lab To record blood pressure manually & on 	CVS-S1-Phy-18 Pulse rate, blood pressure, ECG		
48	 power lab To record ECG on ECG machine & power lab To auscultate heart sounds 	recording on power lab. and ECG machine	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	Bioch	nemistry		
49	Discuss lipoproteins' metabolism and their clinical significance in CVS diseases	CVS-S1-Bio-5 Lipoproteins	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
50	Interpret lipid profile and its significance	CVS-S1-Bio-P2 Lipid Profile	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	Pati	hology		
51	 Define shock Enlist types of shock Describe causes, patho-physiology, signs and symptoms of shock 	CVS-S1-Path-4 Shock	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	Medicine	(Cardiology)		
52	 Define heart failure. Explain the Physiological basis of common clinical manifestations of heart failure. Describe different types of the heart failure. Describe hemodynamic, neuroendocrine and cellular changes that occur in heart failure. Describe Physiological basis of treatment principles in heart failure. 	CVS-S1-Cardio-3 Heart failure	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE



Blueprint of Assessment Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS

Purpose of Assessment: Curriculum: Module:

Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS Integrated Modular Curriculum CVS Module -1

S. No	Subject	Week-	Week-	Week-	Week-	Week-5	Total	Weightage	Weightag	Total
		1	2	3	4			%	e after	Number of
									Rounding	Questions
										(100)
	Gross Anatomy	02	02	01	05	01	07	12.96	13	13
	Embryo	01	02	02	01	01	07	12.96	13	13
	Histo	01	01	01	01	00	04	7.40	07	07
	Physiology	04	04	03	04	03	18	33.33	33	33
	Biochemistry	01	01	01	02	02	07	12.96	13	13
	Pharmacology	00	00	00	01	00	01	1.85	02	02
	Pathology	01	01	00	01	01	04	7.40	07	07
	Parallel subjects (CM, IT, BS, Res, BME)	02	02	02	02	01	06	11.11	11	11
	TOTÁL						54		100%	100

Subject in Module	Proportion of subjects in module	Weightage	Test Instrument/to	ol/method			Explanation
What to assess?			How to assess?				
			MCQs (SBAs) Level 1 & 2	OSPE stations Level 1 & 2	OSCE Level 3	Any Other	Proportion of test instruments to be used: Theory
Gross Anatomy		13	13	01			MCQs (SBAs)=
Embryology		13	13	01			100 %; Practical
Histology		07	07	01			OSPE=80%
Physiology		33	33	03			OSCE= 20%
Biochemistry		13	13	03			Competency level & Learning Domain at
Pathology		02	02	01			Miller's Pyramid:
Pharmacology		07	07	01			Cognition: Know (Level-1 &
Parallel subjects (CM, IT, BS, Res, BME)		11	11	01			How to know (LevelC2) Skills & Attitude: Show (Level-3) & Does (Level-4)
		100%	100%	80%	20%		



Introduction

This exciting module will serve as building block and is very essential to your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several interactive activities. An understanding of the structure of the chest wall and the diaphragm is essential if one has to understand the normal movements of the chest wall. Contained within the protective thoracic cage are the important life sustaining organs, such as lungs, Heart and the major blood vessels. Although the chest wall is strong; blunt or penetrating wounds can injure the soft organs. Flail chest (stove-in chest) is an extremely painful injury and impairs ventilation, thereby affecting oxygenation of the blood. This module will explain the Patho-Physiology of all the related conditions.

Rationale

There is a high prevalence of respiratory diseases in our community which may leads to increased morbidity and mortality. A practitioner can only be able to deal with the patients suffering from the respiratory diseases when he/she has the basic concepts regarding the structural and functional knowledge of respiratory system. Acute respiratory infections, like pneumonia are critical for children, older adults and people with immune system disorders. For the management certain respiratory diseases, oxygen administration and artificial ventilation are required, hence it is better to explain the students on these topics in earlier years. Smoking is high risk factor for the development of COPD and lung cancer; therefore, its Patho-Physiology is important to learn. Respiratory module is designed in such a way that a student can understand structure, functions, pathogenesis, prescriptions including drug prescription and can educate the community regarding prevention of diseases and promotion of health.

Duration

5 weeks

Learning Outcomes

Knowledge:

At the end of this module, the students will be able to:

- Describe the development and anomalies of the respiratory system.
- Define and identify the microscopic features of the respiratory system
- Describe the anatomy of the different parts of the respiratory system in detail
- Describe the functions of the respiratory system
- Interpret the Biochemical changes in the body related to the respiratory system
- Explain obstructive and restrictive pathologies involving respiratory system
- Describe the management of the respiratory diseases

Psychomotor Skills

- Microscopic identification of the different parts of the respiratory system.
- Perform the spirometry & plot a graph of lung volume
- Perform the cardiopulmonary resuscitation(CPR)
- Analysis of general properties of lipids



- Application of pH meter
- Interpretation of ABGs, PFT
- Perform clinical examination of the respiratory system

Attitude

- Communicate effectively in a team with pears, staff and teachers
- Demonstrate professionalism and ethical values in dealing with patients, cadavers, pears, staff and teachers.
- Communicate effectively in a team with pears and teachers.
- Demonstrate the ability to reflect on the performance.

Themes

- Theme 1: The Chest / Thoracic wall and trauma
- Theme 2: Airways and their conditions or diseases
- Theme 3: Lung parenchyma & interstitium and the related diseases

TOPICS WITH SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND TEACHING STRATEGIES

Theme 1: The Chest/ Thoracic Wall and Trauma

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	Assessment
		Anatomy		
1	 Define anatomical classification of the respiratory system. Define structure of the thoracic cage & wall. Define thoracic inlet & thoracic outlet. Discuss thoracic outlet syndrome. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-1 General introduction of the Respiratory system and Anatomy of the thorax	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
2	 Define general features of the sternum. Define general features of the ribs. Differentiate typical and atypical ribs. Define costal cartilages. Discuss attachment of various muscles. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-2 Osteology of the Ribs and the Sternum	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE
3	 Define general features of the thoracic vertebra. Differentiate typical and atypical thoracic vertebrae. Discuss joints of the thoracic walls. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-3 Osteology of the thoracic vertebrae		USUL



4	 Define three morphological layers of the muscles of the thoracic wall. Define intercostal spaces. Define endothoracic fascia. Discuss suprapleural membrane. Define intraembryonic mesoderm 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-4 Muscles of the thoracic wall and intercostal spaces		
5	 and its parts. Discuss divisions of lateral plate mesoderm into visceral and parietal layers. Define extent of intraembryonic coelom and its divisions. Discuss formation of the pleuropericardial and pleuroperitoneal membranes. 	RESP-S1-Ana-E-1 Formation of the intraembryonic cavity , Serous membranes and thoracic cavity	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
6	 Discuss steps of development of diaphragm from its composite embryonic derivatives. Discuss anomalies related with its development. 	RESP-S1-Ana-E-2 Development of the diaphragm		
7	 Describe histological features of different layers of Trachea. Identify tracheal epithelium and other microscopic features of the trachea with help of light microscope. 	RESP-S1-Ana-H-1 Histology of the Trachea	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Physiology		
8	 Describe overview of respiration Describe parts and functions of respiratory tract Define pulmonary ventilation 	RESP-S1-Phy-1 Overview of respiratory tract, functions		
9	 Describe mechanics of pulmonary ventilation and muscles of respiration Describe changes in the lung volume, alveolar pressure, pleural pressure & Transpulmonary pressure & its changes during respiration. Discuss alveolar ventilation & dead space also describe cough & sneezing reflexes 	RESP-S1-Phy-2 The mechanics of breathing	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
10	 Define lung compliance & list factors affecting lung compliance Describe composition & role of surfactant in maintaining the alveolar stability & infant respiratory distress syndrome Differentiate compliance work, tissue resistance work & airway resistance work 	RESP-S1-Phy-3 Lung compliance & work of breathing and surfactant		



11	 Define pulmonary volumes & capacities with their normal values & significance in pulmonary function test. Discuss alveolar ventilation & dead space Record effect of respiration during sitting & standing of young adult on power lab & plot a graph. Record the effect of swallowing & deglutition on respiration in healthy adult on power lab & plot a graph 	RESP-S1-Phy-4 Lung volumes & capacities RESP-S1-Phy-5 Respiratory adaptations during standing, sitting and swallowing on power lab	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Biochemistry		
13	Concept of pH, Buffers & their mechanism of action, Types of Buffers in humans	RESP-S1-Bio-1 Concept of pH, Buffers & their mechanism of action, Types of Buffers in humans		
14	 Describe the acid base balance. Explain the respiratory and metabolic acidosis & alkalosis with causes and compensatory mechanisms. 	RESP-S1-Bio-2 Acid Base Balance/ Metabolic & Respiratory Acidosis & Alkalosis	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
15	Description & Biomedical significance of Compound Lipids	RESP-S1-Bio-3 Biomedical significance of Compound Lipids		
16	 Describe the Synthesis & Functions of Phospholipids. Discuss role of lecithin in respiration 	RESP-S1-Bio-4 Synthesis of Phospholipids & Role of Lecithin in Respiration		
17	Demonstrate the pH Meter, Significance, interpretation	RESP-S1-Bio-5 Introduction to pH Meter, Significance, interpretation	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		Pathology		
18	 Identify congenital anomalies of lungs. Define acute lung injury Describe causes ARDS. Discuss characteristic features, morphology and pathogenesis of ARDS. Describe its consequences and clinical course. 	RESP-S1-Patho-1 Congenital anomalies, acute lung injury and ARDS	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
		CLINICAL		



 Define Chyne-stokes breathing and effects on body. Define COPD and RLD. Differentiate between RLD & COLD & effects on body (obstructive & restrictive lung disease). Is COVID-19 RLD or COLD type of disease Define emphysema, chronic bronchitis. Define Bronchiectasis. Define interstitial lung diseases 	RESP-S1-MED-1 Obstructive and Restrictive Lung Diseases	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
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Theme 2: Airways and Their Conditions or Diseases

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPICS	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
21	 Discuss attachments of the diaphragm. Define blood and nerve supply of the diaphragm. Identify openings in the diaphragm with levels. Define structures passing through these openings. Define functions of the diaphragm. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-5 The Diaphragm and its Openings	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE
22	 Describe mediastinum Describe boundaries and divisions of mediastinum Enumerate structures present in it 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-6 Mediastinum	Interactive	SBAs & OSPE
23	 Define anatomy of the trachea. Discuss clinical conditions related with trachea. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-7 Anatomy of the trachea	Lecture	
24	 Define anatomy of the principal bronchi. Discuss clinical conditions related with bronchi. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-8 Anatomy of the bronchi	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE
25	 Describe development of the larynx, trachea and bronchi. Discuss anomalies related with development of these structures. 	RESP-S1-Ana-E-3 Formation of the Larynx, Trachea and Bronchi	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
26	 Describe microscopic features of the bronchi. Differentiate primary bronchioles from the tertiary bronchioles. Identify general histological features of bronchi and bronchioles with help of light microscope. 	RESP-S1-Ana-H-2 The Histology of the Bronchi: Primary and Tertiary Bronchioles	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	F	Physiology		
27	Describe structure & functions of Respiratory membrane	RESP-S1-Phy-6 Diffusion of Gasses	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE



	0			1
	Gasses exchange across the			
	respiratory membraneFactors affecting exchange			
	Factors affecting exchange through membrane			
	• Describe transport of oxygen in the	RESP-S1-Phy-7		
28	blood & discuss the oxygen Hb	Transport of		
	dissociation curve & factors	oxygen		
	affecting itDescribe transport of CO2 in the			
29	blood & gasses exchange between	RESP-S1-Phy-8		
	blood & body cells (chloride shift)	Transport of CO2		
	Enlist respiratory centers			
	• Describe mechanisms of nervous	RESP-S1-Phy-9		
30	regulation of respiration	Nervous regulation		
	Describe reflexes involve in	of respiration		
	nervous regulation	DE0D 04 Dive 40		
	Record effect of exercise on respiration in healthy adult on	RESP-S1-Phy-10 Record the lung		
	respiration in healthy adult on power lab & plot a graph	volumes and		
31	Interpret Pulmonary Function	capacities on	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	Tests	power lab & plot a		
		graph		
	B	iochemistry		
32	Describe the Glycosis in detail.	RESP-S1-Bio-6		
52		Glycosis		
		RESP-S1-Bio-7	Interactive	SBAs & OSPE
33	Describe role of TCA Cycle in	Role of TCA Cycle	Lecture	
	cellular respiration	in cellular respiration		
	Demonstrate the Arterial blood	RESP-S1-Bio-8		
	gases significance	Arterial blood		
34	• Describe the ABG's interpretation	gases (ABGs)	Practical	OSPE & OSCE
	with various respiratory disorders	interpretation		
	-	Pathology		
	Define chronic obstructive lung	RESP-S1-Path-2		
	disease (COPD)	Chronic	Interactive	
35	Classify the types of COPD	obstructive lung	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	Describe its pathogenesis &	diseases (COPD)		
	clinical features.			
		armacology		
	 Classify drugs used to treat dry and productive cough according to their 	RESP-S1-Pharm-		
	mechanism of action.			
36	Describe adverse effects,	The treatment of	Interactive	SBAs & OSPE
	contraindications and drug	the dry and	Lecture	
	interactions of the drugs used to	productive cough		
	treat various types of cough.	.		
		Clinical		
	Define hypoxia and its types.	RESP-S1-MED-2		
	• Explain effects of the hypoxia.	Hypoxia	Interactive	
37	Explain psychogenic dyspnea &	Cyanosis CO2 poisoning	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
	causes of psychogenic dyspnea			
	Define cyanosis.			
L	1			1



Explain prevention strategies of		
cyanosis.		
 Enlist three principal reasons of 		
cyanosis.		
• Define CO ₂ poisoning.		
 Explain the effects of 		
CO ₂ poisoning and preventing		
measures of CO2.		

Theme 3: Lung Parenchyma and Interstitial and their Conditions or Diseases

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT		
		Anatomy				
38	Define structure and neve supply of pleura	RESP-S1-Ana-G-9 Anatomy of the pleurae				
39	 Describe gross anatomy of the lungs. Discuss the phases of the respiration 	RESP-S1-Ana-G- 10 Anatomy of the lungs Mechanism of the respiration-1	Demonstration	SBAs, OSPE & OSCE		
40	 Define bronchopulmonary segments. Define types of the respiration. Discuss clinical conditions related with lungs. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G- 11Anatomy of the lungs Mechanism of the respiration-2 (bronchopulmonary segment)				
41	 Define blood and nerve supply of the lungs. Discuss clinical conditions related with lungs. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G- 12 Anatomy of the lungs-3 (Blood supply)				
42	 Define clinical significance of chest X-ray in respiratory diseases. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G- 13 Radiology: Basics of chest X-ray	Interactive			
43	 Discuss formation of laryngo- tracheal groove & respiratory diverticulum or lung buds. Define anomalies related with development of the lung buds. Discuss stages of development / maturation of the lungs. Discuss anomalies related with the lung maturation 	RESP-S1-Ana-E-4 Formation of the lung buds The maturation of the Lungs	Lecture	SBAs & OSPE		
44	Identify structure of the alveoli and interalveolar septum under microscope and correlate functions of different types of cells, forming the alveolar wall.	RESP-S1-Ana-H-3 The Histology of the Lungs: Alveoli	Practical	OSPE & OSCE		



Physiology 45 Describe chemical control of respiration Explain chemoreceptor involved in chemical respiration. Describe regulation of respiration during exercise. Explain Periodic breathing Access and the periodic breathing Describe pulmonary circulation & blood flow through various zones of lung (1, 2, 3). Explain mechanism of development of pulmonary edema, pleural effusion Ventilation perfusion ratio (V/Q ratio) RESP-S1-Phy-9 Chemical regulation of respiration of respiration Regulati on during exercise Explain Periodic breathing Describe pulmonary circulation & blood flow through various zones of lung (1, 2, 3). Explain pulmonary capillary dynamics. Explain mechanism of development of pulmonary edema, pleural effusion Ventilation perfusion ratio (V/Q ratio) Pulmonary Pulmonary edema, pleural effusion Ventilation perfusion ratio (V/Q ratio) Pulmonary Pulmonary edema, pleural effusion Ventilation perfusion ratio (V/Q ratio) Pulmonary edema, pleural effusion Ventilation perfusion ratio (V/Q ratio) Pulmonary Pulmonary Pulmonary Pulmonary Pulmonary Pulmonary Pulmonary Pulmonary Pulmonary Pul								
45respiration Explain chemoreceptor involved in chemical respiration.RESP-S1-Phy-9 Chemical regulation of respirationRegulati on during exerciseInteractive Lecture46• Describe pulmonary circulation & blood flow through various zones of lung (1, 2, 3).• RESP-S1-Phy-10 Pulmonary capillary dynamics.• Interactive LectureSBAs & OSPE46• Ventilation perfusion ratio (V/Q ratio)• Ventilation perfusion ratio (V/Q ratio)• RESP-S1-Phy-10 Pulmonary Circulation & V/Q relationshipsInteractive LectureSBAs & OSPE								
 46 Describe pulmonary circulation & blood flow through various zones of lung (1, 2, 3). Explain pulmonary capillary dynamics. Explain mechanism of development of pulmonary edema, pleural effusion Ventilation perfusion ratio (V/Q ratio) 								
 47 Define respiratory changes associated with High altitude Discuss hypoxia and its types. RESP-S1-Phy-11 High altitude & High altitude & High altitude & Hypoxia 								
 48 Explain deep sea diving Physiology Describe caisson's disease RESP-S1-Phy-12 Deep sea Diving Physiology 								
Biochemistry								
49 Describe organization of the Electron Transport Chain RESP-S1-Bio-9 Organization of Electron Transport Chain Interactive								
50 Describe Oxidative phosphorylation & ATP Synthesis RESP-S1-Bio-10 Oxidative phosphorylation & ATP Synthesis SBAs & OSPE								
51 Demonstrate role of emulsification in respiration and digestion. RESP-S1-Bio-11 Role of Emulsification in respiration and digestion in respiration and digestion OSPE & OSCI								
Pathology								
 Define pneumonia. Discussetiological classification of pneumonia. Discuss its clinical presentation. Describe diagnostic tools for pneumonia. RESP-S1-Path-3 Interactive Lecture SBAs & OSPE								
Clinical								



53	 Define RDS. Describe sign and symptoms of the respiratory distress syndrome. Enlist the causes of the respiratory distress syndrome Discuss the management 	Respiratory distress	Interactive Lecture	SBAs & OSPE
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Blueprint of Assessment Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS

Purpose of Assessment: Curriculum: Module:

Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS Integrated Modular Curriculum Respiratory Module-1

S. No	Subje	ct	Week- 1	W 2	'eek-	Week- 3	Wee 4	k- V	Veek-5	Total	Weightage %	Weightage after Rounding	Total Number of Questions (100)
	Gross	Anatomy	03	02	2	02	02			09	17.3	17	17
	Embry	/0	02	02	2	02	01			07	13.4	13	13
	Histo			00	00	01 03 03	01			04 13	7.6	08 24	08
	Physic	Physiology Biochemistry		04	1		02				24.07		24
	Bioche			01			02			07	13.4	13	13
	Pharm	nacology	00	00)	01	00			02	3.8	04	04
	Patho	logy	01	01		00	01			03	5.7	06	08
		el subjects T, BS, Res,	02	02	2	02	01			07	13.4	13	13
	TOTÁ	L								52		100%	100
Subject Modul	e	Proportion of subjects in module	Weightag			nstrument/						Explanation	
					Le	Qs (SBAs) evel 1 & 2	s L &	OSPE stations evel 1 2		SCE evel 3	Any Other	Proportion of test instruments to be used: Theory	
Bross Anat	ross Anatomy		17		17		0	1				MCQs (SB	As)=
Embryolog	nbryology		13		13	13 01			100 %; Practical				
listology	ology		08		08		0	1				OSPE=80%	
Physiology	ysiology 2		24		24		0	03		OSCE= 20	%		
Biochemist	iochemistry		13		13		0	3				Competen Learning I	
Pathology	athology		04		04		01					Miller's Py	ramid:
harmacology		06		08		0	1				Cognition: Know (Lev		
Parallel sub CM, IT, BS Res, BME)	Ś,		13 13 01			How to know (Level- 2) Skills & Attitude: Show (Level-3) & Does (Level-4)							
			100%		100%		8	0%	20%				



6 EXAMINATION ASSESSEMENT

ASSESSMENT PLAN FOR EACH PAPER	END OF YEAR ASSESMENT	INTERNAL EVALUATION	TOTAL %AGE
THEORY (SBAS)	80%	20%	100%
PRACTICAL EXAM (OSPE; OSPE)	80%		

ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL ASSESSMENT MARKS					
COMPONENT	SCORING MATRIX	PERCENTAGE			
THEORY	ATTENDANCE (>90%=03; 89- 80%=02; 79-70%=01;<70%=00	3%			
	Module tests	3%			
	Block tests	4%			
		10%			
	ATTENDANCE (>90%=03; 89- 80%=02; 79-70%=01;<70%=00	3%			
PRACTICAL	Module tests including ethics, conduct, practicals, assignments)	3%			
	Block tests	4%			
		10%			
TOTAL		20%			

7 LEARNING RESOURCES

Anatomy:

- GROSS ANATOMY
 - Clinical Anatomy by Richard S. Snell
 - K.L. Moore, Clinically Oriented Anatomy
 - Neuro Anatomy by Richard Snell
- HISTOLOGY



• B. Young J. W. Health Wheather's Functional Histology

* EMBRYOLOGY

- Keith L. Moore. The Developing Human
- Langman's Medical Embryology

Biochemistry:

✤ TEXTBOOKS

- Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry
- Lehninger Principle of Biochemistry
- Biochemistry by Devlin

Community Medicine:

TEXT BOOKS

- Community Medicine by Parikh
- Community Medicine by M Illyas
- Basic Statistics for the Health Sciences by Jan W Kuzma

Pathology / MicroBiology:

TEXT BOOKS

- Robbins & Cotran, Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th edition.
- Rapid Review Pathology, 4th edition by Edward F. Goljan MD

Pharmacology:

TEXT BOOKS

- Lippincot Illustrated Pharmacology
- 2. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Katzung

Physiology:

- ✤ TEXTBOOKS
 - Textbook of Medical Physiology by Guyton And Hall
 - Ganong' S Review of Medical Physiology
 - Human Physiology by Lauralee Sherwood
 - Berne & Levy Physiology
 - Best & Taylor Physiological Basis of Medical Practice

REFERENCE BOOKS

- Guyton & Hall Physiological Review
- Essentials of Medical Physiology by Jaypee
- Textbook of Medical Physiology by InduKhurana
- Short Textbook of Physiology by Mrthur
- NMS PhysiologyMonoo's Physiology

