# **STUDENT STUDY GUIDE**



## Integrated Modular System 4<sup>th</sup> Professional MBBS



not listed above

Relation:

ready Under the Dr's Care

dress:

Relation:

Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

P R E F A C E	4
STUDY GUIDE	6
A B B R E V I A T I O N S	7
CONTRIBUTIONS	8
01 OPHTHALMOLOGY MODULE	13
	13
Introduction	13
Duration	13
Learning Outcomes	13
Themes	13
Topics with Specific Learning Objectives and Teaching Strategies	14
02 OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY (ENT) MODULE	
Introduction	
Duration	
Learning Outcomes	
Themes:	19
Topics with Specific Learning Objectives and Teaching Strategies	20
03 ORTHOPAEDIC & TRAUMATOLOGY MODULE	23
Orthopaedics	23
Introduction	23
Duration	23
Learning Outcomes:	23
Themes:	23
Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies	24
Neurosurgery	27
Learning Objectives	27
Themes	27
Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies	27
Basic Sciences	
Introduction	
Duration:	
Learning outcomes	
Themes	
Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies	
04 NEUROSCIENCES MODULE	
Neurology	
Psychiatry	
Duration	



Learning Outcomes	
Themes	
Topics with Specific Learning Objectives and Teaching Strategies	
Basic Sciences	
Introduction	43
Learning outcomes	
Themes	
Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies	
05 CARDIOLOGY	45
Introduction	45
Duration	45
Learning Outcomes	
Themes	
Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies	
Nephrology	
06 EXCRETORY & RENAL MODULE -III	
Introduction	
Duration	
Learning outcomes	
Themes	
Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies	
Urology	
Introduction	
Learning Outcomes	
Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies	
Basic Sciences	
Introduction	
Learning Outcomes	53
Themes	
Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies	
07 INTEGUMENTARY MODULE	
Dermatology	
Introduction	
Learning Outcomes	
Plastic Surgery/ Burns	
Themes	
Duration	
Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies	57
08 REPRODUCTIVE MODULE	60



Introduction		60
Duration:		60
Learning Outcomes		60
Themes		60
Topics with specific learning obje	ctives and teaching strategies	61
09 ASSESSMENT		62
10 LEARNING RESOURCES		62

## PREFACE

The MBBS curriculum is designed to prepare the medical student to assume the role of the principal carer for patients. The majority of instruction in the various basic and clinical science disciplines is focused on attaining this objective. The amount of material and specificity that the student must acquire in order to complete the MBBS programme as a whole is substantial. Subject-based instruction affords students the chance to develop comprehensive and profound understanding of each respective subject. However, this instructional framework might result in the student failing to recognize the interconnectedness of knowledge across different disciplines, their interrelation, and most significantly, their significance in the context of patient care.

Over the years, numerous inventive approaches have been devised to tackle these obstacles. One such approach is the integration of instruction at multiple levels, which eliminates and reduces boundaries within subjects, both vertically and horizontally, across phases. LUMHS, while acknowledging the merits of these methodologies, has endeavoured to seize the opportunity to comprehend the interdependencies and minimize duplication in the subjects being instructed through the implementation of an integrated modular approach.

The cardiovascular system, musculoskeletal system, and respiratory system are few examples of system-based modules in an integrated modular curriculum that connects basic scientific knowledge to clinical problems. By means of integrated instruction, subjects are presented as a unified whole. Students can enhance their comprehension of basic scientific principles through consistent application of clinical examples in their learning. A skills lab provides early exposure to the acquisition of skills, case-based discussions, and self-directed learning are all elements of an integrated teaching programme.

#### LEARNING STRATEGIES

The following instructional and learning strategies are implemented to foster greater comprehension:

- Interactive Lectures
- Small group sessions
- Case-Based Learning (CBL),
- Self-Study,
- Practical,
- Skills lab sessions,
- Demonstrations
- Field visits

#### INTERACTIVE LECTURES



In large group, the lecturer actively involves the students by introducing the topic or common clinical conditions and explains the underlying phenomena by questions, pictures, videos of patients' interviews, exercises, etc. in order to enhance their learning process.

#### SMALL GROUP TEACHING (SGT):

This strategy is helpful for the students to make their concepts clear, and s acquiring skills or attitudes. These sessions are organized with the help of specific tasks such as patient case, interviews or discussion topics. Students are than encouraged to exchange their ideas and apply knowledge gained from lectures, tutorials and self-study. The facilitator employs probing questioning, summarization, or rephrasing techniques to enhance the understanding of concepts.

#### CASE- BASED LEARNING:

A format of small group discussion that centres on a sequence of questions derived from a clinical scenario, with the aim of facilitating learning. Students engage in discussions and provide answers by applying pertinent knowledge acquired in clinical and basic health sciences throughout the curriculum.

#### PRACTICAL:

Basic science practical related to anatomy, biochemistry, pathology, pharmacology and physiology are scheduled to promote student learning by application.

#### SKILLS LAB SESSION:

Skills relevant to respective module are observed and practiced where applicable in skills laboratory.

#### SELF DIRECTED LEARNING:

Students take on the responsibility of their own learning by engaging in independent study, collaborating and talking with classmates, accessing knowledge from the Learning Resources available, teachers, and other experts. Students can make use of the designated self-study hours provided by the college.

#### FIELD VISITS:

Students visit community health areas to understand the common diseases and their preventive measures.

#### **HOSPITAL POSTINGS:**

Students attend tertiary care hospital postings and learn common diseases and their management.

### Prof. Dr. Samreen Memon

Module Coordinator Director Academics Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan



## **STUDY GUIDE**

A study guide is a strategic and effective approach to:

- Provide students a detailed framework of the modules organization
- Support students in organising and managing their studies throughout academic year.
- Provide students information on assessment methods and the rules and regulations that apply.
- It outlines the outcomes which are expected to be achieved at the end of each module.
- Ascertains the education strategies such as lectures, small group teachings, demonstration, tutorial and case based learning that will be implemented to achieve the module objectives.
- Provides a list of learning resources for students in order to increase their learning.
- Emphasizes information on the contribution of attendance, end module tests, block examinations and annual examinations on the student's overall performance.
- Includes information on the assessment methods that will be held to determine every student's achievement of objectives.



## ABBREVIATIONS

OPHTHALMOLOGY	Ophth
OTORHINOLOGY	ENT
ORTHOPAEDICS & TRAUMATOLOGY	Orth-T
ORTHOPAEDICS	Ortho
NEUROSURGERY	Nsurg
NEUROSCIENCE	NS
NEUROLOGY	NeuM
PSYCHIATRY	PSY
RENAL & EXCRETORY	EXC
NEPHROLOGY	Neph
UROLOGY	Uro
PHARMACOLOGY	Pharm
SPIRAL	S
INTEGUMENTARY	IM
PLASTIC SURGERY	Psurg
DERMATOLOGY	Derm
RADIOLOGY	Rad



## CONTRIBUTIONS

#### Prof. Dr. Ikram din Ujjan

Vice-Chancellor Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### Prof. Dr. Munawar Alam Ansari

Dean Faculty of Basic Medical Sciences Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### Prof. Dr. Moin Ahmed Ansari

Dean

Faculty of Medicine & Allied Sciences Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### Prof. Dr. Ashok Kumar Narsani

Dean Faculty of Surgery & Allied Sciences Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### Prof. Dr. Samreen Memon

Module Coordinator Director Academics Chairperson, Department of Anatomy Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### Dr. Hudebia Allah Buksh

Incharge, Department of Medical Education Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### Dr. Nazia

Assistant Professor, Department of Pathology Bilawal Medical College for Boys Directorate of Academics Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### Dr. Faheem Ahmed Memon

Lecturer, Department of Pathology Directorate of Academics Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### Dr. Sameena Gul

Associate Professor Department of Anatomy, Bilawal Medical College for Boys Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan



#### Prof. Dr. Rano Mal

Department of Medical Education, Bilawal Medical College for Boys Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### **Administrative Staff**

#### Mr. Mohal Lal

Sr. Data Processing Officer Vice-Chancellor's Secretariat Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### Mr. Syed Zohaib Ali

Assistant Network Administrator Vice-Chancellor's Secretariat Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### Mr. Mazhar Ali

Directorate of Academics Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro, Pakistan

#### Faculty

DEPARTMENT OF NEUROSURGERY		
S #	TEACHING FACULTY	
CHAIRMAN AND PROFESSOR		
01	Prof. Dr. Riaz Ahmed Raja	
ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR		
02	Dr. Muhammad Hamid Ali	
03	Dr. Abdul Rauf Memon	
04	Dr. Vashdev	
	ASSISTANT PROFESSORS	
05	Dr. Mubarak Hussain	
06	Dr. Sanaullah	
07	Dr. Aurangzeb	

DEPARTMENT OF OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY (ENT)		
S #	TEACHING FACULTY	
	CHAIRMAN AND PROFESSORS	
01	Prof. Mushtaque Ali Memon	
02	Prof. Arsalan Ahmed Shaikh	
	SENIOR REGISTRAR	
03	Dr. Akhter Ali	
04	Dr. Sajjad Yousuf	
05	Dr. Muhammad Imran Khan	



#### Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro

DEPARTMENT OF OPHTHALMOLOGY		
S #	TEACHING FACULTY	
	CHAIRMAN AND PROFESSOR	
01	Prof. Arshad Ali Pathan (Lodhi)	
	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR	
02	Dr. Mariya Nazish	
03	Dr. Mahtab Alam	
ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
04	Dr. Azfar Ahmed Mirza	
05	Dr. Noman Ahmed Shaikh	
06	Dr. Asad Ullah Jatoi	
07	Dr. Imtiaz Ahmed	
08	Dr. Ghulam Hyder	
09	Dr. Ghazi Khan	
10	Dr. Mona Liza	
LECTURERS		
11	Dr. Irfan Memon	

DEPARTMENT OF NEUROLOGY	
S #	TEACHING FACULTY
CHAIRMAN AND PROFESSOR	
01	Prof. Dr. Manzoor Ali Lakhair
ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR	
02	Dr. Abdul Hafeez
03	Dr. Muslim Ali Lakhair

DEPARTMENT OF ORTHOPAEDIC SURGERY & TRAUMATOLOGY			
S #	TEACHING FACULTY		
	CHAIRMAN AND PROFESSOR		
01	Prof. Dr. Asadullah Makhdoom		
ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR			
02	Dr. Irshad Ahmed Bhutto		
03	Dr. Zamir Hussain Tunio		
	ASSISTANT PROFESSORS		
04	Dr. Muhammad Faraz		
05	Dr. Siraj Ahmed Butt		
	SENIOR REGISTRAR		
06	Dr. Imran Khan		
07	Dr. Shakeel Ahmed		
08	Dr. Iftikhar Ahmed		
09	Dr. Nizam Ahmed		
10	Dr. Lachman Das		



	DEPARTMENT OF UROLOGY	
S #	TEACHING FACULTY	
	CHAIRMAN AND ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS	
01	Dr. Javed Altaf Butt	
02	Dr. Zakir Hussain	
	ASSISTANT PROFESSORS	
03	Dr. Kashifuddin Qayoom	
04	Dr. Imran Memon	
05	Dr. Shouqat Ali	
06	Dr. Waqar Ahmed Memon	
	SENIOR REGISTRAR	
07	Dr. Syed Azhar Hussain	
08	Dr. Tamoor Ahmed	

DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHIATRY		
S #	TEACHING FACULTY	
DEAN FACULTY OF MEDICINE		
01	Prof. Dr. Moin Ahmed Ansari	
CHAIRMAN AND ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR		
02	Dr. Jamil Junejo	
SENIOR REGISTRAR		
03	Dr. Muhammad Raza	
04	Dr. Adeel	

DEPARTMENT OF DERMATOLOGY	
S #	TEACHING FACULTY
INCHARGE AND ASSISTANT PROFESSORS	
01	Dr. Hafiz Bashir Ahmed

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY				
S #	TEACHING FACULTY			
CHAIRMAN AND ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS				
01	Dr. Muhammad Kashif			
02	Dr. Shahid Hussain Memon			
	SENIOR REGISTRAR			
03	Dr. Muhammad Rahman Khalid			
04	Dr. Asad Aslam			

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY			
S #	TEACHING FACULTY		
CHAIRPERSON AND PROFESSORS			
01	Prof. Aneela Sheeba		



ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR				
02	Dr. Adnan Ahmed			
	ASSISTANT PROFESSORS			
03	Dr. Aashfa Hassan Shaikh			
04	Dr. Ghazala Shahzad			
05	Dr. Seema Nayab			
06	Dr. Abid Ali			
	SENIOR REGISTRAR			
07	Dr. Zafar Shaikh			
08	Dr. Ambreen Zia Shaikh			
09	Dr. Asma Jatoi			
	LECTURER			
10	Dr. Paras			
	CLINICAL DEMONSTRATOR			
11	Dr. Saima Zafar			
12	Dr. Abu Zafar Moinual Haque			



### Introduction

- To feel more comfortable performing a basic eye examination
- To identify common eye conditions and be able to treat or triage these disorders.
- To expose students to the field of ophthalmology
- To identify potential longitudinal patients that could be followed in other clinics.

#### **Rationale:**

The purpose of the Ophthalmology curriculum is to produce doctors with the generic professional and specialty specific capabilities needed to understand and diagnose a wide range of medical conditions affecting the eyes, orbits and visual pathways. Eye disorders are frequently seen in the practice of medicine in all age groups. The scope of medical ophthalmology is broad and includes refraction problems, ocular inflammatory diseases like conjunctivitis, cataracts, glaucoma, retina disorders, neuro-ophthalmic conditions and urgent eye care in adults and children. A physician also has to understand the fundamentals of fundoscopy in order to evaluate common eye problems.

#### **Duration**

04 Weeks

### **Learning Outcomes**

- Review the anatomy of Eye, Orbit and Visual System
- Physiology of vision, optic and pharmacology of ocular drugs
- How to perform a basic Eye examination
- Discuss the pathophysiology, diagnosis and management of Cataract and Glaucoma
- Demonstrate the clinical significance of neuro-ophthalmology.
- Explain the role of laser in the management of eye disorders.
- Recognize when it is necessary to urgently refer a patient to Ophthalmology.
- Recognize the importance of Ophthalmological exams in different systemic conditions.

#### **Themes**

- 1. Basic Physiology and Anatomy of Eye
- 2. Eye Lid
- 3. Nasolacrimal System
- 4. Conjunctiva
- 5. Cornea
- 6. Cataract
- 7. Glaucoma
- 8. Sclera
- 9. Orbit
- 10. Uveal tract

- 11. Retina
- 12. Neuro-ophthalmology
- 13. Pediatric ophthalmology & Strabismus
- 14. Systemic diseases & Eye
- 15. Ocular Injuries
- 16. Refractive Errors
- 17. Lasers in Ophthalmology
- 18. Ocular Pharmacology
- 19. Blindness
- 20. Ocular Examination



## **Topics with Specific Learning Objectives and Teaching Strategies**

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
1	Discuss basic physiology and anatomy of eye	Opth-S2-Ana-1 Review & Revisit Anatomy of Eye Orbit: Bones and Contents (Eye ball, lacrimal apparatus, orbital fascia, muscles, nerves, Blood vessels of orbit, II, III, IV, VI cranial nerves) Eyelid Opth-S2-Phy-1 Review & Revisit Physiology of Eye The basic physiology of eye and principles of optics.		
2	Diagnose and manage common lid and adnexa diseases.	Opth-S2-Opth-1 Lid and Lashes Abnormalities: Stye, Chalazion, Blepharitis, Trichiasis, Entropion, Ectropion, Ptosis. Opth-S2-Opth-2 Malignant Lid Tumors Basal cell carcinoma Squamous cell carcinoma		
3	Diagnose and manage Dacryocystitis and NLDB.	Opth-S2-Opth-3 Nasolacrimal System Evaluation of epiphora, congenital NLD block Acute/chronic dacryocystitis Treatment of lacrimal obstruction	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
4	Diagnose and manage common conjunctival diseases.	<b>Opth-S2-Opth-4</b> <b>Conjunctiva</b> Viral Conjunctivits Bacterial Conjunctivitis Ophthalmia Neonatorum Pterygium-Pingecula Trachoma Vernal Catarrh		
5	Diagnose and manage common corneal diseases.	Opth-S2-Opth-5 Cornea Corneal ulcer (viral/bacterial/fungal/amoebia) Contact lens related problems Opth-S2-Opth-6 Keratorefractive surgeries and keratoplasty		
6	Diagnose and Manage Cataract.	Opth-S2-Opth-7 Cataract Definition, Classification, Causes, management of age-		



		related cataract and different Options			
7	Enumerate the types of cataract surgery and intra-operative and post-	<b>Opth-S2-Opth-8</b> Types of cataract surgery and intra-operative and post-			
	operative complications of cataract surgery	operative complications of cataract surgery			
8	Diagnose and manage Glaucoma.	Opth-S2-Opth-9 Glaucoma Classification Primary open angle glaucoma Primary Angle Closure Glaucoma Diagnostic Toll Congenital Glaucoma Secondary Glaucoma-Lens induced, neovascular.			
9	Diagnose and Manage Episcleritis & Scleritis.	Opth-S2-Opth-10 Scleritis & Episcleritis Definition Classification Clinical feature Systemic Association Treatment			
10	Diagnose and Manage different Diseases of the Orbit	<b>Opth-S2-Opth-11</b> Clinical Evaluation of Orbital Diseases Thyroid Eye Disease Preseptal Cellulitis Orbital Cellulitis	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical,	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam	
11	Diagnose and manage of iritis, iridocyclitis and choroiditis.	<b>Opth-S2-Opth-12</b> Classification and Clinical features of uveitis. Acute and chronic uveitis Management of uveitis	CBL/ PBL		
12	Diagnose and manage retinal and retinal vascular occlusions diseases	Opth-S2-Opth-13 Diabetes and the Eye complications in the Diabetic Eye and management Opth-S2-Opth-14 Medical Retina Hypertension Central retinal artery occlusion (including giant cell arteritis) Central/ branch vein occlusion			
13	Understand pupillary pathway, visual pathway and its field defects,	Opth-S2-Opth-15 Neurophthalmolgy Visual pathway Pupillary pathway and pathology RAPD Opth-S2-Opth-16 Optic Disc Disorders Optic neuritis, Papilledema, Optic atrophy			



14	Describe the vitreo-retinal procedures.	Opth-S2-Opth-17 Surgical Vitreo-Retina Classification Basic pathophysiology and clinical concept, presentation of retinal detachment Opth-S2-Opth-18 broad principles of management of retinal detachment, Vitreous emorrhage		
15	Explain the concept of early childhood ocular diseases and their management.	Opth-S2-Opth-19 White Pupil Differential diagnosis of leukocoria in a child congenital cataract and its management retinoblastoma, retinopathy of prematurity. Opth-S2-Opth-20 Strabismus		
		Amblyopia Non paralytic squint Paralytic squint		
16	Recognize eye problems associated with systemic diseases.	Opth-S2-Opth-21 Systemic Diseases and Eye Connective Tissue Disorders Systemic Diseases Affecting the Eye Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) T.B	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical,	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
17	Discuss the etiology, clinical features & Management of ocular trauma	Opth-S2-Opth-22 Ocular Injuries Fractures of orbit Penetrating injuries of the eye	CBL/ PBL	Exam
18	Describe the various refractive error and their correction	Opth-S2-Opth-23Refractive ErrorsEmetropia,Myopia,Hypermetropia,Astigmatism,Presbyopia		
19	Enumerate indications for laser therapy in the eye	Opth-S2-Opth-24 Lasers Role of laser therapy in the treatment of retinal diseases Role of laser therapy in refractive surgery and Glaucoma		
20	Recognize the indication and systemic local side effects of ocular drugs.	Opth-S2-Pharm-1 Pharmacology of Ocular Drugs with Side Effects Local anesthetic drugs, Antibiotics, Antiviral, Steroids, Antiglaucoma Mydriatics, Lubricants, Steven Johnson's Syndrome		



21	Define the Epidemiology of blindness and awareness of low visual aids.	<b>Opth-S2-Opth-25</b> <b>Blindness</b> Definition of Blindness (WHO) Epidemiology Of Blindness , Blindness And Low Visual Aids		
22	Understanding the basic Eye Examinations And instillation of eye drops.	Opth-S2-Opth-26 Eye Examination Assess visual acuity using a Snellen chart (with & without pin hole). Instillation of eye drops Examine the pupil reaction. Perform ocular motility. Direct Ophthalmoscopy	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam



### Introduction

This module uses an integrated curriculum of basic science and clinical material to develop the student's knowledge and ability to describe and diagnose conditions related to Ear, Nose and Throat. It covers learning a wide range of areas using team-based and small-group learning exercises, lectures, anatomy labs, handson clinical skills labs, independent learning, clinical experiences and radiological imaging. In addition, the students will learn the microbiology, physiology and pharmacology of the upper respiratory region. The goal of this module is to provide medical students with a comprehensive pathophysiologic understanding of the Ear, Nose and Throat and their diseases. Otorhinolaryngology, is an important, interesting and diverse specialty and the study guide is carefully designed in such manner that the students are able to better comprehend and analyze the objectives of their course of the ENT department.

### Rationale

The knowledge and skills acquired in this module will enable students to appropriately evaluate, diagnose, treat and manage a broad spectrum of common problems like hearing loss, ear ache and discharge, rhinorrhea, sore throat. Student can order suitable investigations and diagnose common conditions and be able to undertake adequate referral where appropriate. This module will act as a guide to identify various common ENT conditions and implement their knowledge in medical practices.

### **Duration**

04 Weeks

### Learning Outcomes

### Knowledge

At the end of the course, the student should have knowledge of:

- Common problems affecting the Ear, Nose and Throat.
- Principles of management of major ENT emergencies
- Effects of local and systemic diseases on patient and the necessary action required to minimize the sequelae of such diseases;

### Skills

#### At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Know how to remove the foreign bodies from the ear, nose and throat.
- know the indication for tracheostomy and explain its procedure postoperative care and complications
- know the methods to control the Epistaxis

### Attitude

At the end of course, the student should have:

• Patient-Centered Attitude:



- Cultivate respect and compassion for patients, actively listening to their concerns and involving them in their care.
- Empathetic Understanding:
  - Develop empathy for patients experiencing discomfort, acknowledging their emotional and physical challenges.
- Cultural Sensitivity:
  - Appreciate the importance of culturally sensitive care, respecting diverse backgrounds of patients.
- Ethical Commitment:
  - o Uphold ethical standards, maintaining patient confidentiality and informed consent.
- Interdisciplinary Collaboration:
  - Respect collaboration with other professionals for comprehensive patient care.

#### **Themes:**

Theme 1:	Disorders of Ear and Audio-Vestibular System (Pain, Itching, Discharge, Facial Palsy, Tinnitus, Vertigo, Deafness)
Theme 2:	Disorders of Nose & Para Nasal Sinuses (Nasal Obstruction, Rhinorhea, Sneezing, Itching, Impaired Smell, Epistaxis, Headache)
Theme 3:	Disorders of Oral Cavity, Pharynx and Oesophagus (Sore Throat, Difficulty in Swallowing, Change of Voice)
Theme 4:	Disorders of Larynx Trachea and Bronchi (Cough, Hoarseness of Voice, Difficulty in Breathing)



### **Topics with Specific Learning Objectives and Teaching Strategies**

#### Theme 1: Disorders of Ear and Audio-Vestibular System (Pain, Itching, Discharge, Facial Palsy, Tinnitus, Vertigo, Deafness)

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	THEME AND SUB-THEMES	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
1	Explain Anatomy & Physiology of the Ear	ENT-S2-Ana-1 Clinical Basis of EAR		
2	Discuss the Causes, clinical features, investigation& management	ENT-S2-ENT-1 PAIN A. D/D of Earache & referred earache B. Disorder of External Ear. 1. Traumatic- Frost Bite, Perichondritis and Aural Hematoma. 2. Inflammatory a. Bacterial- i. Acute Otitis Externa ii. Diffuse and Malignant Otitis Externa b.Viral-Herpes Zoster Oticus. C. Disorder of Middle Ear. i. Acute Otitis Media. ii. Otitis Media with Effusion iii.Otitic Baro-trauma	Lecture/	
3	Diagnosis & management	ENT-S2-ENT-2 ITCHING Wax and Foreign Bodies in Ear Fungus- Otomycosis	Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
4	Discuss the Causes, clinical features, investigation & management	ENT-S2-ENT-3 DISCHARGE Disorder of Middle Ear. Chronic Suppurative Otitis Media, Cholesteatoma and Complications		
5	Causes, Investigation & management	ENT-S2-ENT-4 FACIAL PALSY Facial Nerve Palsy Middle Ear Surgery & its complications		
6	Describe the clinical features, investigation & principle of management	ENT-S2-ENT-5 TINNITUS D/D of Tinnitus, Glomus tumor, Acoustic neuroma & Otosclerosis ENT-S2-ENT-6 VERTIGO D/D of Vertigo, Labrynthitis, BPPV / Meinear's Disease.		



	Discuss	causes,		
	clinical	features,	DEAFNESS	
	investigatio	ons/assess	Causes and assessment of hearing	
	ment	and	impairment.	
7	manageme	ent of	D/D of Conductive and Sensory	
	congenital	and	neural hearing deficit,	
	Acquired	conditions	Disorder of Inner Ear. Noise	
	causing	Hearing	Induced Hearing Loss / Ototoxicity/	
	Deficit.	_	Presbiacuses.	

#### Theme 2: Disorders of Nose & Para Nasal Sinuses (Nasal Obstruction, Rhinorhea, Sneezing, Itching, Impaired Smell, Epistaxis, Headache)

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	THEME AND SUB-THEMES	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
8	Explain Anatomy & Physiology of Nose and Paranasal Sinuses	<b>ENT-S2-Ana-2</b> Clinical Basis of Nose & Paranasal sinuses		
9	Discuss the Causes, clinical features, investigation& management	ENT-S2-ENT-8 NASAL OBSTRUCTION D/D of Nasal obstruction Septal Deformities Adenoid Hypertrophy ENT-S2-ENT-9 RHINORHEA D/D of Rhinorhea Rhino-sinusitis ENT-S2-ENT-10 SNEEZING Allergic Rhinitis Non Allergic Rhinitis ENT-S2-ENT-11 ITCHING Foreign Bodies & Rhinolith ENT-S2-ENT-12 IMPAIRED SMELL Sino-Nasal Polyps ENT-S2-ENT-13 EPISTAXIS D/D of Epistaxis Angiofibroma Hemangioma ENT-S2-ENT-14 HEADACHE Sino-Nasal Tumors	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam



#### Theme 3: Disorders of Oral Cavity, Pharynx and Oesophagus (Sore Throat, Difficulty in Swallowing, Change of Voice)

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	THEME AND SUB-THEMES	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
10	Explain Anatomy & Physiology of Digestive track	<b>ENT-S2-Ana-3</b> Clinical Basis Digestive track		
11	Discuss the Causes, clinical features, investigation& management	<ul> <li>ENT-S2-ENT-15</li> <li>SORE THROAT</li> <li>D/D of Sore throat</li> <li>Mouth Ulcers</li> <li>Pharyngitis &amp; Tonsillitis</li> <li>Infectious mononucleosis</li> <li>Diphtheria/ Vincent Angina/ Scarlet fever</li> <li>ENT-S2-ENT-16</li> <li>DIFFICULTY IN SWALLOWING</li> <li>Dysphagia → causes &amp; management</li> <li>ENT-S2-ENT-17</li> <li>CHANGE OF VOICE</li> <li>Rhinolalia Clausa &amp; Aperta</li> <li>Tumors of Pharynx</li> </ul>	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam

#### Theme 4: Disorders of Larynx Trachea and Bronchi (Cough, Hoarseness of Voice, Difficulty in Breathing)

Sŧ	# LEARNING OBJECTIVES	THEME AND SUB-THEMES	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
12	Explain Anatomy & Physiology of Airway track	ENT-S2-Ana-4 Clinical Basis of Airway track		
13	Discuss the Causes, clinical features, investigation & management	<ul> <li>ENT-S2-ENT-18 COUGH Airway Foreign Bodies</li> <li>ENT-S2-ENT-19 HOARSENESS OF VOICE</li> <li>Congenital→Laryngeal web / Laryngocele</li> <li>Inflamatory → Acute Laryngo- tracheo-bronchitis / Tuberculus Laryngitis</li> <li>Non- Neoplastic → Vocal Nodule / Vocal polyps</li> <li>Neoplastic →Laryngeal papilomatosis / Malignant lesions</li> <li>Recurrent laryngeal Palsy</li> <li>ENT-S2-ENT-20</li> <li>DIFFICULTY IN BREATHING</li> <li>Laryngomalacia</li> <li>Acute Epiglotittis</li> <li>Subglottic/Tracheal stenosis</li> <li>Airway management</li> </ul>	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam



## **03 ORTHOPAEDIC & TRAUMATOLOGY MODULE**

### **Orthopaedics**

### Introduction

### Rationale

The integrated module on Orthopaedic Surgery, Traumatology and musculoskeletal system is multi-fold, it provides the students with basic knowledge of bone and joint problems. Interdisciplinary learning is fostered, simulating real-world medical scenarios where collaborative care is crucial. The integration also cultivates a well-rounded skill set by comparing immediate emergency interventions with long-term therapeutic strategies. Including musculoskeletal trauma, fractures, infections, tumours, Degenerative and metabolic disorders. Therefore, the module is designed to offer a balanced, resourceful, and interdisciplinary approach to medical education aimed to impart at undergraduate level. The Orthopaedics and Traumatology module in the basic cycle has already provided a sound basis of the related anatomy, physiology, surgical and pathological basis of bone diseases. In this2<sup>nd</sup> clinical spiral, apart from basic revision of different subjects, students will be able to define and learn the clinical presentations, diagnoses and management of these diseases.

#### **Duration**

06 Weeks

### **Learning Outcomes:**

#### By the end of this module, the students will be able to:

- Demonstrate the principles and clinical considerations in Orthopaedics and Traumatology, including diagnoses and treatment.
- Develop immediate and long-term treatment strategies for orthopaedic and traumatic conditions.
- Adopt a patient-centered approach, considering both immediate and long-term needs in treatment planning.
- Take and demonstrate history taking, and also able to perform physically examination.
- Make proper differential diagnoses and prescribe medicine accordingly.

#### **Themes:**

- Theme 1: Fractures & Dislocations
- Theme 2: Infections
- Theme 3: Metabolic Bone Disorders
- Theme 4: Bone Tumors
- Theme 5: Congenital Annmolies
- Theme 6: Degenerative Disorders



### **Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies** Theme 1: Fracture and Dislocation

Discuss management of ORTH-T-S2-Orth-6 SGD, OSCE, CI	S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	TOPIC	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
2       Discuss development of bone       Bone development ossification of bone & joint         3          • Define fracture        ORTH-T-S2-Orth-1          4       Identify bone lesions in the imaging scans       ORTH-S2-Rad-1          5       Define different types of fractures based on clinical presentation       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-2          6       Define different types of fractures and bone disorders       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-3          7       Assess the patient for fractures and bone disorders       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-4          7       fractures and bone disorders       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-4          8       Identify different types of congenital bone defects       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-4          9       open and closed type of fractures       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-6          9       open and closed type of fractures       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-7          10       Describe consequences of fractures       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-7          11       Discuss management of pen and closed type of fractures       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-7          11       Discuss lingging techniques        ORTH-T-S2-Orth-7          12       Discuss post-surgical complications of Open fractures and dislocations        ORTH-T-S2-Orth-8          12       Discuss post-surgical complications dopen fractures and post-surgical complications	1	joints movements and	Re-visit of bone and joint anatomy with blood supply			
3       • Classify types of fractures       ORTH-1-S2-Orth-1       Definition of fracture, types         4       Identify bone lesions in the imaging scans       ORTH-S2-Rad-1       X-Ray Definition X-ray reading & views         5       Define different types of fractures based on clinical presentation       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-2       Sign & symptoms of fractures open & closed fractures open & closed fractures         6       Define joint dislocations       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-3       Types of dislocations & subluxations         7       fractures and bone disorders       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-4       Eccture/         8       Identify different types of congenital bone defects       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-6       Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/         9       Discuss management of practures       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-7       Complications of Open and close fractures and dislocations       SGD, Practical, CBL/         10       Describe consequences of fractures & dislocations       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-7       Complications of Open fractures and dislocations         11       Discuss limaging techniques X-ray CT-Scan and MRI       ORTH-S2-Orth-8       Complications of open fractures and post-surgical complications         12       Discuss post-surgical complications do post-surgical complications       ORTH-S2-Orth-8       Complications of open fractures and post-surgical complications         13       Prevention and multidisciplinary approach       ORTH-S2-Orth-9 <th>2</th> <th>-</th> <th>Bone development ossification of</th> <th></th> <th></th>	2	-	Bone development ossification of			
4       Identify bone lesions in the imaging scans       ORTH-S2-Rad-1         4       Define different types of fractures based on clinical presentation       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-2         5       fractures based on clinical presentation       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-3         6       Define joint dislocations       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-4         7       Assess the patient for fractures and bone disorders       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-4         8       Identify different types of congenital bone defects       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-6         9       Discuss management of open and closed type of fractures       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-7         10       Describe consequences of fractures       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-7         11       Discuss imaging       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-7         12       Discuss post-surgical complications       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-8         12       Discuss post-surgical complications       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-8         13       Prevention and multidisciplinary approach       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-9         13       Prevention and multidisciplinary approach       ORTH-T-S2-Orth-9	3	<ul> <li>Classify types of</li> </ul>				
Define different types of fractures based on clinical presentationORTH-T-S2-Orth-2 Sign & symptoms of fractures open & closed fractures6Define joint dislocationsORTH-T-S2-Orth-3 Types of dislocations & subluxations7Assess the patient for 	4	-	X-Ray Definition X-ray reading &			
6Define joint dislocationsTypes of dislocations & subluxations7Assess the patient for fractures and bone disordersORTH-T-S2-Orth-4 History taking & bed side teaching8Identify different types of congenital bone defectsORTH-T-S2-Ana-3 Developmental abnormalities and bone structuresLecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL9Discuss management of open and closed type of fracturesORTH-T-S2-Orth-6 Management of open and close fractureLecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBLSBQs & O OSCE, CI Example10Describe consequences of fractures & dislocationsORTH-T-S2-Orth-7 Complications of Open fractures and dislocationsORTH-T-S2-Rad-2 Imaging techniques X-ray CT-Scan and MRIManagement of open fractures and post-surgical complicationsORTH-T-S2-Rad-2 Imaging techniques X-ray CT-Scan and MRIORTH-S2-Orth-8 Complications of open fractures and post-surgical complications12Discuss post-surgical complicationsORTH-S2-Orth-9 Rehabilitation and physiotherapyORTH-S2-Orth-9 Rehabilitation and physiotherapyA	5	fractures based on clinical	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-2 Sign & symptoms of fractures			
7fractures disordersand bone disordersHistory taking & bed side teaching8Identify different types of 	6	Define joint dislocations	Types of dislocations & subluxations			
8Identify different types of congenital bone defectsDevelopmental abnormalities and bone structuresLecture/ Demonstration, SGD,SBQs & O OSCE, CI9Discuss management of open and closed type of fracturesORTH-T-S2-Orth-6 Management of open and close fractureSBQs & O OSCE, CI10Describe consequences of fractures & dislocationsORTH-T-S2-Orth-7 Complications of Open fractures and dislocationsPBL11Discuss techniquesImaging techniquesORTH-T-S2-Rad-2 Imaging techniques X-ray CT-Scan and MRIORTH-S2-Orth-8 Complications of open fractures and post-surgical complicationsORTH-S2-Orth-8 ComplicationsORTH-S2-Orth-9 Rehabilitation and physiotherapy	7	fractures and bone	History taking & bed side teaching			
9open and closed type of fracturesManagement of open and close fracturePractical, CBL/ PBL10Describe consequences of fractures & dislocationsORTH-T-S2-Orth-7 Complications of Open fractures and dislocationsPractical, CBL/ PBL11Discuss techniquesImaging techniquesORTH-T-S2-Rad-2 Imaging techniques X-ray CT-Scan and MRIPrevention open fractures and post-surgical complications12Discuss omplicationsORTH-S2-Orth-8 ComplicationsOmplications of open fractures and post-surgical complications13Prevention multidisciplinary approachORTH-S2-Orth-9 Rehabilitation and physiotherapyPractical, CBL/ PBL	8		Developmental abnormalities and		SBQs & OSVE,	
10Describe consequences of fractures & dislocationsComplications of Open fractures and dislocations11Discuss techniquesImaging techniquesORTH-T-S2-Rad-2 Imaging techniques X-ray CT-Scan and MRI12Discuss techniques0RTH-S2-Orth-8 ComplicationsORTH-S2-Orth-8 Complications of open fractures and post-surgical complications13Prevention multidisciplinary approachORTH-S2-Orth-9 Rehabilitation and physiotherapy	9	open and closed type of	Management of open and close	Practical, CBL/	OSCE, Clinical Exam	
11Discuss techniquesImaging techniques12Discuss complicationspost-surgical 	10		Complications of Open fractures			
12Discuss complicationspost-surgical ORTH-S2-Orth-8 Complications of open fractures and post-surgical complications13Prevention multidisciplinary approachORTH-S2-Orth-9 Rehabilitation and physiotherapy	11	5 5	Imaging techniques			
13         Prevention         and         ORTH-S2-Orth-9           multidisciplinary approach         Rehabilitation and physiotherapy	12		ORTH-S2-Orth-8 Complications of open fractures			
ORTH-T-S2-Phy-1	13		ORTH-S2-Orth-9 Rehabilitation and physiotherapy			
14     Pathophysiological changes in fracture healing Steoblasts     Fracture healing, Remodeling functions of Osteoclasts & Osteoblasts	14		Fracture healing, Remodeling functions of Osteoclasts & Osteoblasts			
15     Types of bone union     ORTH-S2-Orth-10       Fracture union Primary and     Secondary union	15	Types of bone union	Fracture union Primary and			
16         Bone findings on Imaging         ORTH-S2-Orth-11 X-ray Reading	16	Bone findings on Imaging	ORTH-S2-Orth-11			
17 Approach to patient with History taking and bed side bone disorder, fracture teaching	17		History taking and bed side			





### Theme 3: Metabolic Bone Diseases

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	TOPIC	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
18	Bone infections, pathophysiology	<b>ORTH-T-S2-Path-1</b> Bone Infection Types of infection, Patho- Physiology of Osteomyelitis		
19	Define osteomyelitis and its types	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-1 Definition of Osteomyelitis Types of Osteomyelitis		
20	Diagnosis and management of osteomyelitis	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-2 Investigations and treatment options		
21	Assess findings of osteomyelitis by imaging techniques	ORTH-T-S2-Rad-1 Imaging and Osteomyelitis X-ray Ct-scan and MRI		
22	Surgical management of osteomyelitis	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-3 Surgical Interventions and osteomyelitis		
23	Prevention and multidisciplinary approach to management	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-4 Rehabilitation and Infection Prevention		
24	Discuss Calcium and vitamin D metabolism	<b>ORTH-T-S2-Bio-1</b> Calcium Metabolism Parathyroid hormone and vitamin D Metabolism		
25	Definition, causes and bone changes in rickets	<b>ORTH-T-S2-Orth-5</b> Definition of Rickets, effects of Calcium & Vitamin D on Bone	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD,	s & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical
26	Discuss clinical features, treatment and prevention of Rickets & osteomalacia	<b>ORTH-T-S2-Orth-6</b> Clinical Feature of Rickets and Osteomalacia Treatment and Prevention	Practical, CBL/ PBL	Exam
27	Define osteoporosis and osteomalacia	<b>ORTH-T-S2-Phy-1</b> Osteoporosis & Osteomalacia		
28	Discuss hyperparathyroidism and its clinical presentation	<b>ORTH-T-S2-Orth-7</b> Diagnosis, Clinical Features and Management of Hyper- Parathyroidism		
29	Discuss Management and prevention of Osteoporosis and Osteomalacia	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-8 Management and prevention of Osteoporosis and Osteomalacia		
30	Define WHO Classification of bone tumors	ORTH-T-S2-Path-2 Bone tumors and WHO Classification		
31	Define a management plan of trauma patient	<b>ORTH-T-S2-Orth-9</b> Management of Upper Limb Trauma		
32	Discuss Approach to a trauma patient	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-10 Approach to Trauma patient		
33	Approach to patient	History taking and bed side teaching		

#### Theme 4: Bone Tumors



### Theme 5: Congenital Anomalies Theme 6: Degenerative Disorders

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	TOPIC	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
	Common sites of benign and	ORTH-T-S2-Path-1		
34	malignant tumors	Benign & malignant bone		
35	Radiographic features of bone tumors	ORTH-T-Rad-1 Imaging in Tumor X-ray Ct-		
55		Scan and MRI		
	Discuss Management	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-1		
36	protocols of bone tumors	Management of bone Tumors		
	Define Bone tumors	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-2		
37	diagnostic protocols	Tumor Protocol and Biopsy		
•	Discuss Basic Principals	Principles		
	of tumor biopsies	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-3		
38	Discuss Surgical management of bone	Surgical Interventions and		
50	management of bone tumors	Bone Tumors		
	Discuss Prosthetic	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-4		
39	management of bone	Prosthesis and Orthosis		
	disorders			
40	Define types of joints, their	ORTH-T-S2-Ana-1		
	structure and functions	Type of joints, joint Lining		
	Define congenital	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-5		
41	anomalies of bone	Congenital Telepies Equino Varus, Developmental	Lecture/	
41	Discuss clinical features	Dysplasia Hip, Sign &	Demonstration,	SBQs & OSVE,
		Symptoms & Clinical Features	SGD,	OSCE, Clinical
	Discuss treatment and	ORTH-T-S2-Orth H-6	Practical, CBL/	Exam
42	prevention of CTEV and	Treatment of CTEV and DDH	PBL	
	DDH	and its prevention		
	Describe Metabolic pathway	ORTH-T-S2-Pharm-1		
43	of uric acid production and	Uric Acid pathway and		
	accumulation Define the pathophysiology	metabolism ORTH-T-S2-Orth-7		
	and clinical features of			
44	Osteo-Arthritis, Rheumatoid	Osteo-Arthritis, Rheumatoid		
	Arthritis, Gout	Arthritis, Gout		
	Discuss Diagnostic and	ORTH-T-S2-Orth-8		
45	Management approach to	Diagnosis and Management of		
	OA, RA and Gout	Osteo-Arthritis		
		Rheumatoid Arthritis, Gout		
46	Define appropriate pain	ORTH-T-S2-Pharm-2		
46	management plan	NSAIDs,DMRDs its Effects and Side Effects		
	Discuss surgical	ORTH-T-S2-ORTH-9		
47	management of bone	Surgical Options in		
	degenerative disorders	Degenerative Disorders		
48	Define Post- Surgical	ORTH-T-S2-ORTH-10		
40	Complications	Post- Surgical Complications		
49	Approach to patient	History taking & Bed Side		
		teaching		



### Neurosurgery

### Learning Objectives

#### By the end of the curriculum the student shall be able to:

- Recall functional neuroanatomy brain and spinal cord.
- Revised embryology and histology of neuron, nerve and neuroglia.
- Enlist the investigations for diagnosing neurological disorder.
- History taking and examination of head injury and spinal cord pathology patient.
- Discuss the assessment and management of raised ICP, cerebral edema and brain herniation.
- Classify brain tumors and evaluate management plan.
- Assess the vascular pathology of brain.
- Know the approach for assessment and management of congenital disorder the brain and spine.

#### **Themes**

- Theme 1: Congenital anomalies of CNS
- Theme 2: Traumatic Brain Injury
- Theme 3: Intracranial hemorrhage
- Theme 4: Composition, Synthesis and Flow of CSF, Hydrocephalus and Its Management
- Theme 5: Approaches and Management of CNS tumors at different ages
- Theme 6: Spinal cord trauma and myelopathy

### **Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies**

### Theme 1: Congenital Anomalies of CNS

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	ΤΟΡΙϹ	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
1	Revisit the neuroanatomy of brain	ORTH-T-S2-Ana-1 Functional Neuroanatomy of Brain		
2	Revisit the development of the brain	ORTH-T-S2-Ana-2-E1 Development of brain	Lecture/ Demonstration,	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
3	Formulate the cases and consequences of various birth defect and developmental disorder involving CNS		SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	
4	Revisit histology of neurons and neuroglia	ORTH-T-S2-Ana-3-H-1 Neurons and neuroglia		



### Theme 2: Traumatic Brain Injury

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	ΤΟΡΙϹ	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
5	Predict the general reaction of brain to various injurious processes in terms of brain edema or razed intracranial pressure and develop a management plan	<ul> <li>ORTH-T-S2-NSUR-2</li> <li>Assessment of causes and management of cerebral edema, raised intracranial pressure and brain herniation</li> <li>ORTH-T-S2-Rad-1</li> <li>CT-scan &amp; MRI Brain</li> <li>ORTH-T-S2-NSUR-3</li> <li>1. Skull fractures</li> <li>2. Parenchymal injuries</li> <li>Concussion</li> <li>Direct parenchymal injuries</li> <li>Diffuse axonal injuries</li> <li>3. Traumatic vascular injuries</li> <li>Epidural hematoma</li> <li>Subdural hematoma</li> <li>Parenchymal</li> <li>4. Sequelae of brain trauma</li> </ul>	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam

#### **Theme 3: Intracranial Hemorrhage**

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	ΤΟΡΙϹ	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
6	Manage ischemic or hemorrhagic cerebrovascular events by knowing their effect on brain parenchyma and various clinical effects along with radiological diagnosis	ORTH-T-S2-Ana-4 Circulation of brain and basal ganglion ORTH-T-S2-NSUR-4 Intracranial hemorrhage ORTH-T-S2-Rad-2 CT Scan & MRI	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam

# Theme 4: Composition, Synthesis and Flow of CSF, Hydrocephalus and Its Management

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	ΤΟΡΙϹ	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
7	Synthesis and flow of CSF along with its composition, hydrocephalus and its management	ORTH-T-S2-Phy-1 Flow and circulation of CSF ORTH-T-S2-Ana-5 Ventricular System ORTH-T-S2-NSUR-5 Presentation and management ORTH-T-S2-Rad-3 CT Scan & MRI	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam



### Theme 5: Approaches and Management of CNS tumors at different ages

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	ΤΟΡΙϹ	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
8	Relate the neoplastic processes involving different parts of brain with their clinical presentations and different ages	Approach and management of CNS Tumors & different	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
		brain tumor		

### Theme 6: Spinal cord trauma and myelopathy

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	ΤΟΡΙϹ	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
9	To localizes the lesion of compressive spinal cord pathology including vascular, neoplastic, infective and traumatic	Brief view of Spinal Cord ORTH-T-S2-NSUR-7	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam



### **Basic Sciences**

### Introduction

Welcome to the soft tissue and bone module. This exciting module will serve as building block and is very essential to your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several inter active activities.

This module covers the topics which are basic structure and function of bone, developmental disorders of bone and cartilage, fractures, bone repair and osteomyelitis, arthritis, benign bone and cartilage forming tumors, malignant bone and cartilage forming tumors, tumors of unknown origin and soft tissue tumors. All these topics are interactive and helpful in understanding the soft tissue and bone pathology.

#### Rationale

The soft tissue and bone module is designed with a compelling rationale, aiming to equip students with essential knowledge and skills for various disciplines:

#### **Duration:**

02 weeks

#### Learning outcomes

At the end of this module, the students will be able to understand pathological conditions, etiology, diagnostic techniques, treatment planning, radiological interpretation, histopathology and clinical correlation.

#### **Themes**

Theme 1:	Developmental Disorders of Bone & Cartilage, Basic Structure & Function of Bone.
Theme 2:	Fractures, Osteomyelitis and Arthritis.
Theme 3:	Benign Bone and Cartilage Forming Tumors, Malignant Bone and Cartilage Forming
	Tumors and Tumors of Unknown Origin
Theme 4:	Soft Tissue Tumors

**Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies** 

#### Theme 1: Developmental Disorders of Bone & Cartilage, Basic Structure & Function of Bone

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
1	<ul> <li>Functions of Bone</li> <li>Matrix</li> <li>Cells</li> <li>Development</li> <li>Homeostasis and Remodeling</li> </ul>	MSK-S2-Path-1 Basic Structure and Function of Bone	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
2	<ul> <li>Diseases Associated with Defects in Nuclear Proteins and Transcription Factors</li> <li>Diseases Associated with defects in Hormones and</li> </ul>	<b>MSK-S2-Path-2</b> Developmental Disorders Of Bone And Cartilage	Lecture	



	Signal Transduction Proteins		
•	Diseases Associated with defects in Metabolic Pathways (Enzymes, Ion Channels, and Transporters)		
•	Diseases Associated With Defects in Degradation of Macromolecules		

### **Theme 2:** Fracture, Osteomyelitis and Arthritis

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
3	<ul> <li>Define terms related to fracture</li> <li>Describe mechanism of bone healing</li> <li>Complications of fracture</li> <li>Pathophysiology of bone infection (osteomyelitis)</li> </ul>	MSK-S2-Path-3 Fractures, bone repair and osteomyelitis		
4	<ul> <li>What is arthritis</li> <li>Define Osteoarthritis and Rheumatoid Arthritis</li> <li>Explain pathophysiology of osteoarthritis and Rheumatoid Arthritis.</li> <li>Describe the clinical features of osteoarthritis and Rheumatoid Arthritis</li> <li>Treatment of osteoarthritis and Rheumatoid Arthritis</li> <li>Crystal-Induced Arthritis.</li> </ul>	MSK-S2-Path-4 Arthritis	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE

### Theme 3: Benign Bone and Cartilage Forming Tumors, Malignant Bone and Cartilage Forming Tumors and Tumors of Unknown Origin

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
5	<ul> <li>Osteoid Osteoma</li> <li>Osteoblastoma</li> <li>Osteochondroma</li> <li>Chondroma</li> </ul>	<b>MSK-S2-Path-5</b> Benign Bone and cartilage Forming Tumors		SBQs & OSVE
6	Gross and Microscopic Features	MSK-S2-Path-6 Cartilage And Bone Forming Tumors	Interactive Lecture	
7	<ul> <li>Osteosarcoma</li> <li>Chondrosarcoma</li> <li>Tumors of Unknown Origin</li> <li>Ewing Sarcoma</li> <li>Giant Cell Tumor</li> <li>Aneurysmal Bone Cyst</li> </ul>	MSK-S2-Path-7 Malignant Bone and cartilage Forming Tumors Tumors of Unknown Origin	Loolule	



#### Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro

### Theme 4: Soft Tissue Tumors

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
8	<ul> <li>Tumors of Adipose Tissue</li> <li>Lipoma</li> <li>Liposarcoma</li> <li>Fibrous Tumors</li> <li>Nodular Fasciitis</li> <li>Fibromatoses</li> <li>Superficial Fibromatosis</li> <li>Deep Fibromatosis (Desmoid Tumors)</li> <li>Skeletal Muscle Tumors</li> <li>Rhabdomyosarcoma</li> <li>Smooth Muscle Tumors</li> <li>Leiomyoma</li> <li>Leiomyosarcoma</li> </ul>	<b>MSK-S2-Path-8</b> Soft Tissue Tumors	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
9	Gross and Microscopic Features	MSK-S2-Path-9 Soft Tissue Tumors	Practical	OSPE & OSVE



### Introduction

### Neurology

Neuroscience is a multidisciplinary field that looks into the causes underlying neurological illness as well as the development and cellular operations of the nervous system. This module includes basic anatomical, physiological and biochemical concepts in relation to the nervous system and its link with clinical aspects related to the diseases of brain and nerves. This curriculum combines the chance to learn about the field broadly with in-depth knowledge in one of the three primary areas of neuroscience: clinical neuroscience, functional and integration neuroscience, and cellular and systems neuroscience.

### **Psychiatry**

Psychiatry is a fascinating and important area of medicine. Due to the nature of psychiatric illness (which may often be present/co-morbid with other conditions and/or affect the way people behave in a variety of situations), improved knowledge of Psychiatry would benefit professionals working in fields supplementary to Psychiatry and/or likely to come into contact with psychiatric illness on a regular basis.

#### Rationale

#### Neurology

The main goal of this module is to provide the foundation for understanding the impairments of sensation, action & cognition that accompany injury, disease or dysfunction in the central nervous system. This module will build upon the knowledge acquired through prior studies of cell molecular biology, general physiology & human anatomy with primary focus on the CNS. It will cover the important clinical aspects, pathological features, therapeutics & other common diseases of the CNS. Through this module students will develop an integrated, scientific knowledge and will be able to practice in a clinical setting and develop problem-solving skills helping to progress scientific discovery into neurological aspects of clinical and medical practice.

#### Psychiatry

The psychiatry module aims to provide students with an in-depth knowledge of the basic science, characteristics and presentation of psychiatric illness. Psychiatric illnesses are becoming increasingly common in all the socioeconomic as well as ethnic communities in all genders and age groups. This module will be helpful in understanding that how psychiatric illness is managed and the appropriateness of referrals for specific management plans. The students will also develop the ability to critically appraise, synthesise and evaluate research relating to psychiatric illness.

#### **Duration**

06 weeks

### **Learning Outcomes**

#### By the end of this module, the students will be able to:

• Develop a well-rounded understanding of the neuroanatomy, neurophysiology, and neuropsychology that underlie both neurological and psychiatric disorders.



- Acquire the skills to correlate anatomy, pathology, and pharmacology with clinical presentations in both neurology and psychiatry.
- Demonstrate the utilization of diagnostic tests such as EEG, CT, MRI, and plain X-rays, along with psychiatric evaluation tools, for accurate diagnosis.
- Formulate holistic treatment plans incorporating pharmacological, psychological, and Neurorehabilitation strategies for managing both neurological and psychiatric disorders.

#### Themes

#### Neurology

- Theme 1: Weakness (Monoplegia, Hemiplegia)
- Theme 2: Loss of Consciousness and Fits
- Theme 3: Headache
- Theme 4: Tremors and Difficulty in Walking / Loss of Balance (Ataxia)
- Theme 5: Vertigo and Loss of Vision
- Theme 6: Forgetfulness and Loss of Memory
- Theme 7: Paraplegia, Quadriplegia
- Theme 8: Loss of Vision
- Theme 9: Numbness and Parasthesias (Tingling, Needling Sensation)

#### Psychiatry

- Theme 1: Psychosis/ Schizophrenia Patho-Physiology, Classification Investigation/ Management
- Theme 2: Mood Disorders and Anxiety Disorders, Patho-Physiology, Classification Investigation/ Management

### **Topics with Specific Learning Objectives and Teaching Strategies**

- Theme 1: Weakness (Monoplegia, Hemiplegia)
- Theme 2: Loss of Consciousness and Fits
- Theme 3: Headache
- Theme 4: Tremors and Difficulty in Walking / Loss of Balance (Ataxia)
- Theme 5: Vertigo and Loss of Vision
- Theme 6: Forgetfulness and Loss of Memory
- Theme 7:Paraplegia, Quadriplegia
- Theme 8: Loss of Vision
- Theme 9:
   Numbness and Parasthesias (Tingling, Needling Sensation)

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	ΤΟΡΙϹ	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
1	Revisit the neuro anatomy of brain, cranial nerves and cerebellum (revisit) + Localize the lesion in CNS and PNS + Evaluation of ischemic or hemorrhagic cerebrovascular events and their clinical effect on brain parenchyma	blood supply brain	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam



		NS-S2-PathH-1	
	To loorn about the	Cerebral hypoxia and cerebral	
	To learn about the		
	pathological processes	edema	
	affecting the neurons	NS-S2-Path-2	
2	system. And Correlation	Degenerative disorders of brain	
2	between clinical	and spinal cord pathological	
	presentations and	perspective	
	pathogenic	NS-S2-Path-3	
	mechanisms.	Pathological perspective/	
		classification of neuropathies	
		NS-S2-Neu-1	
		Cerebrovascular Disorders	
	Investigations for	diagnosis	
	Neurological Disorders +	NS-S2-Neu-2	
	Correlate between	Definition and classification of	
	clinical presentations and	seizure disorders	
	pathogenic mechanisms	NS-S2-Neu-3	
	involved in CNS	cerebrovascular disorders	
		management	
	infections and	NS-S2-Neu-4	
	infestations. +	Diagnosis & mana-gement of	
	Identify the involvement	5	
	of isolated or multiple	epilepsy	
	brain regions and	NS-S2-Neu-5	
	structures in	Meningitis	
	degenerative disorders	NS-S2-Neu-6	
	and know resulting	Encephalitis	
	clinical syndromes. +	NS-S2-Neu-7	
	Localize the lesion in	Brain abscess	
	various neruo axis. +	NS-S2-Neu-8	
	To learn about clinical		
	•		
	diagnosis and		
3	investigation about	• • • •	
	stroke, headache and		
	epilepsy. +	NS-S2-Neu-10	
	Differentiate between		
	different types of anterior		
	horn cell disorders,	2	
	neuropathies and	diagnosis and management	
	Myopathies by knowing		
	their pathology, clinical		
	features and	NS-S2-Neu-13	
	investigations. +	Friedreich's ataxia	
	lesions and their		
	radiological appearance		
		NS-S2-Neu-15	
		Normal pressure hydrocephalus	
	reaction of brain to	NS-S2-Neu-16	
	various injurious	Leuko dystrophies	
	processes in terms of	NS-S2-Neu-17	
	brain edema or raised	Alzheimer disease	
	intracranial pressure and	NS-S2-Neu-18	
	develop a management a	Multiples sclerosis	
	plan. +	NS-S2-Neu-19	
	·	Transverse mylitis	
l.		NS-S2-Neu-20	



		Nouro	
		Neuro electrophysiology	
		(NCSEMG, VEP, BERA, EEG)	
		NS-S2-Neu-21	
		TB spine	
		NS-S2-Neu-22	
		Acute and chronic peripheral	
		neuropathies	
		NS-S2-Neu-23	
		Sub acute combine	
		degeneration of cord	
		NS-S2-Neu-24	
		Myasthenia gravis	
		NS-S2-Neu-25	
		Muscular dystrophies	
		NS-S2-Neu-26	
		Approach to the visual loss	
		NS-S2-Neu-27	
		Metabolic and inflammatory	
		Myopathies	
	To learn the basic	NS-S2-Rad-1	
	concept about	basics of neuro imagining (X -	
	neuroimaging and their	ray, CT Scan and MRI)	
4	interpretation	NS-S2-Rad-2	
		Neuro imaging of multiple	
		sclerosis	
		NS-S2-Pharm-1	
	To learn about the	Anti-epileptic drugs + Drugs for	
	indication	migraine	
5	contraindication of	NS-S2-Pharm-2	
5	various drugs used for	Anti tubercles and drugs for the	
	management of common	CNS infections	
	neurological disorders	NS-S2-Pharm-3	
	<u> </u>	Drugs for parkinsonism	
		NS-S2-CM-1	
		Overview on global burden of	
	Recognize the	neurological Disorders	
6	importance of Community	NS-S2-CM-2	
-	medicine in neurological	Public health principles and	
	disorders	awareness about neurological	
		disorders	
	To learn about the basic	NS-S2-PMR-1	
7	knowledge about Neuro	Neuro rehabilitation of common	
'	rehabilitation	UMN and LMN disorders	
	renabilitation	UNIN AND LIVIN DISORDERS	



## **PSYCHIATRY**

# Theme 1:Psychosis/SchizophreniaPatho-Physiology,Classification Investigation/ Management

Theme 2: Mood Disorders and Anxiety Disorders, Patho-Physiology, Classification Investigation/ Management

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	TOPIC	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
1	<ul> <li>Explain the neuroanatomical changes associated with mental and behavioral disorders.</li> <li>Identify specific brain regions affected in different disorders.</li> <li>Explain the relationship between brain structures and behavioral manifestations.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-Ana-1</b> Neuroanatomical Changes in Mental and Behavioral Disorders		
2	<ul> <li>Define psychosis and its key characteristics.</li> <li>Classify different types of psychosis.</li> <li>Explain the clinical presentations of psychosis.</li> <li>Differentiate between positive and negative symptoms of psychosis.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-1</b> Psychosis Concept and Classifications		
3	<ul> <li>Describe the clinical features of schizophrenia.</li> <li>Identify the subtypes of schizophrenia.</li> <li>Explain the course and prognosis of the disorder.</li> <li>Explain the challenges in managing schizophrenia.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-2</b> Schizophrenia	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
4	<ul> <li>Explain the mechanisms of action of antipsychotic medications.</li> <li>Identify common antipsychotic drugs and their side effects.</li> </ul>	NS-S2-Pharm-1 Psycho- pharmacology of Antipsychotic		
5	<ul> <li>Explore disorders within the schizophrenia spectrum.</li> <li>Explain the similarities and differences between these disorders.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-3</b> Schizophrenia Spectrum Disorders		
6	<ul> <li>Apply the bio-psychosocial model in the management of schizophrenia.</li> <li>Develop comprehensive treatment plans considering biological, psychological, and social factors.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-4</b> Management of Schizophrenia Bio- Psychosocial Model		



	1		
	•	Explain the role of mood stabilizers in psychiatric treatment.	
7	•	Identify common mood stabilizers and their mechanisms of action.	NS-S2-Pharm-2 Psychopharmacology of Mood Stabilizers
	•	Recognize indications and contraindications for mood stabilizer use.	
	•	Define bipolar disorder and its diagnostic criteria.	
8	•	Identify the different phases of bipolar disorder. Explain the challenges in	NS-S2-PSY-5 Bipolar Disorder
		managing bipolar disorder.	
	•	Explore neurophysiological and biochemical changes associated	
	•	with mental disorders. Explain the role of	<b>NS-S2-Bio-1</b> Neurophysiological/Bi
9		neurotransmitters in psychiatric conditions.	ochemical Changes in Mental Disorders
	•	Identify key biomarkers related to mental and behavioral	in Mental Disorders
		disorders.	
	•	personality disorders.	
	•	Identify different types of personality disorders.	NS-S2-PSY-6
10	•	Explain the diagnostic criteria for personality disorders.	Personality and Personality Disorders
	•	Explore the impact of personality disorders on an individual's functioning.	
	•	Apply therapeutic approaches in the management of personality	NS-S2-PSY-7
11		disorders.	Management of
	•	Develop strategies for coping with challenging behaviors.	Personality Disorders
	•	Explain the applications of neuro-imaging in psychiatric	NS-S2-Rad-1
12		conditions. Interpret neuro-imaging results	Basics of Neuro- imaging (CT Scan
		in the context of mental health assessment.	and MRI)
	•	Identify general medical conditions that may present with	NS-S2-CM-1
13	•	acute psychosis. Explain the relationship between	General Medical Conditions Presented
		medical conditions and psychiatric symptoms.	with Acute Psychosis



14	<ul> <li>Implement appropriate interventions for the management of psychosis in the context of general medical conditions.</li> <li>Collaborate with medical professionals in addressing underlying medical issues.</li> <li>Explain the importance of a multidisciplinary approach in such cases.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-CM-2</b> Management of General Medical Conditions Presented with Psychosis
15	<ul> <li>Explain the mechanisms of action of antidepressant medications.</li> <li>Identify common antidepressant drugs and their side effects.</li> </ul>	NS-S2-Pharm-3 Psycho- pharmacology of Antidepressants
16	<ul> <li>Define major depressive disorder and its diagnostic criteria.</li> <li>Recognize the symptoms and course of major depressive episodes.</li> <li>Explain the impact of major depressive disorder on individuals and society.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-8</b> Major Depressive Disorder
17	<ul> <li>Apply the bio-psychosocial model in the management of major depressive disorder.</li> <li>Develop comprehensive treatment plans considering biological, psychological, and social factors.</li> </ul>	NS-S2-PSY-9 Management of Major Depressive Disorder Bio-Psychosocial Model
18	<ul> <li>Explain the social factors influencing suicide.</li> <li>Identify risk and protective factors related to suicide.</li> <li>Discuss the impact of societal attitudes on individuals at risk of suicide.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-10</b> Social Perspective of Suicide
19	<ul> <li>Identify risk factors associated with deliberate self-harm and suicide.</li> <li>Conduct a comprehensive assessment of suicide risk.</li> <li>Develop intervention strategies for individuals at risk.</li> </ul>	NS-S2-PSY-11 Deliberate Self- Harm/Suicide Risk Factors and Assessment
20	<ul> <li>Explain the mechanisms of action of anxiolytic and sedative medications.</li> <li>Identify common drugs in these categories and their side effects.</li> <li>Explain the role of anxiolytics and sedatives in the treatment of anxiety-related disorders.</li> </ul>	NS-S2-Pharm-4 Psycho- pharmacology of Anxiolytics & Sedatives





	Develop management strategies	
	for various sleep disorders.	
	<ul> <li>Define somatoform and dissociative disorders.</li> <li>Classify different types of somatoform and dissociative disorders.</li> </ul>	NS-S2-PSY-19 Somatoform & Dissociative
28	<ul> <li>Explain the clinical presentations of these disorders.</li> <li>Explore the relationship between psychological factors and somatic symptoms.</li> </ul>	Disorders Classification and Clinical Presentations
29	<ul> <li>Apply therapeutic approaches in the management of somatoform and dissociative disorders.</li> <li>Develop strategies for addressing somatic symptoms in a holistic manner.</li> <li>Collaborate with healthcare professionals for comprehensive care.</li> </ul>	NS-S2-PSY-20 Management of Somatoform & Dissociative Disorders
30	<ul> <li>Explain the neurobiological basis of addiction.</li> <li>Identify the impact of substances on the brain's reward system.</li> <li>Explore the concept of tolerance, dependence, and withdrawal.</li> <li>Recognize the role of genetics in addiction susceptibility.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-21</b> Neurobiological Basis of Addiction
31	<ul> <li>Conduct a comprehensive assessment for substance use disorders.</li> <li>Identify diagnostic criteria for different substance use disorders.</li> <li>Explain the impact of substance use on mental and physical health.</li> <li>Differentiate between substance abuse and dependence.</li> </ul>	
32	<ul> <li>Develop individualized treatment plans for substance use disorders.</li> <li>Implement evidence-based interventions for substance use disorders.</li> <li>Address co-occurring mental health issues in the context of substance use.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-23</b> Management of Substance Use Disorder
33	<ul> <li>Explain the stages of child development.</li> <li>Identify key milestones in cognitive, social, and emotional development.</li> <li>Explore factors influencing child development.</li> </ul>	NS-S2-PSY-24 Child Development



34	<ul> <li>Define pervasive developmental disorders (autism spectrum disorders).</li> <li>Identify diagnostic criteria for different disorders within the spectrum.</li> <li>Explain the challenges faced by individuals with pervasive developmental disorders.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-25</b> Pervasive Developmental Disorders
35	<ul> <li>Conduct comprehensive assessments for developmental disorders.</li> <li>Develop intervention plans tailored to the individual needs of children with developmental disorders.</li> </ul>	NS-S2-PSY-26 Assessment and Management of Developmental Disorders
36	<ul> <li>Differentiate between dementia and delirium.</li> <li>Explain the clinical presentations of dementia and delirium.</li> <li>Identify risk factors for these disorders.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-27</b> Dementia and Delirium
37	<ul> <li>Recognize the signs and symptoms of dementia and delirium.</li> <li>Explain the progression of cognitive decline in dementia.</li> <li>Identify reversible causes of delirium.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-28</b> Clinical Presentations of Dementia and Delirium
38	<ul> <li>Implement strategies for managing behavioral and cognitive symptoms in dementia.</li> <li>Provide support for individuals and caregivers coping with dementia</li> </ul>	NS-S2-PSY-29 Management of Dementia and Delirium
39	<ul> <li>Explain the concept of stigma in the context of mental health.</li> <li>Explore the impact of stigma on individuals seeking mental health services.</li> <li>Engage in mental health advocacy to reduce stigma.</li> </ul>	
40	<ul> <li>Explain the legal framework surrounding mental health.</li> <li>Identify the rights and responsibilities of individuals with mental health issues.</li> <li>Navigate the legal processes related to involuntary commitment and treatment.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-PSY-30</b> Legal Aspects of Mental Health



## **Basic Sciences**

## Introduction

Welcome to the Neuroscience module-II. This exciting module will serve as building block and is very essential to your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several inter active activities.

This module covers the topics which are Pathogenesis of infective and tumorous conditions of nervous system like meningitis including bacterial, viral, tuberculous and fungal meningitis CSF findings to differentiate various types of meningitis and brain tumors including both central and peripheral nervous system tumors like gliomas, neuronal tumors, meningiomas, peripheral nerve sheath tumors and others. All these topics are interactive and helpful in understanding the renal pathology.

#### Rationale

Diseases of the nervous system are common all over the world. Timely diagnosis and management of acute CNS problems like cerebrovascular accidents and infections prevents morbidity and mortality. Early diagnosis and prompt treatment of ischemic, infective and tumorous conditions like meningitis, cerebrovascular accident and brain tumors is important to reduce the occurrence of disability burden on community. After Understanding the structure and function of nervous system and its relationship with pathophysiology of diseases in neuroscience module-I, the students will be able to understand various infective and tumorous conditions of nervous system the neuropathology module-II by integrating the teachings of basic and clinical pathology, clinical medicine and surgery related to the disorders of the central and peripheral nervous system.

#### Learning outcomes

At the end of this module, the students will be able to understand common clinical problems like meningitis and brain tumors and to correlate with Pathogenesis of diseases of meninges and brain parenchymal disease, related investigations like CSF examination and biopsies

#### Themes

Theme 1:	Inflammatory and Infective Diseases of CNS
Theme 2:	Tumors of Central Nervous System

#### **Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies**

#### Theme 1: Inflammatory and Infective Diseases of CNS

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Pathology		
1	<ul> <li>Define meningitis and encephalitis</li> <li>Discuss common Central Nervous System infections including acute (pyogenic) bacterial infections, acute aseptic viral infections, chronic bacterial meningo- encephalitis, and fungal</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-Path-1</b> Inflammation and infections of CNS-1	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam



	meningo-encephalitis	
	Viral pathogens causing	NS-S2-Path-2
	meningitis, Enteroviruses, HSV-2,	Inflammation and
	Arboviruses	infections of CNS-2
	Discuss pathogenesis of cerebral	NS-S2-Path-3
	malaria, Naeglaria fowleri and	Inflammation and
	Cysticercosis	infections of CNS-3
	Infection of Brain & Meninges &	NS-S2-Path-4
2	CSF interpretation	Inflammation and
		infections of CNS-4
	List the most common organisms	NS-S2-Path-5
	that cause CNS infection in	Inflammation and
	different age groups	infections of CNS-5
	Discuss CSF findings of bacterial,	NS-S2-Path-6
	tuberculous, viral and fungal	Inflammation and
	meningitis	infections of CNS-6

## Theme 2: Tumors of Central Nervous System

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
3	<ul> <li>Classify CNS tumors according to WHO classification</li> <li>List genetic mutations, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of brain tumors</li> <li>Including all types of Glioma, Ependymoma, Medulloblastoma and Meningioma</li> <li>Discuss the metastatic tumors to brain</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-Path-7</b> Brain tumors	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
4	<ul> <li>Classify different types of antiepileptic agents.</li> <li>Describe the mechanism of action, and adverse effects.</li> </ul>	NS-S2-Pharm-1 Antiepiletics		
5	<ul> <li>Classify different types of antipsychotic agents.</li> <li>Describe the mechanism of action, and adverse effects.</li> </ul>	NS-S2-Pharm-2 Antipsychotics		
6	<ul> <li>Enlist different drugs that are used for the treatment of Parkinson disease.</li> <li>Describe their mechanism of action and adverse effects.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-Pharm-3</b> Treatment of Parkinson Disease		
7	<ul> <li>Discuss the pathophysiology of migraine headaches</li> <li>Discuss both pharmacologic and non-pharmacologic treatment strategies for migraine.</li> </ul>	<b>NS-S2-Pharm-4</b> Treatment of Migraine		



## **05 CARDIOLOGY**

### Introduction

Welcome to the Cardiology module. This interesting module very essential to build your foundation in medicine and allied. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several inter active activities.

This module comprehensively covers the clinical applications that we encounter in everyday life as a cardiologist. All these topics are interactive and helpful in understanding the disease process as well as their management.

#### Rationale

Heart is the one of if not the most essential organ of the body, it has a complex interaction with other essential organs of the body, its importance in human life is critical for survival of human being to understand the complex functioning as well as the common disease process is critical for every medical student to learn and by understanding it one can truly excel in medicine.

#### **Duration**

02 Weeks

## **Learning Outcomes**

#### After completion of MBBS course the student should be able to:

- Recognize the clinical presentations of common cardiovascular diseases in the community.
- Diagnose these diseases on the basis of history, examination and clinical investigations.
- Identify the preventive measures for counseling their patients.
- Practice basic principles of management of common disease and make appropriate referral.
- Recognize of the prognosis to counsel their patients.
- Be aware of the specific diagnostic tools for cardiovascular diseases, and their interpretation.

#### Themes

- Theme 1: Ischemia, Heart Failure, Congenital Heart Diseases and Vascular Diseases
- Theme 2: Arrythmias, Valvular Heart Disease and Heart Diseases and Pregnancy



## **Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies**

## Theme 1: Ischemia, Heart Failure, Congenital Heart Diseases and Vascular Diseases

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	TOPIC	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
1	<ul> <li>NSTE-ACS:         <ul> <li>Unstable Angina</li> <li>NSTEMI</li> </ul> </li> <li>STEMI</li> </ul>	<b>CAR-S2-Cardio-1</b> Acute Coronary Syndrome		
2	<ul> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Clinical Presentation</li> <li>Diagnostic testing</li> <li>Therapy</li> </ul>	CAR-S2-Cardio-2 Chronic Coronary Syndrome		
3	<ul> <li>Heart Failure with systolic Dysfunction</li> <li>Heart Failure with preserved ejection fraction</li> </ul>	<b>CAR-S2-Cardio-3</b> Heart Failure	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
4	<ul> <li>ASD</li> <li>VSD</li> <li>PDA</li> <li>Coarctation of Aorta\</li> <li>Tetralogy of Fallot</li> </ul>	<b>CAR-S2-Cardio-4</b> Congenital Heart Diseases		
5	<ul><li>Venous thromboembolism</li><li>Peripheral Arterial disease</li><li>Carotid artery disease.</li></ul>	<b>CAR-S2-Cardio-5</b> Vascular Diseases		

# Theme 2: Arrythmias, Valvular Heart Disease and Heart Diseases and Pregnancy

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	TOPIC	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
1	<ul><li>Supraventricular arrhythmias</li><li>Ventricular arrythmias</li></ul>	CAR-S2-Cardio-6 Tacchyarrythmia		
2	<ul> <li>Sinus Node Dysfunction</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> degree AV Blocks</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> degree AV Block</li> <li>3<sup>rd</sup> degree AV Block</li> </ul>	<b>CAR-S2-Cardio-7</b> Bradyarrythmias		
3	<ul> <li>Mitral Valve Disease</li> <li>Mitral stenosis</li> <li>Mitral Regurgitation</li> </ul>	<b>CAR-S2-Cardio-8</b> Valvular Heart Disease	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
4	<ul><li>Aortic Valve Disease</li><li>Aortic stenosis</li><li>Aortic Regurgitation</li></ul>	<b>CAR-S2-Cardio-9</b> Valvular Heart Disease		
5	Introduction	CAR-S2-Cardio- 10		



•	Normal Physiologic changes during pregnancy Cardiovascular evaluation	Heart Diseases and Pregnancy	
	during pregnancy		
•	Pregnancy in women with CHD		
•	VHD and pregnancy		
•	<ul> <li>Hypertensive disorders in Pregnancy</li> </ul>		



## **06 EXCRETORY & RENAL MODULE -III**

## Nephrology

## Introduction

Welcome to the Nephrology module. This module is very essential to build foundation in the field of medicine and allied. This module is designed to make learning both interesting and productive by including several interactions.

This module covers the structural anatomy, and physiology of the kidneys, as well as common renal disorders encounter in our society. All these topics are interactive and helpful in understanding the renal diseases.

#### Rationale

The kidneys are very important the organs of the body, Maintaining the blood pressure (hemodynamic status), pH, electrolytes, body volume & excretion of waste products from the body. The kidneys are vulnerable to many systemic diseases, genetic diseases, and environmental diseases, infections, communicable & non communicable diseases. Understanding therapeutic and preventive measures for many renal diseases is the need of time, not only to save the cost of treatment which is very high for managing kidney diseases but also for maintaining the better quality of life. At the end of module, the student shall gain the understanding to diagnose & manage common renal problems including Acute Kidney Injury, Chronic Kidney Injury, and Electrolyte disorders such as sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium & interpretation of ABGs disorders. Understanding the clinical renal module will not only will be important for patients management but will also be helpful for clearing in various licensing examination for many countries.

#### **Duration**

04 Weeks

#### Learning outcomes

#### After completion of MBBS course the student should be able to:

- Recognize the clinical presentations of common renal disorders.
- Diagnose these disorders on the basis of history, examination and clinical investigations.
- Identify the preventive measures for counseling regarding the non-communicable diseases.
- Practice basic principles of management of common disease and make appropriate referral.
- Estimate the prognosis to counsel the patients and family members.
- Aware of the specific diagnostic tools for renal diseases, and their interpretation.

#### Themes

- Theme 1: Glomerular Conditions Including Glomerular Syndromes, Conditions Associated with Systemic Disorders and Isolated Glomerular Abnormalities
- Theme 2: Renal Excretory Infections and Vascular Disease
- Theme 3: Obstructive Uropathy (Urolithiasis, Hydronephrosis)
- Theme 4: Tumors of Renal/ Excretory System



## Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	TOPIC	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
1	<ul> <li>Basic and advance renal investigations</li> <li>When, how, which and what type of investigation to be sent according to renal illness</li> <li>The basics that how such investigation to be interpret</li> <li>The significance of test in disease, its prognosis and monitoring.</li> <li>Basic case scenarios on various important investigations.</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Neph-1</b> Investigations in renal medicine	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, OSVE, OS	
2	<ul> <li>Definition of terms</li> <li>Basic classification of glomerular diseases</li> <li>Proteinuria and its types</li> <li>Difference b/w nephritic and nephrotic syndrome</li> <li>Approach to a patient with glomerular diseases</li> <li>Management of nephritic and nephritic syndrome</li> <li>Case based scenarios on various glomerular diseases.</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Neph-2</b> Clinical presentation and basic management of glomerular diseases: nephritic & nephrotic syndrome		SBQs & OSVE, OSCE,
3	<ul> <li>Describe an over view of anatomy &amp; physiology of urinary system.</li> <li>Explain the classification of acute renal injury.</li> <li>Discuss the clinical picture and presentation of acute renal injury.</li> <li>Basic management</li> <li>Case based scenarios.</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Neph-3</b> Acute kidney injury		-
4	<ul> <li>Identify the causes of chronic kidney disease</li> <li>Explain the pathogenesis of chronic kidney disease</li> <li>Describe the signs and symptoms and presentation of chronic kidney disease</li> <li>Management Clinical case-based scenarios</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Neph-4</b> Chronic kidney disease		
5	<ul> <li>Different modalities of dialysis</li> <li>Over view of renal transplant Common post renal transplant medical complications.</li> </ul>	EXC-S2-Neph-5 Renal replacement therapy		

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	TOPIC	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
				49	9

4	<ul> <li>Case based scenarios (50 questions).</li> <li>Clinical examination at bed side history/systemic examination.</li> </ul>	Assessment	Award to best student of the group	SBQs & OSVE
3	<ul> <li>Physiology of acid base homeostasis</li> <li>Metabolic acidosis: causes. Pathophysiology, case-based interpretation with compensation.</li> <li>Metabolic alkalosis: causes. Pathophysiology, case-based interpretation with compensation</li> <li>Respiratory acidosis: causes. Pathophysiology, case-based interpretation with compensation</li> <li>Respiratory acidosis: causes. Pathophysiology, case-based interpretation with compensation</li> <li>Respiratory acidosis: causes. Pathophysiology, case-based interpretation with compensation</li> <li>Mixed disorders, diagnosis</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Neph-6</b> Management of Acid base disorders& Arterial blood Gases interpretation (two days)	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
2	<ul> <li>Describe the distribution of sodium in the body.</li> <li>Enlist the causes of hyponatremia and hypernatremia.</li> <li>Discuss the diagnosis and management of these disorders</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Phy-2</b> Sodium disorders		
1	<ul> <li>Describe the distribution of potassium in the body.</li> <li>Enlist the causes of hypokalemia and hyperkalemia.</li> <li>Discuss the diagnosis and management of these disorders</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Phy-1</b> Potassium Disorders		



## Urology

## Introduction

Its Renal Excretory Module, module comprises of conditions related with Kidneys, Ureter, Urinary Bladder, Prostate, Male Genitalia and accessory glands. it is collectively known as Urology. It is one of most diverse fields of medicine which share major chunk of innovations in the field of medicine.

This module will enable you to understand conditions related to organs which are related to this module, its clinical implications and ways for treating the related diseases in most constructive and interactive manner.

#### Rationale

This module comprises of multiple important organs of body. Thy are having pivotal role in the homeostasis of the human body. Organs like kidneys, ureter, bladder, prostate and male genitals are complex organs and functions in very diverse ways so disease process also take very unusual pathways so it is beyond discussion that it is very important to know treating strategy for urological conditions like urolithiasis, urological neoplasms, infertility and paediatric urological conditions etc and preventing the recurrence of the disease.

#### **Learning Outcomes**

#### At the end of module candidate should be able to:

- Understand the normal functioning of organs in the module.
- Take thorough history, clinical examination emphasising on Urological structures.
- Interpret diagnostic tests and their proper indications.
- Diagnose clinical conditions involving mentioned organs with the help of basic as well as advanced investigative tools.
- Advice proper treatment modalities to commonly occurring conditions.
- Design preventive measures for different conditions discussed in module.
- Provide proper follow-ups to get good prognosis.

#### **Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies**

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	TOPIC	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
1	Pathogenesis of stone formation with different theories	EXC-S2-URO-1 Stone disease 1	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL		
2	Diagnosis with brief introduction to investigations	EXC-S2-URO-2 Stone disease 2		SBQs &	
3	Pathogenesis of BPE and carcinoma of prostate, overview of investigative modilities	EXC-S2-URO-3 Prostate (benign and Malignant)		OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam	
4	Types of bladdar tumors, pathogenesis and diagnosis	EXC-S2-URO-4 Urinary bladdar Neoplasms			

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVE	ΤΟΡΙϹ	LEARNING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
-----	--------------------	-------	----------------------	------------	--



1	History, Clinical examination, Investigations, medical and surgical management	<b>EXC-S2-URO-5</b> Urolithiasis	_	
2	History, Clinical examination, Investigations, medical and surgical management.	EXC-S2-URO-6 Benign prostatic enlargement		
3	History, Clinical examination, Investigations, medical and surgical management, prognosis, follow up.	EXC-S2-URO-7 Prostatic neoplasms		
4	History, Clinical examination, Investigations, management. History, clinical examination,	EXC-S2-URO-8 Urinary tract infection	Lecture/ Demonstration,	SBQs &
5	diagnosis, Medical and surgical management, followup and prognosis	<b>EXC-S2-URO-9</b> Renal Neoplasms	SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
6	PUJO, PUV, VUR, cryptorchidism	EXC-S2-URO-10 Paediatric Urology		
7	Renal, ureter, bladder, male genitals	EXC-S2-URO-11 Urological Trauma		
8	Hydrocele, varicocel, epididymal cyst.	EXC-S2-URO-12 Benign scrotal conditions		
9	History, Clinical examination, Investigations, management. History, clinical examination, diagnosis, Medical and surgical management, followup and prognosis	EXC-S2-URO-13 Malignant scrotal conditions		
10	Oral/ MCQs	Assessment		SBQs & OSVE

## **Basic Sciences**

## Introduction

Welcome to the Renal & excretory module. This exciting module will serve as building block and is very essential to your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several inter active activities.

This module covers the topics which are Pathogenesis of glomerular disease, Glomerular conditions associated with system disorders and Isolated glomerular abnormalities, Renal vascular disease, Obstructive uropathy (Urolithiasis, Hydronephrosis), Tumors of Renal and Lower Urinary System, Kidney function tests, Urine Analysis and Urine C/S. All these topics are interactive and helpful in understanding the renal pathology.

#### Rationale

Renal system and excretory system is Responsible for the body to get rid of waste and toxic substances. In this module the renal and excretory system will be examined in detail with emphasis on Pathogenesis of glomerular disease, Glomerular conditions associated with system disorders and Isolated glomerular abnormalities, Renal vascular disease, Obstructive uropathy (Urolithiasis, Hydronephrosis), Tumors of Renal and Lower Urinary System, Kidney function tests, Urine Analysis and Urine C/S.

This module will enable the students of third year to recognize the clinical presentations of common renal diseases and relate clinical manifestations to basic sciences.



## **Learning Outcomes**

At the end of this module, the students will be able to understand common clinical problems like kidney syndromes and to correlate with Pathogenesis of glomerular disease, Glomerular conditions associated with systemic disorders and Isolated glomerular abnormalities, Renal vascular disease, like benign and malignant nephrosclerosis, Obstructive uropathy (Urolithiasis, Hydronephrosis), Tumors of Renal and Lower Urinary System, Kidney function tests, Urine Analysis and Urine C/S.

#### **Themes**

Theme 1:	Glomerular conditions including glomerular syndromes, conditions associated with
	systemic disorders and Isolated glomerular abnormalities.
Theme 2:	Kidney/ Excretory Infections and Renal Vascular Disorders
Theme 3:	Obstructive uropathy (Urolithiasis, Hydronephrosis)
Theme 4:	Tumors of Renal/ excretory System

## **Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies**

#### Theme 1: Glomerular Conditions Including Glomerular Syndromes, Conditions Associated with Systemic Disorders and Isolated Glomerular Abnormalities

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
1	<ul> <li>Classify glomerular disease.</li> <li>Define glomerular syndrome</li> <li>Discuss pathogenesis of glomerular injury and mediators of glomerular injury.</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Path-1</b> Glomerular diseases	Interactive Lecture	
2	<ul> <li>Describe various glomerular syndromes</li> <li>Define nephritic syndrome</li> <li>Describe pathophysiology and clinical features of nephritic syndrome</li> <li>Differentiate between nephritic and nephrotic syndrome.</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Path-2</b> Nephritic Syndrome		
3	<ul> <li>Define and describe causes:</li> <li>Pathophysiology and clinical features of nephrotic syndrome.</li> <li>Differentiate between nephritic and nephrotic syndrome.</li> </ul>	EXC-S2-Path-3 Nephrotic Syndrome		Lecture
4	<ul> <li>Discuss the pathophysiology, morphology and clinical features in glomerular conditions associated with systemic disease e.g Diabetic nephropathy, Lupus nephritis, henoch schonlein purpura.</li> <li>Explain isolated glomerular abnormalities including IGA</li> </ul>	EXC-S2-Path-4 Glomerular conditions associated with system disorders and Isolated glomerular abnormalities		



#### Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro

	nephropathy, Hereditary nephritis, Alport syndrome.	
5	<ul> <li>Name kidney function test</li> <li>Mention clinical interpretation of serum urea, creatinine, BUN and creatinine clearance test.</li> </ul>	EXC-S2-Path-5 Kidney function tests

## Theme 2: Kidney/ Excretory Infections and Renal Vascular Disorders

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
6	<ul> <li>Describe causes and pathogenic mechanism of tubulointerstitial injury</li> <li>Etiology, pathogenesis and morphology of acute tubular necrosis.</li> <li>Describe etiopathogenesis and morphology of tubulointerstitial nephritis.</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Path-6</b> Tubulo insterstitial Injury	Lecture/ Demonstratio n, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL		
7	<ul> <li>Identify predisposing factors of pyelonephritis</li> <li>Describe causes, pathogenic mechanisms and morphology of acute pyelonephritis.</li> <li>Describe clinical course and complications of acute pyelonephritis.</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Path-7</b> Pyelonephritis		SBQs & OSVE,	
8	<ul> <li>Define chronic pyelonephritis</li> <li>Enumerate causes and morphological features of chronic pyelonephritis.</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Path-8</b> Chronic Pyelonephritis		OSCE, Clinical Exam	
9	<ul> <li>Identify the causes of UTI.</li> <li>Describe predisposing factors and clinical presentation.</li> </ul>	EXC-S2-Path-9 Urinary tract infections			
10	<ul> <li>Classify renal vascular disease.</li> <li>Discuss etiology, pathogenesis, morphology, clinical features of benign and malignant nephrosclerosis.</li> <li>Define renal artery stenosis mention its causes, clinical features. Describe thrombotic microangiopathy and other vascular disorders</li> </ul>	<b>EXC-S2-Path-10</b> Renal Vascular disease			
11	Describe urine detail report and different methods of urine culture	<b>EXC-S2-Path-11</b> Urine Analysis and Urine Culture	Practical	OSPE & OSVE	

## **Theme 3:** Obstructive Uropathy (Urolithiasis, Hydronephrosis)

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
sulle.				EA	



12	<ul> <li>Name various types of renal calculi.</li> <li>Describe etiopathology causes and complication</li> </ul>	EXC-S2-Path-12 Kidney stones	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD,	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical
13	Identify causes, pathophysiology, gross and microscopic features & clinical features of hydronephrosis.	EXC-S2-Path-13 Hydronephrosis	Practical, CBL/ PBL	Exam

## Theme 4: Tumors of Renal/ Excretory System

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
14	<ul> <li>Name benign and malignant tumor of kidney.</li> <li>Describe etiopathology, risk factor and morphology and clinical features of Renal Cell Carcinoma.</li> </ul>		Interactive	SBQs & OSVE
15	<ul> <li>Classify urothelial tumor.</li> <li>Discuss etiology, pathogenesis, morphology, clinical features and diagnosis of urothelial tumors.</li> </ul>	EXC-S2-Path-15 Tumor of Urinary System-II	Lecture	SDQS & USVE
16	Describe gross and microscopic features of benign & malignant kidney and urinary bladder tumors	EXC-S2-Path-16 Kidney and urinary bladder tumors	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
17	Classify difference types of Diuretics, Describe the mechanism of action of Diuretics Identify the clinical uses and adverse effects of Diuretics	EXC-S2-Pharm-1	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



## **07 INTEGUMENTARY MODULE**

### Dermatology

## Introduction

Welcome to the Integumentary module. This interesting module very essential to build your foundation in medicine and allied. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several inter active activities.

This module covers the structural anatomy and physiology of the skin as well as common skin disorders encounter in our society. All these topics are interactive and helpful in understanding the skin diseases.

#### Rationale

Skin is the largest organ of the body. Its exposed position makes it susceptible to a large number of disorders which include, allergic conditions, infections, and involvement in metabolic disorders. In this dermatology module the student shall gain the understanding of skin diseases, their clinical presentation, diagnosis and their management.

## **Learning Outcomes**

#### After completion of MBBS course the student should be able to:

- Recognize the clinical presentations of common Skin diseases in the community.
- Diagnose these diseases on the basis of history, examination and clinical investigations.
- Identify the preventive measures for counseling their patients.
- Practice basic principles of management of common disease and make appropriate referral.
- Recognize of the prognosis to counsel their patients.
- Be aware of the specific diagnostic tools for Skin diseases, and their interpretation.

#### Themes

- Theme 1: Introduction and Inflammatory Dermatosis
- Theme 2: Infections of Skin

#### **Plastic Surgery/ Burns**

#### By the end of this module, 4th-year undergraduate medical students should be able to:

- Enlist the type of skin and its behavior after injuries like pigmentation, hypertrophic scar and Keloid.
- Enumerate the relevant investigation in a given scenario including blood investigations, relevant X-ray, Echo, CT and MRI scan.
- Diagnose the type of wound and its management.
- Enlist the different skin lesion and tumor and its management on the basis of local and regional flaps.
- Discuss the axial pattern flap for distant area coverage.
- Explain the biological and artificial skin for coverage.
- Describe the acute burn care.



- Discuss how the graft applied
- Enumerate and identify various benign and malignant skin lesions.
- Enlist and describe various congenital anomalies dealt in Plastic surgery.
- Identify appropriate patient referral for further management.

#### Themes

- Theme 1: Basic
- Theme 2: Burns and wound healing
- Theme 3: Sin Lesions/ Tumours

#### **Duration**

03 Weeks

## **Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies**

#### Theme 1: Introduction and Inflammatory Dermatosis

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPICS	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
1	<ul> <li>Recognize the Layers of epidermis &amp; Dermis</li> <li>Recognize the appendages</li> <li>Explore the functions of epidermis and dermis</li> </ul>	IM-S2-Derm-1 Anatomy and physiology of the skin		
2	Recognize primary and secondary cutaneous lesions	IM-S2-Derm-2 Primary and secondary skin lesions	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
3	To diagnose different types of psoriasis & their management	IM-S2-Derm-3 Psoriasis	PBL	LXdiii
4	To diagnose acne vulgaris & its management	IM-S2-Derm-4 Acne vulgaris		
5	To diagnose atopic Eczema & study its management	IM-S2-Derm-5 Atopic dermatitis		

#### Theme 1: Infections of Skin

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPICS	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
6	To diagnose superficial cutaneous bacterial infections, and their management	IM-S2-Derm-6 Bacterial Infection		
7	To diagnose different types of superficial fungal infections and their management	<b>IM-S2-Derm-7</b> Fungal	Lecture/	SBQs & OSVE,
8	To diagnose common cutaneous viral infections and their management	IM-S2-Derm-8 Viral Infections	Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	OSCE, Clinical Exam
9	To diagnose the Leishmaniasis and their management	IM-S2-Derm-9 Parasitic Infections		
10	To diagnose scabies and its management.	IM-S2-Derm-10 Parasitic Infections		



#### Theme: Basic

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPICS	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
11	<ul> <li>The student will be able to:</li> <li>Define what is plastic surgery</li> <li>Describe history of plastic surgery</li> <li>Define sub-specialties in plastic surgery</li> <li>Describe factors involved in obtaining fine line scar</li> <li>Describe step ladder in plastic surgical armamentarium</li> </ul>	<b>IM-S2-PSurg-1</b> Introduction to Plastic Surgery	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam

#### Theme: Burns and Wound Healing

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPICS	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
12	<ul> <li>The student will be able to:</li> <li>Define and Identify different types and degrees of burns</li> <li>Describe management of acute burns</li> <li>Enumerate complications of Burns</li> <li>Describe measures for prevention of burns and its complications</li> </ul>	<b>IM-S2-PSurg-2</b> Burns		
13	<ul> <li>The student will be able to:</li> <li>Define stages of wound healing</li> <li>Describe mechanisms involved in wound healing</li> <li>Describe aberrant wound healing</li> <li>Identify factors causing delayed wound healing</li> <li>Describe options for wound management</li> <li>Describe recent advances in wound healing strategies</li> </ul>	<b>IM-S2-PSurg-3</b> Wound healing	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam
14	<ul> <li>The student will be able to define:</li> <li>What is skin graft, Types of skin graft, Mechanism of skin graft take, Uses of skin graft, Complications of skin grafts, The student is able to Define: What is a flap, Different types of flaps, Types of local flaps, Z-plasty, Uses of different flaps, Complications of different flaps</li> </ul>	<b>IM-S2-PSurg-4</b> Graft/ Flaps		

#### Theme: Birth Defects

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPICS	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
15	The student will be able to describe:	IM-S2-PSurg-5 Congenital anomalies	Lecture/ Demonstration,	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical



Cleft lip deformity, Cleft palate deformity, Hypospadias, Haemangioma, Vascular malformations, Syndactyly	SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	Exam
--	-----------------------------	------

## Theme: Skin lesions/ tumours

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPICS	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
16	<ul> <li>The student will be able to identify:</li> <li>Benign skin lesion</li> <li>Cutaneous malignancies</li> <li>Squamous cell carcinoma</li> <li>Basal cell carcinoma</li> <li>Melanoma</li> </ul>	<b>IM-S2-PSurg-6</b> Skin lesion/tumors	Lecture/ Demonstration, SGD, Practical, CBL/ PBL	SBQs & OSVE, OSCE, Clinical Exam



### Introduction

Welcome to the Reproductive module. This exciting module will serve as building block and is very essential to your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several inter active activities.

Reproductive health is a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being in all matters relating to the reproductive system. Reproductive Health is essential for peoples' overall well-being. Hence Reproductive health and specifically women's reproductive health is given prime importance at a global level.

This module will address inflammatory, neoplastic and non-neoplastic diseases of female genital organs, breast, sexually Transmitted Diseases and infertility. It will also address the inflammatory, non-neoplastic and neoplastic diseases of male reproductive system.

#### Rationale

More than half of the population of Pakistan are females. Diseases related to female and male reproductive systems constitute a large segment of medical practice in all countries. These diseases together with pregnancy and its related disorders are the core teaching in this module. Reproductive module is expected to build students basic knowledge about normal structure, development and diseases of reproductive system. This will help the students to gain the knowledge about the etiology and pathogenesis of diseases of both male and female reproductive system and methods of diagnosis these diseases.

This module will enable the students of fourth year to recognize the clinical presentations of common reproductive diseases. The student will develop the understanding of the pathology, clinical presentation, and diagnosis of reproductive disorders, normal pregnancy and its disorders.

#### **Duration:**

03 weeks

#### **Learning Outcomes**

At the end of this module students should be able to:

- Recall the anatomy & physiology of male and female reproductive system.
- Discuss the etiology of early pregnancy disorders.
- Differentiate the non-neoplastic and neoplastic lesions of male and female genital tract.
- Differentiate between primary and secondary amenorrhea and discuss the management of infertility.
- Interpret the semen analysis report.
- Explain the clinical features diagnosis and management testicular tumors.
- Classify breast tumor and differentiate between non proliferative and proliferative breast lesions

#### Themes

#### Theme 1: Lesions of Female Genital Tract



Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences, Jamshoro

## **Topics with specific learning objectives and teaching strategies**

#### Theme 1: Lesions of Female Genital Tract

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT		
1	<ul> <li>Discuss congenital anomalies of female genital tract</li> <li>Define sexually transmitted infections</li> <li>Define Pelvic Inflammatory Disease</li> <li>List the organism causing genital tract infection</li> <li>Discuss complications of PID</li> </ul>	Rep-S2-Path-1 Congenital anomalies & Infections of female genital tract				
2	<ul> <li>Discuss the morphology, pathogenesis and clinical presentation of non-neoplastic &amp; neoplastic vulvar conditions.</li> <li>Explain the pathogenesis and morphology of vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia and squamous cell carcinoma</li> </ul>	Rep-S2-Path-2 Non-neoplastic and neoplastic conditions of vulva and vagina				
3	<ul> <li>Explain the infections of cervix including acute &amp; chronic cervicitis and Endocervical Polyps</li> <li>Discuss risk factors, pathogenesis and morphology of cervical intraepithelial lesions and cercvical carcinoma</li> </ul>	Rep-S2-Path-3 Non-neoplastic and neoplastic conditions of cervix	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE		
4	<ul> <li>Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of Abnormal uterine bleeding and Anovulatory Cycle</li> <li>Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of acute and chronic Endometritis, Endometriosis and Adenomyosis and Endometrial Polyps</li> <li>Define Endometrial hyperplasia and explain its etiology and morphology</li> </ul>	Rep-S2-Path-4 Functional Endometrial Disorders & Endometrial Hyperplasia				
5	<ul> <li>Explain the procedure of pap smear</li> <li>Differentiate the normal and abnormal pap smear</li> </ul>	Rep-S2-Path-5 Pap smear	Practical	OSPE & OSVE		



6	<ul> <li>Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of Carcinoma of the Endometrium</li> <li>Describe benign and malignant tumors of myometrium</li> </ul>	Rep-S2-Path-6 Tumors of Uterus	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
7	<ul> <li>Describe non neoplastic and functional cyst of ovary</li> <li>Explain etiology, morphology and clinical presentation of polycystic ovarian disease</li> </ul>	Rep-S2-Path-7 Diseases of ovary		
8	<ul> <li>Classify tumors of ovary</li> <li>Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of ovarian tumors</li> </ul>	Rep-S2-Path-8 Tumors of ovary	Interactive	SBQs & OSVE
9	<ul> <li>Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis and morphology of hydatiform mole including complete mole, partial mole and invasive mole</li> <li>Explain the pathogenesis and morphology of choriocarcinoma and placental site trophoblastic tumor</li> </ul>	Rep-S2-Path-9 Gestational Trophoblastic Diseases	Lecture	
10	Describe the morphology, gross and microscopic features of gestational tumors	Rep-S2-Path-10 Gestational Tumor	Practical	OSPE & OSVE

## Theme 2: Lesions of Male Genital Tract

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	ΤΟΡΙϹ	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
11	<ul> <li>Discuss congenital anomalies of male genital tract</li> <li>Describe inflammatory conditions of testis and epididymis</li> </ul>	Congenital anomalies and inflammation of		
12	<ul> <li>Classify testicular tumors</li> <li>Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of various types of testicular tumors</li> </ul>	Rep-S2-Path-12 Testicular Tumors	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
13	<ul> <li>Explain the etiology and morphology of prostatitis</li> <li>Describe gross and microscopic features and complications of BPH</li> </ul>	Rep-S2-Path-13 Prostatitis & benign prostatic hyperplasia		
14	Describe etiology, morphology, type and staging of carcinoma of prostate			



15	Explain the sample collection, gross, microscopic and chemical examination of semen	Rep-S2-Path-15 Semen D/R	Practical	OSPE & OSVE		
Pharmacology						
16	<ul> <li>Enlist different estrogen and antiestrogen preparations</li> <li>Describe the pharmacological effects, clinical uses and side effects of these agents</li> </ul>	<b>Rep-S2-Pharm-1</b> Estrogen And Antiestrogen				
17	<ul> <li>Enlist different types of hormonal contraceptives.</li> <li>Describe the mechanism of action of hormonal, contraceptives, their clinical uses and adverse effects of hormonal contraceptives.</li> </ul>	<b>Rep-S2-Pharm-2</b> Hormonal Contraceptives	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE		
18	<ul> <li>Describe the role of endogenous oxytocin in labour</li> <li>Describe the clinical conditions that may require the exogenous oxytocin</li> <li>Discuss the unwanted effects of Oxytocin.</li> </ul>	<b>Rep-S2-Pharm-3</b> Oxytocin				



## **09 ASSESSMENT**

ASSESSMENT PLAN FOR EACH PAPER	END OF YEAR ASSESMENT	INTERNAL EVALUATION	TOTAL %AGE
THEORY (SBQS)	80%	20%	100%
PRACTICAL EXAM (OSVE; OSCE)	80%		

ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL ASSESSMENT MARKS					
COMPONENT	SCORING MATRIX	PERCENTAGE			
THEORY	ATTENDANCE (>90%=03; 89- 80%=02; 79-70%=01;<70%=00	3%			
	Module tests	3%			
	Block tests	4%			
		10%			
	ATTENDANCE (>90%=03; 89- 80%=02; 79-70%=01;<70%=00	3%			
PRACTICAL	Module tests including ethics, conduct, practicals, assignments)	3%			
	Block tests	4%			
		10%			
TOTAL		20%			



## **10 LEARNING RESOURCES**

#### ENT

- 1. Logan Turner's Diseases of the Nose, Throat, and Ear: Head and Neck Surgery" by Michael J. Gleeso, 12<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 2. Diseases of Ear, Nose, and Throat" by P. L. Dhingra and Shruti Dhingra, 7th Edition
- Oto-Rhino-Laryngology A Problem Oriented Approach 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition Iqbal Hussain Udaipurwala
- 4. Current Diagnosis & Treatment Otolaryngology—Head and Neck Surgery, 4th Edition

#### PLASTIC SURGERY

- 1. Plastic Surgery: Volume 1: Principles" and "Plastic Surgery: Volume 2: Aesthetic Surgery" by Peter C. Neligan
- 2. Essentials of Plastic Surgery" by Jeffrey E. Janis

#### DERMATOLOGY

- 1. ABC of Dermatology, Authors: Paul K. Buxton, Rachael Morris-Jones, 7th Edition
- 2. Rook's Textbook of Dermatology, Authors: Christopher Griffiths, Jonathan, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition

#### PATHOLOGY

- 1. Robbins Basic Pathology, Authors: Vinay Kumar, Abul K. Abbas, Jon C. Aster, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 2. Rapid Review Pathology"Author: Edward F. Goljan MD, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition

#### PHARMACOLOGY

- 1. Lippincott Illustrated Reviews: Pharmacology. Authors: Richard A. Harvey, Pamela C. Champe, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition.
- 2. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Katzung. Authors: Bertram G. Katzung, Anthony J. Trevor. 14<sup>th</sup> Edition.

#### OPTHALMOLOGY

- 1. Clinical Ophthalmology" by J. J. Kanski, 9th Edition
- 2. Clinical Ophthalmology by Shafi Muhammad Jatoi

#### NEPHROLOGY

- 1. Davidson's principles and practice of Medicine, Ian D Penman, Stuart H. Ralston, MD 24<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 2. Current Medical diagnosis and Treatment, Maxine A. Papadakis, Stephen J. McPhee, Michael W. Rabow, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 3. Primer on Kidney Disease, Scott J. Daniel & Weiner, 8th Edition

#### UROLOGY

- 1. Bailey & Love's Short Practice of Surgery, 28<sup>th</sup> Edition.
- 2. Smith and Tanagho's General Urology, by Jack McAninch & Tom Lue, 19th Edition 19th Edition
- 3. Oxford Handbook of Urology, John Reynard, Simon F. Brewster, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition

#### ORTHOPAEDICS

- 1. Campbell's Operative Orthopaedics, Frederick M. Azar & S. Terry Canale & James H. Beaty. 14<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 2. Miller's Review of Orthopaedics, Mark D. Miller, Stephen R. Thompson, 8th Edition
- 3. Orthopedic Physical Assessment by David J Magee, 6th Edition

#### NEUROSURGERY

- 1. Neurology and Neurosurgery Illustrated, Kenneth W. Lindsay, Ian Bone, Geraint Fuller, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 2. Greenberg's Handbook of Neurosurgery by Mark S. Greenberg, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition



#### PSYCHIATRY

- 1. Shorter Oxford textbook of Psychiatry 7<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 2. Behavioral Sciences by Mowadat H. Rana, 3rd Edition

#### NEUROLOGY

- 1. Davidson's principles and practice of Medicine
- 2. Hutchison's Clinical Methods: An Integrated Approach to Clinical Practice
- 3. Macleod's Clinical Examination 14<sup>th</sup> Edition

#### Pathology:

- 1. Robbins & Cotran, Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th edition.
- 2. Rapid Review Pathology, 4th edition by Edward F. Goljan MD

#### Pharmacology:

- 1. Lippincot Illustrated Pharmacology
- 2. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Katzung

