STUDENT STUDY GUIDE



Integrated Modular System
1st Professional MBBS
Academic Year 2023-24



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PREFACE

The MBBS curriculum is designed to prepare the medical student to assume the role of the principal carer for patients. The majority of instruction in the various basic and clinical science disciplines is focused on attaining this objective. The amount of material and specificity that the student must acquire in order to complete the MBBS programme as a whole is substantial. Subject-based instruction affords students the chance to develop comprehensive and profound understanding of each respective subject. However, this instructional framework might result in the student failing to recognize the interconnectedness of knowledge across different disciplines, their interrelation, and most significantly, their significance in the context of patient care.

Over the years, numerous inventive approaches have been devised to tackle these obstacles. One such approach is the integration of instruction at multiple levels, which eliminates and reduces boundaries within subjects, both vertically and horizontally, across phases. LUMHS, while acknowledging the merits of these methodologies, has endeavoured to seize the opportunity to comprehend the interdependencies and minimise duplication in the subjects being instructed through the implementation of an integrated modular approach.

The cardiovascular system, musculoskeletal system, and respiratory system are few examples of system-based modules in an integrated modular curriculum that connects basic scientific knowledge to clinical problems. By means of integrated instruction, subjects are presented as a unified whole. Students can enhance their comprehension of basic scientific principles through consistent application of clinical examples in their learning. A skills lab provides early exposure to the acquisition of skills, case-based discussions, and self-directed learning are all elements of an integrated teaching programme.

LEARNING STRATEGIES

The following instructional and learning strategies are implemented to foster greater comprehension:

- Interactive Lectures
- Small group sessions
- Case-Based Learning (CBL),
- Self-Study,
- Practical.
- Skills lab sessions,
- Demonstrations
- Field visits

INTERACTIVE LECTURES

In large group, the lecturer actively involves the students by introducing the topic or common clinical conditions and explains the underlying phenomena by questions, pictures, videos of patients' interviews, exercises, etc. in order to enhance their learning process.

SMALL GROUP TEACHING (SGT):

This strategy is helpful for the students to make their concepts clear, and s acquiring skills or attitudes. These sessions are organized with the help of specific tasks such as patient case, interviews or discussion topics. Students are than encouraged to exchange their ideas and apply knowledge



gained from lectures, tutorials and self-study. The facilitator employs probing questioning, summarization, or rephrasing techniques to enhance the understanding of concepts.

CASE- BASED LEARNING:

A format of small group discussion that centres on a sequence of questions derived from a clinical scenario, with the aim of facilitating learning. Students engage in discussions and provide answers by applying pertinent knowledge acquired in clinical and basic health sciences throughout the curriculum.

PRACTICAL:

Basic science practical related to anatomy, biochemistry, pathology, pharmacology and physiology are scheduled to promote student learning by application.

SKILLS LAB SESSION:

Skills relevant to respective module are observed and practiced where applicable in skills laboratory.

SELF DIRECTED LEARNING:

Students take on the responsibility of their own learning by engaging in independent study, collaborating and talking with classmates, accessing knowledge from the Learning Resources available, teachers, and other experts. Students can make use of the designated self-study hours provided by the college.

DEMONSTRATIONS:

During Anatomy teaching hour students in small groups are encouraged to utilize their knowledge in demonstrating different morphological features of various organs of the body with the help of their facilitator and discuss with their peers. This would help in enhancing their learning as well as motivate them in team based learning environment.

FIELD VISITS:

Students visit community health areas to understand the common diseases and their preventive measures.

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STUDY GUIDE

A study guide is a strategic and effective approach to

- ❖ Provide students a detailed framework of the modules organization
- Support students in organising and managing their studies throughout academic year.
- Provide students information on assessment methods and the rules and regulations that apply.
- It outlines the outcomes which are expected to be achieved at the end of each module.
- Ascertains the education strategies such as lectures, small group teachings, demonstration, tutorial and case based learning that will be implemented to achieve the module objectives.
- Provides a list of learning resources for students in order to increase their learning.
- Emphasizes information on the contribution of attendance, end module tests, block examinations and annual examinations on the student's overall performance.
- Includes information on the assessment methods that will be held to determine every student's achievement of objectives.



ABBREVIATIONS

FOUNDATION Fnd **HAEMATOLOGY** Hem **RESPIRATORY RESP** CARDIOVASCULAR CVS MUSCULOSKELETAL MSK **PATHOLOGY** Path **PHARMACOLOGY** Pharm **MEDICINE** Med **SURGERY** Surg **PAEDIATRICS** Paeds **COMMUNITY MEDICINE** СМ Gynae & Obs **GYNAECOLOGY & OBSTETRICS** Cardio CARDIOLOGY S SPIRAL



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1 FOUNDATION MODULE-1

Introduction

Welcome to the foundation module. This exciting module will serve as building block and is very essential to your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several interactiveactivities.

During this module, students will be encouraged to learn basic organization of human body in terms of structure, function and Biochemical properties in an integrated manner i.e. Basic subjects including Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pharmacology and Pathology will be learned and assessed together. You will also learn to integrate basic knowledge with clinical relevance. By adopting this approach, you will be prepared for your future work as doctor, where patients will come to you with problems that are not categorized by disciplinename.

In order to help you learn in an integrated manner, we have updated the learning of basic sciences around a few key health-related situations (real life situations), which you are likely to encounter as house officers. You will be expected to think about the scenarios and participate in case-based learning sessions for clearing your concepts and better learning. It will also help you focus your attention on what you need to achieve from the Interactive Lectures, practical and tutorials that have been scheduled during thismodule.

Rational

Orientation of medical sciences in respect to health and disease is the fundamental requirement of every medical student. Therefore, this module is designed to provide the integration of core concepts that underlie the foundation of basic sciences and their correlation and application in clinical sciences. Students also learn clinical skills such as how to communicate effectively with patients and their relatives with compassion and understanding their issues/problems and how to resolve in coming years. Working in groups will enhance students' team working skills and capacity and management skills. Along with LGT/Interactive Lectures, practical and demonstrations; through supplemented case-based learning they develop problem solving skills to apply their basic medical knowledge and skills to practical situations under supervision and subsequently in real life practice.

Duration

8 weeks

Learning Outcomes

By the end of this foundation module, the students should be able to:

Knowledge

- Describe the cell division, its types and genetic material along with its clinical correlation.
- Describe the basic organization of the human body.
- Describe the basic tissues of the human body
- Explain the maintenance of homeostatic mechanism.



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- Describe the various malformations.
- Describe the Biochemistry of carbohydrates, nucleic acids and enzymes
- Describe various cellular adaptations during cell growth, differentiation and cell injury
- Describe the basic concepts of medical ethics, professionalism, clinical research, behavioral sciences, communication skills, information technology skills

Skills

- Describe the basic laboratory techniques and demonstrate the use of microscope
- Identify basic tissues under the microscope
- Learn and follow the basic laboratory protocols
- Perform Biochemical analysis of carbohydrates
- Prepare different solutions used in laboratory for tests

Attitude

- Follow the basic laboratory protocols
- Participate in class and practical work professionally
- Communicate effectively in a team with pears, staff and teachers
- Demonstrate professionalism and ethical values in dealing with patients, cadavers, pears, staff and teachers.
- Communicate effectively in a team with pears and teachers.
- Demonstrate the ability to reflect on the performance.

Themes

- Theme 1: Cell structure, Chemistry and Function
- Theme 2: Cellular interactions, Cell injuries, Cellular responses and Adaptations
- Theme 3: Body fluids: Composition, Function & Homeostasis
- Theme 4: Macromolecules: Fundamental tissues/systems of the human body
- Theme 5: Fundamental tissues/systems of the human body
- Theme 6: Development, Differentiation and Growth
- Theme 7: Genetics and Developmental anomalies

TOPICS WITH SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND TEACHING STRATEGIES

INTRODUCTORY WEEK

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT		
	Anatomy					
1	State the history of the subject Anatomy including its various branches and practical applications of Anatomy as a foundation in different fields of medicine	Introduction to the subject of Anatomy	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE		



2	Comprehend the exact location of dissected/prosecuted part /organ of human body with respect to various terms of positions, direction, and body planes	Fnd-S1-Ana-G2 Anatomical position, Anatomical planes & terms of position		
3	Interpret the movements of different parts of human body the knowledge of various terms of movement.	Fnd-S1-Ana-G3 Terms of movements		
4	Explain the appendicular and axial skeleton	Fnd-S1-Ana-G4 Introduction to the parts of axial and appendicular skeleton		
		Physiology		
5	Define Physiology and Enumerate the branches of Physiology	,	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
		Biochemistry		
6	 Define Biochemistry & Discuss the role of Biochemistry in medicine 	Fnd-S1-Bio-1 Introduction to Biochemistry and its implication in medicine	Interactive Lecture	SBQs &OSVE
7	Describe the significance of Protection protocols to keep yourself safe during Biochemistry laboratory work.	Fnd-S1-Bio-2 Laboratory Hazards & Protection Protocols		
8	Demonstrate importance of chemicals and reagents in the different reactions of Biomolecules	Fnd-S1-Bio-3 Chemicals and reagents	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
9	Illustrate techniques of using glassware and handling of Biochemical instruments during laboratory work.	Fnd-S1-Bio-4 Use of glassware & Instruments for laboratory work		
		Pathology		
10	 Define the pathology Enumerate the different branches of pathology Describe the terminologies used in Pathology 	Fnd-S1-Path-1 Introduction to Pathology	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
		Pharmacology		
11	 Define the Pharmacology and role of Pharmacology in medicine Discuss Pharmaco-dynamics and Pharmacokinetics 	Fnd-S1-Pharm-1 Introduction to Pharmacology and its implication in Medicine	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



	Community Medicine				
12	 Define different definition of public health/Community Medicine Discuss basic functions of Public health/community Medicine Define the difference between clinical and community medicine Discuss Non-Governmental organizations, International agencies and National Programs of Pakistan 	Fnd-S1-CM-1 Introduction to Community Medicine & Public Health	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
	F	Forensic Medicine			
13	 Define Forensic Medicine, Forensic Pathology and state Medicine Know the branches and the history of Forensic Medicine briefly Discuss the scope of Forensic Medicine in practice Identify the essential facilities for medico legal investigation. Define medical jurisprudence and differentiate it from Forensic medicine 	Fnd-S1-FM-1 Introduction to forensic Medicine and Toxicology	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
	N	Medical Education			
14	 Describe the curriculum and modules under implementation Describe the use of study guides (not to be assessed) Differentiate between various teaching & learning strategies Enlist various assessment tools, and assessment policy Describe various study skills 	Curriculum structure teaching learning strategies	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
15	strategies	Study skills strategies			
		rmation Technology			
16	Define IT and its importance in Medicine	Fnd-S1-IT-1 Importance of IT skills	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
		Library Sciences			
17	Learn literature searchskills	Fnd-S1-LIB-1 Literature search and library resources	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	



	Behavioral Sciences			
18	Learn the significance of communication skills in Medical Sciences		Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
	Communication Skills			
19	Learn the significance of communication skills in Medical Sciences		Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
	E	Biomedical Ethics		
20	Learn the significance of ethicsin MedicalSciences	Fnd-S1-BE-1 Introduction to Bio Medical Ethics	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
	Research Methodology			
21	Learn the significance of ethics in Medical Sciences	Fnd-S1-RM-1 Introduction to research methodology	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE

Theme 1: Cell Structure, Chemistry & Functions

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S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
22	Describe the basic structure and functions of cell membrane. Describe the basic structure and functions of the Nucleus.	Fnd-S1-Ana-H1 Cell structure and function (Membrane structure and the Nucleus)	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
23	Describe the structural Organization of different organelles of a cell. (Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi Apparatus, Ribosomes, Centrioles, Mitochondria, Lysosomes, Peroxisomes)	Fnd-S1-Ana-H2 Cell Organelles		
24	 Operate the different parts of the light microscope. Explain how to use the light microscope to visualize a slide. 	Fnd-S1-Ana-H3 Parts of Light microscope	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Physiology		
25	Describe the Functional arrangement of different level of organization and General structure, Physiology and composition of cell, tissues, organs, organ systems, cell nutrition, capillary and venules.	Functional arrangement of different levels of organization and General structure and composition of Cell.	Interactive Lecture	SBQs& OSVE
26	Define the Functional organization of different components of a cell and its organelles, Describe the	Cell organelles-l		



	functions of lysosomes & peroxisomes, Endoplasmic Reticulum.	Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi complex)		
27	of ATP • Describe the functions of ER,	Ribosomes Vaults Centromere.		
28	Recognize the structure & functions of Nucleus	Fnd-S1-Phy-5 Nucleus & its functions		
29	Show the Parts And Functions of the Microscope	Fnd-S1-Phy-6 Introduction to Microscope	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Biochemistry		
30	Describe the chemical structure and significance of mitochondria, functions and location of enzymes for metabolic pathways & chemical reactions that occur in mitochondria.	Fnd-S1-Bio-5 Mitochondria: Structure, functions & location of enzymes for metabolic pathways	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
31	Prepare all types of solutions and theirquantities in different chemicals reaction.	Fnd-S1-Bio-6 Solutions, concentration expression (Percent solutions, Molarity, Molality, Normality)	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Pathology		
32	 Define Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Atrophy and Metaplasia. Enlist Physiological and pathological mechanisms of cellular adaptation 	Fnd-S1-Path-2 Cellular adaptations	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



Theme 2: Cellular Interactions, Cell Injuries, Cellular Responses and Adaptations

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy	STRATEGY	
33	Describe components of cell surface modifications and junction complex	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-4 Cell surface modifications and cell Junctions	Interactive	SBQs & OSVE
34	Differentiate between normal and abnormal cell division and their consequences	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-1 Cell cycle: Mitosis and Meiosis cell divisions	Lecture	SDQS & USVE
35	 Enlist steps of tissue processing. Define the artifacts. Know the basic histological stains. Define H&E Staining. 	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-5 Slide preparation and the H&E Staining	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Physiology		
36	Explain composition and basic structure of cell membrane, its functional importance and adaptation	Fnd-S1-Phy-7 Plasma membrane & its structure and function	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
37	Describe types and process of transport across the membrane and their effects.	Fnd-S1-Phy-8 Types of transport, Simple Diffusion		
38	 Describe the Transport across cell membrane via protein mediated method. Describe the process of osmosis 	Fnd-S1-Phy-9 Protein mediated transport Facilitated diffusion, Osmosis		
39	Explain the Physiological mechanism and types of transport. (Passive & Active)	Fnd-S1-Phy-10 Active transport, Primary active transport, Secondary active transport Bulk transport		
40	 Describe the membrane potential its development & maintenance of resting membrane potential. Explain Permeability of cell membrane Explain the Propagation of action potential and its ionic basis 	Fnd-S1-Phy-11 Resting membrane Potential Graded potential, Factors affecting membrane potential		



41	 Discuss action potential Give mechanism of propagation of action potential & its ionic changes 	Fnd-S1-Phy-12 Action potential		
42	Employ types and methods of sterilization	Fnd-S1-Phy-13 Sterilization	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Pathology		
43	Demonstrate gross and microscopic features of cellular adaptations and Necrosis	Fnd-S1-Path-3 Cell Pathology	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
	F	Pharmacology		
44	 Enlist different routes of drug administration Describe the merits & demerits of the different routes of drug administration 	Fnd-S1-Pharm-2 Routes of drug administration (Entral, Parentral) drugs	Interactive	SPO & OSVE
45	Describe drug absorption & factors affecting rate and extent of drug absorption	Fnd-S1-Pharm-3 Absorption: Process of absorption & Factors modifying drug absorption	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE

Theme 3: Body Fluids: Composition, Function & Homeostasis

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
	Physiology				
46	Describe the divisions of body fluids into intracellular, extracellular and intravascular compartments.	Fnd-S1-Phy-14			
47	Recognize the Physiological aspects for the maintenance of homeostasis, ECF, Internal environment and role of various body systems in homeostasis.	Fnd-S1-Phy-15 Homeostasis	Interactive Lecture	SBQs& OSVE	
48	 Explain the concepts of homeostasis and its regulation through feedback mechanism. Negative feedback, Positive Feedback, Feed-forward Stress & disease 	Fnd-S1-Phy-16 Mechanisms of Homeo			
	Pharmacology				
49	Explain Bioavailability & describe factors affecting Bioavailability	Fnd-S1-Pharm-4 Bioavailability +half- life + 1st Pass Effect	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	



50	 Describe the distribution of a drug through various body compartments Explain clinical significance of Vd 	Fnd-S1-Pharm-5 Drug Distribution & Reservoir			
	Pathology				
51	Define cell agingDiscuss events in Cellular Aging	Fnd-S1-Path-4 Cell Aging	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	

Theme 4: Macromolecules/ Fundamental tissues/systems of the Human Body

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
	Anatomy				
52	 Define the divisions & functions of skeletal system. Classify bones on the basis of shape, development, region, structure and microscopic features, gross structure of adult long bone and parts of young long bone. 	Fnd-S1-Ana-G5 The skeletal system (classification of bones.)	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE	
53	Describe general concepts of development, ossification and blood supply of bones	Fnd-S1-Ana-G6 Bone development (ossification), Blood supply of long bones			
54	 Define the joints. Classify joints on the basis of structure, regions and functions Discuss the characteristics of synovial joints and classify on basis of structure & movement 	Fnd-S1-Ana-G7 The joints and its types. The synovial joints.	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
55	Define dislocation, sprain and inflammation of joints	Fnd-S1-Orth-1 Fractures	Clinical Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
56	 Describe the microscopic features of epithelial tissues Explain their functional importance and their surface modifications 	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-06 The Epithelium	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
57	Discuss gross and microscopic features of exocrine glands	Exocrine glands	Lecture		
58	Define the composition of the connective tissue.	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-08 Histology of			



59	 Describe and differentiate the microscopic features of the different types of the connective tissues Demonstrate histological features of cartilage. Describe the types of the cartilage. Identify different types of the 	Fnd-S1-Ana-H-09 The cartilage and its types Fnd-S1-Ana-H-10		
60	epithelia on the light microscope	Epithelium	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Physiology		
61	Explain Physiology experiments and introduction to power-lab.	Fnd-S1-Phy-17 Power lab		
62	 Identify the indications of hand washing Demonstrate the protocols and steps of hand washing insequential manner 	Fnd-S1-Phy-18 Hand washing	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Biochemistry		
63	Apply the basic knowledge of carbohydrates in chemistry for health	Fnd-S1-Bio-07 carbohydrates: introduction, classification and its Biochemical significance		
44	Describe the Biochemical structure of polysaccharides with its clinical importance	Fnd-S1-Bio-08 Monosaccharides: Classification, Structure, Functions		
65	Discuss functions of carbohydrates in cell membrane, energyprovision and nutrition supplyto different parts ofbody	Fnd-S1-Bio-09 Chemical Properties & Derivatives of Monosaccharides & their Biochemical significance in Biological systems.	Interactive Lecture	SBQs& OSVE
66	Describe different isomers of monosaccharides e.g. Glactose, Mannose, Fructose, Dextrose.	carbohydrates & their Biochemical significance.		
67	Explain Structure of disaccharides and oligosaccharides	Fnd-S1-Bio-11 Glycosidic Linkage, Biologically important disaccharides and oligosaccharides		



68	Describe classification of polysaccharides and their functions.	Fnd-S1-Bio-12 Polysaccharides: Classification, Structure & Functions of Homopolysaccharides		
69	Perform Molisch's Test, lodine Test, Benedict's Test to identify an unknown carbohydrate in a given fluid	Fnd-S1-Bio-13 Molisch's Test, Iodine Test, Benedict's Test	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
70	Detectcarbohydrates by different tests	Fnd-S1-Bio-14 Selivanoff's Test, Barfoed's Test, Osazone Test	Tradition	001 2 0 0012
71	Classify amino acids on the basis of their polarity, charge & nutritional significance.	Fnd-S1-Bio-15 Classification of Amino Acids on the basis of structure, Properties, Nutrition & their role in human metabolism		
72	 Describe Physio-chemical classification of proteins. Enumerate functional classification of proteins. Classify proteins on the basis of their axial ratio. 	Fnd-S1-Bio-16 Classification of Proteins on the basis of their structures, functions & chemical reactions.	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
73	Describe the structural levels of proteins and their important Biochemical features.	Fnd-S1-Bio-17 Structural Organization of Proteins		
74	Able to detect unknown amino acid/protein in a given fluid	Fnd-S1-Bio-18 General Tests for Proteins & Amino acids	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
75	Discuss the significance of Lipids for a balanced diet and Health	Fnd-S1-Bio-22 Lipids: Classification & Biochemical significance.	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
76	Able to detect proteins by colour reaction tests	Fnd-S1-Bio-19 Colour Reaction Tests of Proteins		
77	Able to detect proteins by Separation tests	Fnd-S1-Bio-20 Separation Tests		
78	Able to detect proteins by precipitation tests	Fnd-S1-Bio-21 Precipitation Tests	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
79	Able to detect solubility, oily nature, emulsification, saponification tests	Fnd-S1-Bio-23 Tests for Lipids		



	Pharmacology						
80	Explain Biotransformation & enlist phase I and phase II Biotransformation reactions	Fnd-S1-Phrm-6 Drug Biotransformation Phase-I Reactions	Interactive				
81	Explain Biotransformation Enlist phase I and phase II Biotransformation reactions	Fnd-S1-Phrm-7 Drug Biotransformation Phase-II reactions	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE			

Theme 5: Fundamental Tissues/Systems of the Human Body

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
82	 Define the parts of the skin Define the appendages of the skin. Recognize the role of Component tissues of Skin and fascia in Support and Protection 	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-08 Introduction to Integumentary system (Skin and fascia)		
83	 Explain the types and functions of blood vessels. (Arteries, veins, capillaries and Anastomosis) 	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-09 Blood vascular system		
84	Integrate the function of Defense with the structureof lymph nodes andlymphatic's	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-10 Introduction to lymphatic system		
85	 Define the types of muscles Describe the internal structure of muscle action, nerve supply and naming of skeletal muscles Define smooth and cardiac muscles. 	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-11 Definition and classification of muscles	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
86	 Describe the Nervous system and classification of NS Define the central and peripheral nervous system 	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-12 Introduction to Nervous System		
87	Describe the structure and the structure of the typical spinal nerve.	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-13 Formation and structure of Typical Spinal Nerve		
88	 Define the autonomic nervous system. Describe the types and functions of Autonomic Nervous System. 	Fnd-S1-Ana-G-14 General Concepts of Autonomic nervous system		



89	Describe the process of Gametogenesis	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-2 Gametogenesis					
90	Discuss ovulation and phases and outcomes of fertilization	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-3 Ovulation Fertilization					
91	Enumerate the events of first week of development (cleavage and blastocyst formation and implantation)	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-4 The First week of development					
92	Enumerate the events of Second week of development (Formation of amniotic cavity, amnion, bilaminar embryonic disc, yolk sac, chorionic sac and primary chorionic villi)	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-5 The second week of development					
93	 Recognize male & female genitalia. Describe the process of fertilization (conception). 	Fnd-S1-Cli-G&O-1 Fertilization (The conception)					
	Physiology						
		Physiology					
94	 Describe the Physiological Concepts and organization of nervous system. State general physiological concepts and organization of Autonomic Nervous System 	Fnd-S1-Phy-19 Introduction Organization of the					
94	Concepts and organization of nervous system. • State general physiological concepts and organization of	Fnd-S1-Phy-19 Introduction Organization of the Nervous system Fnd-S1-Phy-20 Neuron and neuroglia synaptic transmission	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE			
	Concepts and organization of nervous system. State general physiological concepts and organization of Autonomic Nervous System Describe the basic Structure and function of neuron & neuroglia Describe the Excitable cells and	Fnd-S1-Phy-19 Introduction Organization of the Nervous system Fnd-S1-Phy-20 Neuron and neuroglia synaptic		SBQs & OSVE			
95	Concepts and organization of nervous system. State general physiological concepts and organization of Autonomic Nervous System Describe the basic Structure and function of neuron & neuroglia Describe the Excitable cells and their types(Synapse) Definition, structure, functions and types of synapse, Properties of	Fnd-S1-Phy-19 Introduction Organization of the Nervous system Fnd-S1-Phy-20 Neuron and neuroglia synaptic transmission Fnd-S1-Phy-21 Synapses and neural		SBQs & OSVE			

Theme 6: Development, Differentiation and Growth

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
98	 Explain the main events of third week of development State formation of the primitive streak, Gastrulation and notochord 	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-6 Third week of development (Trilaminar germ disc)	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



	Explain formation of neural tube	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-7
99	and somites	Third week to eighth
99	Recognize external appearance	week of development
	of embryo during second month	(Embryonic period)
	Enlist the derivatives of Ectoderm	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-08
400	and neural crest cells	Derivatives of
100		ectodermal germ layer
		and neural crest cells
	Enlist the derivatives of	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-09
	mesodermal and endodermal	Derivatives of
101	germ layers	mesodermal and
		endodermal germ
		layers
	Describe the development of fetus	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-10
102	& parturition	3 rd month to birth
		(Fetal Period)
	Explain the interchange of	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-11
	substances between maternal and	Placenta and fetal
103	fetal blood by applying the	membranes
103	knowledge of structure and	
	functions of placenta and fetal	
	Membranes & clinicals	
104	Describe the Ectopic pregnancy &	Fnd-S1-CL-O&G-2
104	its consequences.	Ectopic pregnancy

Theme 7: Genetics and Developmental Anomalies

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
105	 Define teratogenesis and the basic principles of teratogenesis. Categorize the common teratogens 	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-12 Teratogenesis		
106	Explain the types of twin/ multiple pregnancies and clinical significance	Fnd-S1-Ana-E-13 Twin pregnancy	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
107	 Calculate the expected date of delivery (EDD) Describe various methods used to assess fetal wellbeing 	Fnd-S1-Gyn &Obs-3 The Fetal wellbeing & EDD		
		Biochemistry		
108	Enlist different types of nucleotides and their basis in genetics.	Fnd-S1-Bio-24 Structure and types of nucleotides.	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
109	Enlist different types of nucleotides and their basis in genetics	Fnd-S1-Bio-25 Structure of DNA & RNA	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



	Physiology							
	• • •							
110	Describe Physiological basis of gene and functions of DNA and RNA	Fnd-S1-Phy-22 DNA, Gene, Genetic code RNA,Types, codan, anti codan Fnd-S1-Phy-23 Control of gene functions	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE				
		Pharmacology						
111	Explain the term Pharmacodynamics Explain the terms affinity, efficacy, intrinsic activity & potency	Fnd-S1-Pharm-09 Introduction to Dynamics Drug Receptors A. Relation between drug concentration & response & signaling Mechanism Fnd-S1-Pharm-10 Drug Receptors B. Second messengers & receptor regulation	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE				
112	Describe the general mechanisms by which drugs act	Fnd-S1-Pharm-11 Factors Modifying drug action &Therapeutics Index						
113	Correlate the principles of general Pharmacology for the appropriate therapy of disorders / diseases	Fnd-S1-Pharm-12 Adverse drug reaction (ADR) Fnd-S1-Pharm-13 Teratogenicdrugs						
		Pathology						
114	 Define Mutation and its types. Classification of genetic disorders Define Mendelian Disorders 	Fnd-S1-Path-5 Introduction to genetic disorder						
115	 Describe the normal Karyotype Discuss various numerical and structural abnormalities of chromosomes 	Fnd-S1-Path-6 Chromosomal aberration.	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE				
116	Describe causes and pathogenesis of congenital fetal abnormalities	Fnd-S1-Path-7 Congenital fetal abnormalities						



Blueprint of Assessment

Purpose of Assessment: Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS

Curriculum: Integrated Modular Curriculum

Module: Foundation Module I

Module.		1.0	unuanon	Module	1							
Weeks	Week1	Week2	Week3	Week4	Week5	Week6	Week7	Week8	Total hrs	Weight age %	Rounde d off Weighta ge %	Total number of Qs
Teaching hours												
Gross Ana	02	01	02	02	01	01	01		10	9.6	10	10
Histology	01	01	01	01		01			05	4.8	05	05
Embryology	01	01							13	12.5	12	12
Physiology	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	02	23	22.11	22	22
Biochemistry	01	01	02	01	01	01	02	01	25	25.03	25	25
Pathology		1		1	1	1	1	2	07	6.7	07	07
Pharmacology	01	02	02	01	02	02	02	01	13	12.5	12	12
Parallel subjects (CM, BS, IT, Mres, Prof, clinical)	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	08	7.6	07	07
Total									104		100%	100

Subject in Module	Proportion of subjects in module	Weightage	Test Instrument/tool/method				Explanation
What to assess?			How to assess?				
			MCQs (SBQs) Level 1 & 2	OSVE stations Level 1 & 2	OSPE/ OSCE Level 3	Any Other	Proportion of test instruments to be used: Theory MCQs (SBAQs)= 100 %;
Gross Anatomy		10	10				Practical
Embryology		05	05				OSVE=80%
Histology		12	12				OSPE/OSCE= 20%
Physiology		22	22				Competency level &
Biochemistry		25	25				Learning Domain at
Pathology		07	07				Miller's Pyramid:
Pharmacology		12	12				Cognition:
Parallel subjects (CM, IT, BS, Res, BME)		07	07				Know (Level-1) & How to know (Level-2) Skills & Attitude: Show (Level-3) & Does (Level-4)
		100%	100	80%	20%		



2 HAEMATOLOGY MODULE-1

Introduction

Welcome to the **Hematology module.** This module aims to provide the basic understanding of hematopoiesis and hemostasis at the molecular level. This module is designed to learn and integrate basic knowledge of blood cells, with clinical relevance. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including more practical activities. It will deal with the basic Patho-Physiological and Pharmacological aspects of infections and chemo therapeutic agents and integrate it with clinical sciences.

The module will give the 1st year medical students, an opportunity to know the presentations and principles of management of common hematological, immunological, inflammatory and neoplastic disorders. You will be expected to think about the scenarios and participate in case-based learning sessions for clearing your concepts and better learning. It will also help you focus your attention on what you need to achieve from the Interactive Lectures, practical and tutorials that have been scheduled in this module.

Duration:

8 weeks

Learning outcomes

- Knowledgeable
- Skillful
- Community Heath Promoter
- Problem-solver
- Professional
- Researcher
- Leader and Role Model

COGNITIVE DOMAIN:

By the end of this module, first year MBBS students shall be able to:

- Identify & describe the various cellular and non-cellular components of blood in relation to its Anatomy, Physiology &Biochemistry
- Describe structure, synthesis and degradation of Hemoglobin
- Describe the regulatory mechanisms of normal hemostasis and coagulation
- Describe the conditions associated with dysfunction of cellular and non-cellular components of blood
- Describe the basic characteristics of immune system.
- Discuss the structure, functions and Biochemical aspects of the Lympho-reticular system.
- Explain the principles and clinical significance of ABO/RH blood grouping system
- Explain the Patho-Physiology of various bleeding disorders
- Identify the role of Pharmacology in inflammation, anemia and bleeding disorders.



PSYCHOMOTOR DOMAIN

Description of the psychomotor skills to be developed and the level of performance required:

By the end of this Module, the student should be able to:

- Carry out practical work as instructed in an organized and safe manner
- Make and record observations accurately.
- Determine percentage of formed blood elements (Hematocrit).
- Identify RBC and should be able to do its counting-on-counting chamber and to know normal values. And also classify Anemia morphologically.
- Determine the Hemoglobin with the apparatus and have knowledge of normal and abnormal value.
- Identify WBC morphology and its different types, should be able to count them on counting chamber and to know the normal values. Diagnostic importance of each WBC.
- Identify Platelets and should be able to know normal values. Its diagnostic importance in relation to bleeding disorders
- Perform bleeding time and clotting time and to know normal values and its diagnostic importance in relation to bleeding disorders.
- Perform Blood groups typing and Rh factor.
- Perform ESR and to know its normal value and prognostic importance.

ATTITUDE AND BEHAVIOUR:

By the end of Module, the student shall gain the ability and carry responsibility to:

- Demonstrate ability to give and receive feedback, respect for self and peers.
- Demonstrate sympathy and care to patients.
- Having respect for patients, colleagues and other health professionals
- Organize & distribute tasks
- Exchange opinion & knowledge
- Develop communication skills with sense of responsibility.
- Regularly attend the classes
- Demonstrate good laboratory practices

Laboratory Skills (Physiology & Pathology):

By the end of Module, the students should be able to:

- Describe types & methods of sterilization
- Collect blood sample by various methods i.e. pricking method &venipuncture on dummies
- Prepare blood film & Identify and quantify different types of white blood cells on blood film
- Identify different blood groups
- Antigen-Antibody reactions in the Laboratory
- Determine hemoglobin concentration (Sahli's method)
- Laboratory diagnosis of Anemias



- Estimate bleeding time, clotting time (BT & CT)
- Laboratory diagnosis of Bleeding Disorders
- Estimate erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR by wester green method)
- Non. Neoplastic WBC Disorders
- Acute Inflammation/ Chronic inflammation
- Repair: Wound Healing
- Isolation of micro-organism/Lab diagnosis of infectious disease
- Culture Media-I & Culture Media-II

Clinical Skills:

By the end of Module, the students should be able to:

- 1. Practice history taking: patients with anemia and bleeding disorders
- 2. Define and classify polycythemia
- 3. Define and describe the different types of anemia
- 4. Describe various types of blood indices

Themes

Theme 1: Red cell disorders (Anemia, Polycythemia)

Theme 2: Infections & Inflammation

Theme 3: Bleeding & thromboembolic disorders

Theme 4: ABO & Rh-Incompatibility Theme 5: Immunological disorders

TOPICS WITH SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND TEACHING STRATEGIES

Theme 1: Red cell disorders (Anemia, Polycythemia)

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT					
	Anatomy								
1	 Illustrate the organization of hematopoietic tissue Enlist the sites and source of hematopoiesis before and after the birth. 	Hem-S1-E1-Ana- Development of blood	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE					
2	 Examine structure of RBC, WBC & platelets. Illustrate methods use to study blood and bone marrow cells. 	Hem-S1-H1-Ana- Morphology of blood cells	Interactive Lecture/ Practical	SBQs &OSPE & OSVE					
	Physiology								
3	Discuss the cellular components	Hem-S1-Phy-1	Interactive	SBQs & OSVE					



4	 of blood Define hematocrit, normal values & factors affecting hematocrit Discuss the various stages of RBC'S formation. Discuss various sites of erythropoiesis Enlist the factors necessary for erythropoiesis. Discuss the significance of Reticulocyte count 	Composition of blood & its cellular components Hem-S1-Phy-2 Development of RBCs (Erythropoiesis)	Lecture		
5	Examine hemoglobin concentration by Sahli's method	Hem-S1-Phy-3 hemoglobin concentration (Sahli's method)			
6	Estimate erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR by wester green method)	Hem-S1-Phy-4 Estimation of erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR by wester green method)	Practical	OSPE & OSVE	
		Biochemistry			
7	 Explain Biochemical basis for the difference in plasma & serum. Describe composition of blood & plasma protein. 	Hem-S1-Bio-1 Composition of blood & plasma proteins (Specialized body fluid)			
8	 Describe Chemistry& synthesis of Heme Explain structure, types & forms of Hb. 	Hem-S1-Bio-2 Normal Hemoglobin			
9	Identify abnormalities of Heme synthesis (PorPhyrias & its types).	Abnormal Heme	Interactive		
10	Explain the Biochemical aspects of Hemoglobinpathies. (Thalassemia, sickle cell anemia)	Hem-S1-Bio-4 Abnormal Hemoglobin (Hemoglobinopathie s)	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
11	 Describe degradation of heme. Explain bile pigments, formation, types, transport & Excretion of bile. 	Hem-S1-Bio-5 Degradation of Heme			
12	Discuss Iron Metabolism & identify its abnormalities.	HemM-S1-Bio-6 Iron Metabolism			
13	Explain the Biochemical importance of Vitamin B12 & Folic acid & their associated diseases.	Hem-S1-Bio-7 Vitamin B12 & Folic acid			



14	Describe importance of Vitamin K & E & their associated diseases.			
		Pathology		
15	 Describe classification of Anemia Differentiate the different types of anemias on the basis of Morphology & Patho-Physiology. 	Hem-S1-Path-1 Introduction of Anaemia		
16	 Identify the types of nutritional Anemias Enlist causes of iron deficiency, Anemia & clinical features and Laboratory diagnosis 	Hem-S1-Path-2 Iron deficiency Anemia	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
17	 Enlist causes of vitamin D-12 and folate deficiency Explain the Patho-Physiology, clinical features and laboratory diagnosis. Hem-S1-Path-3 Megaloblastic Anemia 			
		Pharmacology		
18	Describe role of oral & injectable iron in iron deficiency anemia	Hem1-S1-Pharm-1	Interactive	SBQs & OSVE
19	Describe role of Vit. B12 & Folic acid in Macrocytic anemia	Hem1-S1-Pharm-2	Lecture	ODQ3 Q OOVE

Theme 2: Infections & Inflammation

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
	Anatomy				
21	Discuss the embryological source of lymphoid organs	Hem-S1-E2-Ana- Development of lymphoid organs	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
22	 Discuss the components, location & structure of lymphoid issue. Describe parts, surfaces and relations of Lymphoid organs 	Hem-S1-G1-Ana- Gross features of lymphoid organs	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE	
23	Discuss the histological classification & microscopic features of lymphoid organs.	Hem-S1-H3-Ana Microscopic anatomy of lymphoid organs	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
24	Define histological features of spleen & lymph node.	Hem-S1-H4-Ana- Spleen & Lymph node	Practical	OSPE & OSVE	
25	Define histological features of Thymus gland & Tonsil.	Hem-S1-H5-Ana- Thymus & Tonsil			
Physiology					



26	 Describe the process of leukocyte genesis, enlist various types of granulocytes and agranulocytes, their functions & normal values Explain the significance of Reticuloendothelial system Discuss the functions of T and B lymphocytes. 	Hem-S1-Phy-5 Genesis and general characteristics, and functions of white blood cells	Interactive Lectures/ Small Group Discussion	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
		Pathology		
27	 Define acute inflammation. Describe the changes systemic effects & occurring in acute inflammation. 	Hem-S1-Path-4 Overview of acute and chronic inflammation	Interactive	SBQs & OSVE
28	Describe causes of Neutrophilia and Neutropenia, Eosinophilia, Lymphocytosis, Monocytosis		Lecture	

Theme 3: Bleeding & thromboembolic disorders

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
	Physiology				
42	 Describe the four-basic mechanism of Hemostasis, Explain the mechanism of formation of platelet plug. 	Hem-S1-Phy-6 Hemostasis & role of Thrombocytes	Interactive		
43	 Explain steps involved in intrinsic and extrinsic pathway for coagulation, Enlist the clotting factors, to describe the role of clotting factors in coagulation. 	Hem-S1-Phy-7 Clotting cascade & bleeding disorders	Lectures/Small Group Discussion	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE	
		Biochemistry			
44	Describe importance of Vitamin K & E & their associated diseases.	Hem-S1-Bio-9 Vitamin K & E	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
		Pathology			
45	 Discuss the different types of bleeding disorders. Discuss Quantitative & Qualitative platelets disorders Describe classification& Lab. diagnosis of haemophilia and Von Willebrand disease. 	Hem-S1-Path-6 Platelet and Bleeding disorder	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
46	Discuss thrombosis, pathogenesis, types and fate of thrombosis.	Hem-S1-Path-7 Thrombosis			
47	Define embolism, its types and morphological features of embolism.	Hem-S1-Path-8 Embolism			



Pharmacology					
48	Discuss the role of commonly used coagulants & anticoagulants	Hem-S1-Pharm-3	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	

Theme 4: ABO & Rh-Incompatibility

S #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Physiology		
49	 Describe the antigens & antibodies for A,B,AB & O blood groups Define Agglutinogen, agglutinin, and agglutination & what takes place when incompatible blood types are mixed. Identify universal donor & recipient & explain why? Enlist various Rh antigens & Rh immune response. What is erythroblastosis fetalis & how it can be prevented 	Hem-S1-Phy-8 Blood groups ABO/RH system	Interactive Lectures/Small Group Discussion/ Practical	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
Pathology				
50	Recognize different types of blood transfusion reaction.	Hem-S1-Path-9 Blood Transfusion	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE

Theme 5: Immunological Disorders

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Physiology		
51	 Discuss overall organization of immune system Differentiate between innate & acquired immunity, Discuss cell mediated immunity and humoral immunity, active and passive immunity. 	Hem-S1-Phy-9 Immunity.	Interactive Lectures/ Small Group Discussion	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
		Biochemistry		
52	Define Immunoglobins.Describe chemistry, structure & their classification.	Hem-S1-Bio-10 Immunoglobins	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
Pathology				
55	 Define hypersensitivity Describe Pathogenesis of Type-I & II hypersensitivity reactions with examples 	Hem-S1-Path-10 Hypersensitivity reaction Type I & II	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



56	Describe type III & IV hypersensitivity reactions with examples.	Hem-S1-Path-11 Hypersensitivity reaction Type III & IV		
58	 Discuss primary immunodeficiency and its causes Discuss secondary immunodeficiency and its causes 	Hem-S1-Path-12 Immunodeficiency		
Pharmacology				
59	Associate role immunomodulating drugs in autoimmune disorders	Hem-S1-Pharm-4	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



Blueprint of Assessment

Purpose of Assessment: Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS

Curriculum: Integrated Modular Curriculum

Module: Haematology Module -1

Weeks	Week1	Week2	Week3	Week4	Week5	Week6	Week7	Week8	Total hrs	Weight age %	Rounde d off Weighta ge %	Total number of Qs
Teaching hours												
Gross Ana		01							01	1.01	01	01
Histology	01	01	01	01		01			05	9.2	09	09
Embryology	01	01							02	3.7	04	04
Physiology	01	02	01	01	01	01	01	01	10	18.5	19	19
Biochemistr v	01	01	02	01	01	01	02	01	10	18.5	19	19
Pathology	2	2	2	2	2	1	1		12	22.2	22	22
Micbio									00	00	00	00
Pharmacolo gy		01		01		01		01	04	7.4	07	07
Parallel subjects (CM, BS, IT, Mres, Prof, clinical)	01		01	01	01	01	01	01	10	18.5	19	19
Total									54		100%	100

Subject in Module	Proportion of subjects in module	Weightage	Test Instrument/tool/method				Explanation
What to assess?			How to assess?				
			MCQs (SBQs) Level 1 & 2	OSVE stations Level 1 & 2	OSPE/ OSCE Level 3	Any Other	Proportion of test instruments to be used: Theory MCQs (SBAQs)= 100 %;
Gross Anatomy		01	01				Practical
Embryology		09	09				OSVE=80%
Histology		04	04				OSPE/OSCE= 20%
Physiology		19	19				Competency level &
Biochemistry		19	19				Learning Domain at
Pathology		22	22				Miller's Pyramid:
Pharmacology		00	00				Cognition:
Parallel subjects (CM, IT, BS, Res, BME)		07	07				Know (Level-1) & How to know (Level-2) Skills & Attitude: Show (Level-3) & Does (Level-4)
		100%	100%	80%	20%		



3 MUSCULOSKELETAL MODULE - 1

INTRODUCTION

This exciting module will serve as building block and is very essential to your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several interactive activities.

Motility is the most important feature of life. Every living being shows locomotion in one or other form. Human locomotor system is very beautiful and well organized. Man is the only mammal that walks on two feet. So, our musculoskeletal system is well oriented to counter the effect of gravity. God Himself has said in Holly Quran that He has made man in the best of its form. Cerebral cortex, the highest center of brain causes controls various body movements by coordination of the muscles, bones, & joints.

Rationale

This module is designed to build a solid foundation regarding knowledge of the structure and function of various muscles, bones and joints. This also provides information regarding its clinical applications. It has been estimated that one in four consultations in primary care is caused by problems of the musculoskeletal system.

It is likely that individuals at some time suffer from a problem related to the musculoskeletal system, ranging from a very common problem such as osteoarthritis or back pain to severely disabling limb trauma or rheumatoid arthritis. Many musculoskeletal problems are chronic conditions as well. The most common symptoms are pain and disability, with an impact not only on individuals' quality of life but also, importantly, on people's ability to earn a living and be independent.

Throughout this module, students will have the opportunity to link basic science knowledge to clinical problems. Teaching relevant basic sciences with clinical examples will help you make connections among concepts and retain the information for later clinical education.

Duration

10 weeks

Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module, the students should be able to describe, demonstrate & explain

Knowledge

- Muscles, bones, joints, fascia, fossa, compartments, nerves and blood vessels of upper limb
- Muscles, bones, joints, fascia, fossa, compartments, nerves and blood vessels of Lower limb



- Microscopic features of muscles, bones, cartilages, and skin.
- Collagen metabolism and collagen disorders.
- Development of muscles and bones & their congenital anomalies
- Fractures& their healing, bone remodeling, osteoporosis & its management.
- Nerve palsies and disability
- Pain Physiology and pain management including analgesics.
- Scheme & control of motor activity, motor cortical areas, motor pathways, and role of cerebellum and basal ganglia in motor activity.
- Mechanism of contraction of skeletal muscle & its molecular basis
- Muscle glycogen metabolism and glycogen storage diseases
- Neuromuscular junction, abnormalities of transmission across it, and drugs affecting this transmission
- Calcium homeostasis, role of hormones and their abnormalities
- Nutrition & adaptation of muscles in exercise
- Epidemiology of road accidents, their prevention, disability and rehabilitation
- Functions of skin, its common disorders and their treatment

Skills

- Histology of Cartilage
- Introduction to power lab
- Histology of Muscles
- Simple muscle twitch & summation
- The muscular twitch response and recruitment
- Physiological properties of skeletal muscle
- EMG
- Estimation of calcium
- Estimation of Phosphorus
- Fractures

Attitude

Follow the basic laboratory protocols

- Participate in class and practical work professionally
- Communicate effectively in a team with pears, staff and teachers
- Demonstrate professionalism and ethical values in dealing with patients, cadavers, pears, staff and teachers.
- Communicate effectively in a team with pears and teachers.
- Demonstrate the ability to reflect on the performance.



Themes

Theme 1: Theme 1: Pectoral region and Breast
Theme 2: Back, Axilla and Shoulder joint
Theme 3: Brachial Plexus and Arm

Theme 4: Forearm, hand and carpal tunnel syndrome

Theme 5: Anterior thigh and femoral hernia

Theme 6: Gluteal region, hip joint and Sciatic nerve

Theme 7: Anterior compartment of leg and compartment syndrome

Theme 8: Posterior compartment of leg and foot

TOPICS WITH SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND TEACHING STRATEGIES

Theme 1: Pectoral region and Breast

S#	LEANING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
1	 Define different regions of the upper limb Identify various compartments of arm, forearm & hand. Define the axial and appendicular skeleton and define the girdle bones. Identify joints of the upper limb. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-1 Introduction to locomotor system & Organization of upper limb	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
2	 Define the pectoral region. Describe its muscles. Identify the general features and different land marks for side determination and the attachments of various muscles on clavicle. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-2 Pectoral region& the clavicle		OSPE & OSVE
3	 Discuss development of Bone Describe Intramembranous ossification Describe endochondral ossification Describe ossification of the limb bones Describe development of the joints Describe development of the cartilage 	MSK-S1-Ana-E-1 Development of skeletal system	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



4	 Identify general features and different land marks for side determination and the attachments of various muscles on the Scapula. Define arrangement, attachments, neurova-scular bundle and actions of muscles of back 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-3 Scapular region (scapula bone, muscles & neurovascularBundle of back)	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
5	Identify the bony components, type & variety & movements of sternoclavicular, acromioclavicular joints	MSK-S1-Ana-G-4 Sternoclavicular acromioclavicularJoints		
6	 Define the extent and quadrants of the breast Describe the blood supply and lymphatic drainage of breast in the female with its clinical significance. 	MSK-Ana-G-5 Anatomy of the breast	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
7	 Identify histology of mammary gland in non-lactating, lactating & during pregnancy under microscope. Identify and describe histological features of nipple and areola. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-1 Histology of breast	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Physiology		
8	 Describe the Physiology of Mammarygland. Describe the Hormone responsible for milk production & ejection. Describe the let-down reflex (milk ejection reflex) 	MSK-S1-Phy-1 Physiology of breast and lactation	Interactive	000- 9-001/5
9	 Discuss the basic relationship between vitamin D, PTH, calcium and Phosphate in relation to bone formation Describe the various cells of the bones and their function in Cahomeostasis 	MSK-S1-Phy-2 Hormones regulating calcium homeostasis	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
10	 Identify and name various parts of power lab Illustrate functions of various parts of the powerlab 	MSK-S1-Phy-P1 Introduction to Power Lab	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
	Enlist algorithms from them and	Biochemistry MSK 64 Bio 04		
11	Enlist classification, functions and Biochemical significance of Heteropolysaccharides in formation of Extracellular Matrix.	MSK-S1-Bio-01 Role ofHeteropolysaccharides (Glycosaminoglycans)	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



12	Explain Mucopolysacharridoses: Classification, Deficient EnzymesClinical Manifestation	MSK-S1-Bio-02 Mucopolysaccharidoses		
13	Discuss general introduction and classification of Minerals.	MSK-S1-Bio-03 Classification of Minerals		
	Clin	ical Interactive Lecture		
14	 Define bone density and factors which are responsible to maintain bone density Define Pathogenesis and clinical course of change in bone density and conditions associated with lactation. Discuss its complications and management. 		Interactive	SBQs & OSVE
15	 Describe the Patho-Physiology of mammary gland disorders Describe the lactation reflex Describe weaning Describe the hormonal effect Student guide for complete protocol of lactation and weaning 	MSK-S1-Paeds-1 Breast feeding guide for medical profession	Lecture	

Theme 2: Back, Axilla and Shoulder joint

S. #	LEANING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
16	 Describe the attachments, nerve supply and the actions of the muscles of the back. Define the effects of paralysis of these muscles 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-6 Muscles of back	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE &
17	Discuss the arterial anastomosis around the scapula. Explain the neurovascular bundle of scapula.	MSK-S1-Ana-G-7 Anastomosis around scapula & Neurovascular bundle of scapula		OSVE
18	 Enumerate bony components, type & variety, attachment of capsule and ligaments of this joint. Demonstrate various muscles & movements at the joint. Identify the factors stabilizing or weakening the shoulder joint. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-8 The Shoulder Joint	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



19	Discuss the developmental stages of skull and its clinicals	MSK-S1-Ana-E-2 Development of skull		
20	 Define the shape, location, boundaries and contents of Axilla. Discuss the formation, course and relations of axillary vessels Describe arrangement of axillary lymph nodes and their area of drainage. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-9 Axilla: Boundaries & Contents	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
21	 Describe and draw formation of the brachial plexus. Mention different parts of brachial plexus and their location. Identify different nerves with their root values. Discuss the effects of injury to different sites of brachial plexus. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-10 Brachial Plexus	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
22	 Identify the skeletal muscle under light microscope Describe the structural basis of muscle striations. Recognize the structural elements that produces muscle contraction and brings the movement of a body part. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-2 Histology of skeletal muscle	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
	,	Physiology		
23	 Describe the distribution of calcium in thebones. Describe the mechanism by which Ca is released inblood from Bone 	MSK-S1-Phy-3 Role of Calium in bones	Interactive	
24	 Describe and classify properties of various types of muscle. Describe the structure, functions and arrangements of Myosin, Actin, Troponin & Tropomyosin filaments 	MSK-S1-PHY-4 Properties of muscles & structure of skeletal muscles.	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
		Biochemistry		
25	Describe sources, RDA, Absorption, transport, Functions, Clinical Aspects	MSK-S1-Bio-4 Calcium metabolism.		
26	Describe sources, RDA, Absorption, transport, Functions, Clinical Aspects	MSK-S1-Bio-5 Magnesium & Phosphorus Metabolism	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
27	Describe sources, RDA, Absorption, transport, Functions, Clinical Aspects	MSK-S1-Bio-6 Vitamin D metabolism.		



28	Describe miscellaneous minerals: lodine, Floride, Selenium, Cobalt, Zinc, Copper	MSK-S1-Bio-7 Miscellaneous Minerals				
29	Discuss role of Parathyroid, Calcitonin & Vitamin D	MSK-S1-Bio-8 Regulation of Calcium & PO ₄ Metabolism				
30	Discuss chemical composition of bone, remodeling and normal composition of synovial fluid.	MSK-S1-Bio-9 Chemical composition of bone				
31	Demonstrate importance of calcium as macro-mineral.RDA, Absorption, factors influencing absorption.clinical manifestation of excess and deficiency states.	MSK-S1-Bio-10 Estimation of serum calcium	Practical	OSPE & OSVE		
		Pathology				
32	 Define Vitamin D Explain significance of vitamin D in the body Describe the different deficiency states related with vitamin D Discuss the prevention of Vitamin D Deficiency 	MSK-S1-Path-1 Vitamin D deficiency	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE		
	Pharmacology					
33	 Enlist various drugs used in hypocalcemia Discuss their clinical uses Explain their adverse effects 	MSK-S1-Pharm-1 Drugs used in Hypocalcemia	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE		

Theme 3: Brachial Plexus and Arm

S. #	LEANING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSEMNT
		Anatomy		
34	 Explain the arrangement of different functional groups of muscles in the ant compartment of arm & their attachment Demonstrate the actions of above muscles Describe the neurovascular structures and their important relations 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-11 Humerus bone Anterior compartment of arm	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
35	Define cubital fossa.Discuss its boundariesClinical correlates	MSK-S1-Ana-G-12 Cubital fossa	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
36	Explain arrangement of different functional groups of muscles in the post compartment arm &	MSK-S1-Ana-G-13 Posterior compartment of arm & Elbow joint	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE



	their attachment Demonstrate actions of muscles Describe neurovascular structures and their important relations			
37	 Identify general features of theradius & ulna. Discuss attachments of various muscles on the radius & ulna. Discuss the radioulnar joints. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-14 Radius & Ulna (radioulnar joints)		
38	 Explain arrangement of different functional groups of muscles in anterior compartment of forearm & their attachment. Describe neurovascular structures and their important relations 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-15 Anterior compartment of forearm	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
39	 Explain arrangement of different functional groups of muscles in the posterior compartment of forearm & their attachment. Describe neurovascular structures and their important relations 	MSK-S1-ANA-G-16 Posterior compartment of forearm		
40	Describe ossification of vertebra ribs &sternum and its clinicals	MSK-S1-Ana-E-3 Development of vertebra, ribs, & sternum.	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
41	 Identify smooth and cardiac muscles under light microscope Describe structural basis of muscle striations & differentiate the two muscles. Recognize function and organization of the connective tissue in muscle. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-3 Histology of smooth and cardiac muscles	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Physiology		
42	 Describe general mechanism of skeletal muscle contraction. Describe molecular mechanism (sliding filament theory) of skeletal muscle contraction. Describe walk along theory—power stroke. Define motor unit, isotonic & isometric contraction 	MSK-S1-Phy-5 Mechanism & different theories of muscle contraction Types of muscle contraction	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
43	Define neuromuscular junction (NMJ) & list the components of NMJ	MSK-S1-Phy-6 Neuromuscular Junction & transmission		



44	 Explain sequence of events of neuromuscular transmission Define end plate potential Describe excitation contraction coupling Explain myasthenia gravis Demonstrate Nerve 	MSK-S1-Phy-7 Excitation contraction coupling		
45	conduction velocity Explain how electrical eventsare converted to mechanical events	MSK-S1-Phy-P2 Action potential	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Biochemistry		
46	Demonstrate sources, daily requirements, intestinal absorption, transport and Biochemical role andregulation of Vit-D3	MSK-S1-Bio-11 Estimation of Serum Vit.D3	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Pharmacology		
47	 Enlist various drugs used in hypercalcemia Discuss their clinical uses Explain their adverse effects 	MSK-S1-Pharm-2 Drugs used in Hypercalcemia	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
	Clini	cal Interactive Lecture		
48	 Enlist disorders of skeletal muscle disorders and factors which are responsible to it Define Pathogenesis and clinical course of conditions associated with skeletal muscle disorders Discuss it's complications and management 	MSK-S1-Ortho-1 Disorders of voluntary muscles	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE

Theme 4: Forearm, Hand and Carpal Tunnel Syndrome

S#	LEANING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
53	 Describe the location, destination, course & relations of arteries & their branches in upper limb. Identify and discuss the deep veins of upper limb. Describe the location, destination, course & relations of nerves & their branches in upper limb. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-17 Neuromuscular bundle of the upper limb	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE



54	 Describe the type, variety, attachment of capsule and ligaments of this joint. demonstrate various movements at this joint. Describe the structural organization of the Flexor & Extensor Retinaculum. Discuss carpal tunnel syndrome. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-18 Wrist joint	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
55	Describe the bony arrangement of the hand.Describe the joints of the hand.	MSK-S1-Ana-G-19 Osteology of the hand and the joints of the hand.		
56	 Discuss the cutaneous supply, arteries & veins of palm of hand. define fibrous flexor sheath. Define the palmer aponeurosis, facial spaces. Describe small muscles of hand. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-20 Palm of the hand	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
57	 Discuss the dorsal venous arch. Describe insertion of the long extensors tendons. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-21 Dorsum of the hand		
58	 Describe different regions of lower limb. Identify the various bones forming skeleton of lower limb. Describe general arrangement of superficial & Describe fasciae of lower limb Demonstrate the bones of pelvic girdle. Identify different landmarks in different regions of lower limb 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-22 Introduction to lower limb / Organization of skeleton of lower limb	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
59	 Identify the superficial arteries of lower limb Name and discuss superficial veins of lower limb Highlight the course of great and small saphenous vein Describe the superficial lymphatic vessels & lymph nodes of lower limb Discuss clinical correlates. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-23 Superficial veins, arteries, lymph nodes & cutaneous supply of the lower limbs	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
60	 Describe the development of skeletal muscle. Discuss the development of Myotomes List derivatives of Ebaxial and Primaxial divisions of myotomes 	MSK-S1-ANA-E-4 Development of skeletal muscles	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



61	 Classify bone on developmental and structural basis. Differentiate between woven bone and lamellar bone under microscope. Differentiate between compact bone and spongy bone under microscope. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-4 Histology of bones	Practical	OSPE & OSVE	
		Physiology			
62	 Demonstrate SMT on power lab What are the different periods of SMT & their duration? Demonstrate the phenomenon of fatigue & Tetanus 	MSK-S1-Phy-P3 Muscular twitch response	Practical	OSPE & OSVE	
63	 Describe types of muscle fibers (type I and II) Determine effect of exercise on muscle blood flow State effect of training, stamina and resistance on muscle fibers State Hypoxia, muscle Fatigue during exercise and, its Biochemical reasons. Explain aerobic and anaerobic exercise and effect of exercise on muscles. 	MSK-S1-Phy-8 Muscle adaptation to exercise MSK-S1-Phy-9 Role of muscle in exercise	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
		Biochemistry			
65	Describe the Collagen Structure and synthesis, Types, Role of vitamin C in synthesis of Collagen	MSK-S1-Bio-12 Collagen Structure and synthesis	Interactive	SBQs & OSVE	
66	Brief overview of inherited Collagen Disorders and their clinical manifestation	MSK-S1-Bio-13 Overview of inherited Collagen disorders	Lecture	SBQS & OSVE	
67	Estimation, RDA, Effects, regulation and clinical manifestation of excess and deficiencies.	MSK-S1-Bio-14 Estimation of serum phosphorus	Practical	OSPE & OSVE	
		Pharmacology			
68	 List the drugs used in the treatment of osteoporosis Explain their mode of action Explain their Pharmacokinetics State the side effects of these drug 	MSK-S1-Pharm-3 Drugs used in Osteoporosis	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
69	 Classify different muscle relaxants. Discuss mechanism of their action Explain clinical uses and their 	MSK-S1-Pharm-4 Drugs used as Skeletal muscle relaxant	Lecture		



	adverse effects								
	Clinical Interactive Lecture								
70	 Define of osteoporosis Describe generalized and localized osteoporosis Enlist primary &secondary causes of generalized osteoporosis Define Pathogenesis and clinical course Discuss it's complications and management 	MSK-S1-Ortho-2 Clinical manifestation of Osteoporosis	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE					

Theme 5: Anterior thigh and femoral hernia Theme 6: Gluteal region, hip joint and Sciatic nerve

S. #	LEANING OBJECTIVES	ТОРІС	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
		Anatomy			
71	 Identify parts of the hip bone. Determine side of the bone. Describe general features of each part of hip bone. Identify the bone. Determine the side of the bone. Describe the anatomical position of the bone. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-24 Hip bone + Femur	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE &	
72	 Discuss division of the thigh into compartments Enumerate muscles of the anterior compartment of thigh and their respective actions. Describe the innervation and blood supply of muscles of anterior compartment. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-25 Anterior compartment of thigh	Bemonstration	OSVE	
73	 Describe the Femoral triangle, its boundaries and contents. Discuss femoral sheath and its contents and the clinical conditions associated. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-26 Femoral triangle	Interactive		
74	 Describe development of smooth and cardiac muscle. Discuss development of Myotomes Enlist derivatives of epaxial and hypaxial divisions of myotomes 	smooth & cardiac muscles	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
75	Discuss muscles of medial compartment of the thigh.	MSK-S1-Ana-G-27 Medial compartment of	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE	



	 Discuss blood & nerve supply of these muscles. Describe actions of the muscles of medial compartment of thigh. 	thigh		& OSVE
76	 Describe location of gluteal region. Discuss about bones and ligaments of gluteal region. Discuss muscles of the gluteal region & their respective actions. Discuss nerves and blood vessels of the gluteal region. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-28 The Gluteal region	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
77	 Describe articular surfaces of the hip joint along with capsular attachment Enumerate ligaments of the hip joint & describe their attachments. Discuss clinical correlates 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-29 Hip joint	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
78	 Identify different types of cartilage under light Microscope. Define distinctive microscopic features of each type. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-5 Histology of Hyaline Cartilage	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Physiology		
79	 Describe role of skin in homeostasis Describe the function of skin Describe medico-legal importance of the skin 	MSK-S1-Phy-12 Physiology of Skin	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
		Biochemistry		
80	Describe metabolic pathway for synthesis of purines and pyrimidines	MSK-S1-Bio-15 Metabolic pathway for synthesis of purines and pyrimidines	Interactive	
81	Discuss in detail metabolic pathways for nucleic acids degradation. Inherited associated disorders. Uric acid metabolic disorders.	MSK-S1-Bio-16 Metabolic pathways for nucleic acids degradation and related disorders.	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
82	Demonstrate the methods to estimate the serum uric acid.	MSK-S1-Bio-17 Estimation of serum uric acid	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Pharmacology		
83	 Classify the drugs Describe their general properties. Explain mechanism of action. State their actions in general. 	MSK-S1-Pharm-5 Drugs used in Osteoporosis	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



	Pathology									
84	 Mention types of arthritis Define Osteoarthritis& Rheumatoid arthritis Describe their clinical features 	MSK-S1-Path-2 Arthritis	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE						
	Clinic	cal Interactive Lecture								
85	Explain clinical manifestations of arthritis	MSK-S1-Ortho-3 Clinical manifestation of Arthritis	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE						

Theme 7: Anterior Compartment of Leg and Compartment Syndrome

S#	LEANING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
		Anatomy			
86	 Describe muscles of posterior compartment of thigh. Describe arterial supply of posterior compartment of thigh. Discuss trochanteric and cruciate anastomosis at back of thigh. Describe venous drainage of this region. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-30 Post: compartment of thigh + popliteal fossa	- Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE	
87	 Describe anatomical position of the bone. Identify the bone and its side determination. Mark attachment of muscles and ligaments. Describe the nerve injuries related to it. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-31 Tibia & fibula	Demonstration		
88	 Discuss site and time of appearance of upper and lower limb buds. Define source of mesoderm forming the limb muscles 	MSK-S1-Ana-E-6 Development of Limbs & its clinical 1	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
89	 Discuss formation of different compartments of leg. Explain arrangement of the muscles in anterior compartments of leg and their actions. Describe neurovasculature of these compartments of leg. Identify bones forming the architecture of foot. Discuss joints formed by these bones. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-32 Anterior compartment of leg & dorsum of foot	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE	



90	 Explain arrangement of the muscles in lateral compartments of leg and their actions. Describe the neurovasculature of these compartments of leg Discuss clinical correlates like compartment syndrome of leg. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-33 Lateral compartment of leg & tibiofibular joint				
91	 Describe articular surfaces of the knee joint along with capsular attachment. Describe ligaments & bursa of the knee joint and discuss their attachments. Describe movements of the knee joint. (locking & unlocking mechanism) 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-34 Knee joint	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE		
92	 Identify different types of cartilage under light Microscope. Define distinctive microscopic features of each type. 	MSK-S1-Histo-6 Histology of elastic and fibrous cartilage	Practical	OSPE & OSVE		
		Biochemistry				
93	 Demonstrate principals and types of chromatography. Interpretation of clinical conditions and investigations related to use in chromatography. 	MSK-S1-Bio-18 Chromatography	Practical	OSPE & OSVE		
		Pharmacology				
94	 Classify the drugs Describe their general properties. Explain the mechanism of action. State their actions in general. 	MSK-S1-Pharm-6 Drugs used in Rheumatoid Arthritis	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE		
95	 Classify the drugs Describe their general properties. Explain the mechanism of action. State their actions in general. 	MSK-S1-Pharm-7 Drugs used in Gout	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE		

Theme 8: Posterior compartment of leg and foot

S#	LEANING OBJECTIVES	LEANING OBJECTIVES TOPIC		ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
96	 Explain arrangement of the muscles in posterior compartment of leg. Describe nerve supply of these muscles. Explain actions of the muscles of 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-35 Posterior compartment of leg	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE



	nostorior compartment				
	posterior compartment.Discuss clinical correlates.				
97	 Describe the architecture of arches of foot and the factors responsible for their maintenance. Identify the bones forming these arches. Describe the function of the arches of foot. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-36 Skeleton of foot & arches of foot			
98	 Discuss the hand plate and formation of digital rays resulting into digits Describe the muscles involved in and process of rotation of limb Explain the congenital anomalies of the limbs 	MSK-S1-Ana-E-7 Development of Limbs & its clinical 2	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
99	 Describe the Ankle Joint. Describe Superior and Inferior Tibiofibular Joints. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-37 Ankle ,subtalar & small joints of foot			
100	 Identify the bones forming architecture of sole of foot. Discuss the joints formed by these bones. Describe clinical correlates like flat foot and club foot. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-38 Sole of foot		SBQs, OSPE & OSVE	
101	 Explain different nerve of lower limb and their root value. Discuss causes of injuries. Enumerate common sites of these nerve injuries Discuss symptoms caused by these nerve injuries. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-39 Neurovascular bundle of lower limb	Demonstration		
102	 Discuss the blood supply and nerve supply of sole of foot. Describe vascular and nervous supply of dorsum of foot. 	MSK-S1-Ana-G-40 Neurovascular bundle of foot			
103	 Describe development of musculoskeletal system. Discuss development of Myotomes List derivatives of epaxial and hypaxial divisions of myotomes Describe the development of bones, joints & cartilage 	MSK-S1-Ana-E-8 Overview of Embryological development of musculoskeletal system	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
104	 Describe layers of the skin. Discuss layers of the Epidermis. Describe appendages of skin. Discuss the functions of the skin. 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-7 Microscopic anatomy of the Skin			



	Identify three layers of skin under				
105	 Identify three layers of skill drider light microscope Describe structural basis & elements of skin. Recognize function and organization of connective tissue in skin 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-8 Histology of skin	Described	OSPE & OSVE	
106	 Identify three layers of skin under light microscope Describe structural basis & elements of skin. Recognize the function and organization of connective tissue in skin 	MSK-S1-Ana-H-9 Histology of skin appendages	Practical		
	I	acology			
107	 Classify different Nicotinic blocking agents Discuss mechanism of their action Explain clinical uses and adverse effects 	MSK-S1-Pharm-8 Nicotinic receptor agonists	Interactive	000- 9 0075	
108	 Classify different Nicotinic blocking agents Discuss mechanism of their action Explain clinical uses and adverse effects 	LMS-S1-Pharm-9 Nicotinic receptor antagonists	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
		al Interactive Lecture			
109	 Define terms related to fracture: Stress Fracture, Incomplete fracture, Closed (simple fracture), Open (complicated) fracture, multi- fragmented fractures, complex fracture, Pathologic fractures Describe mechanism of bone healing Enlist complications of fracture Describe etiology & Pathogenesis of Pathologic fractures. 	MSK-S1-Ortho-4 Fractures/Dislocations	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
		Pathology			
110	 Classify different types of osteomyelitis List factors leading to their etiology Explain its pathogenesis 	MSK-S1-Path-3 Osteomyelitis	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	



Blueprint of Assessment

Purpose of Assessment: Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS

Curriculum: Integrated Modular Curriculum
Module: Musculoskeletal Module -1

Weeks	Week1	Week2	Week3	Week4	Week5	Week6	Week7	Week8	Week9	Week10	Total	Weight	Rounde	Total
	Weeki	WEEKZ	Weeks	, veck i	, vecks	, ceno	vveck,	Weeks	Weeks	Weeking	hrs	age %	d off Weighta ge %	number of Qs
Teaching hours														
Gross Ana	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	40	35.39	35	35
Histology	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	00	09	7.96	8	8
Embryolo gy	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	00	00	08	7.07	7	7
Physiolog y	02	01	03	01	01	01	01	01			12	10.61	11	11
Biochemi stry	02	02	02	02	02	01	02	02	02	01	18	15.92	16	16
Pathology		01		01		01					03	2.65	3	3
Pharmaco logy		01	01	02	01	02	01	01			09	7.96	8	8
Parallel subjects (CM, BS, IT, Mres, Prof, clinical)	01		01	01	01	01	01	01			14	12.38	12	12
Total											113		100%	100

Subject in Module	Proportion of subjects in module	Weightage	Test Instrument/tool/me	Explanation			
What to assess?			How to assess?				
			MCQs (SBQs)	OSVE	OSPE/OSCE	Any	Proportion of test
			Level 1 & 2	stations	Level 3	Other	instruments to be used:
				Level 1			
				& 2			Theory
Gross Anatomy		35	35	01			MCQs (SBAQs)= 100 %;
Embryology		8	8	01			Practical
Histology		7	7	01			OSVE=80%
Physiology		11	11	03			OSPE/OSCE= 20%
Biochemistry		16	16	03			
Pathology		3	3	01			Competency level &
Pharmacology		8	8	01			Learning Domain at
Parallel subjects		12	12	01			Miller's Pyramid:
(CM, IT, BS, Res,							Cognition:
BME)							Know (Level-1) & How to
							know (Level-2)
							Skills & Attitude:
							Show (Level-3) & Does
		1000/	1000/	900/	200/		(Level-4)
		100%	100%	80%	20%		



4 CARDIOVASCULAR MODULE-1

Introduction

Welcometothecardiovascularabnormalities'module. This exciting module will be very necessary to your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including interactive activities.

During this module, students will be encouraged to learn the structure and function of the cardiovascular system in an integrated manner i.e. subjects such as Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry, will be learned and assessed together (Horizontal Integration). We will also help you learn the basic sciences in a way that is relevant to their clinical applications (Vertical Integration). By adopting this approach, we are preparing you better for your future work as doctor, where patients will come to you with problems that are not categorized by discipline name.

In order to help you learn in an integrated manner, we have updated the learning of basic sciences around a few key health-related situations (real life situations), which you are likely to encounter as first year medical students. You will be expected to think about the scenarios and participate in case based learning sessions for clearing your concepts and better learning. It will also help you focus your attention on what you need to achieve from the Interactive Lectures, practical and tutorials that have been scheduled during this module.

Rationale

An overall aim of this module is to help you form a cognitive base for understanding pathogenesis of cardiovascular diseases as they are major cause of morbidity and mortality. (Cardiovascular diseases module – Third-year) & practice of cardiovascular medicine (final-year clinical rotation). The module will prepare you for your future work in the medical course that will include learning in relation to the assessment and promotion of cardiovascular health and management of range of cardiovascular disease.

Duration

5 weeks

Learning Outcomes

By the end of this foundation module, the students should be able to:



Knowledge:

At the end of this module, the students will be able to:

- Describe the components of the cardiovascular system by learning and applying the relevant basic sciences.
- Apply the above knowledge to a few common real-life situations (Hypertension, Myocardial Infarction and Shock) to explain how the anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry are altered in the given situation.
- Describe the anatomy of the different parts of the cardiovascular system in detail.
- Describe the development and anomalies of the cardiovascular system.
- Define and identify the microscopic features of the cardiovascular system.
- Describe the functions of the cardiovascular system.
- Interpret the Biochemical changes in the body related to the cardiovascular system.
- Enlist pathologies involving cardiovascular system.
- Describe the management of the cardiovascular diseases.
- Perform the cardiovascular system examination.
- Take the history of the patients and co-relate the cardiovascular sign & symptoms to reach the differential diagnosis
- To counsel the people in community regarding the risk factors of the cardiac diseases.

Clinical/ Practical skills

Measuring blood pressure using Sphygmomanometer with correct technique and interpretation of its values and calculation of mean arterial pressure. Identification of areas on the chest for auscultation of the heart sounds.

Placing electrodes and obtaining an electrocardiogram and interpretation of the basic ECG findings.

Identificationofcardiactissuesandbloodvesselsunderthemicroscopewithpointsof Identification. (Students are required to draw and label microscopic sections of cardiovascular components in histology journal. The journal will be assessed during end-module examination).

Perform clinical examination of the cardiovascular system.

Attitude:

Follow the basic laboratory protocols.

Participate in class and practical work professionally.

Communicate effectively in a team with pears, staff and teachers.

Demonstrate professionalism and ethical values in dealing with patients, peers, staff and teachers.

Demonstrate the ability to reflect on the performance.

Themes

Theme 1: Arrhythmias and Myocardial Infarction

Theme 2: Congenital anomalies of Cardiovascular System

Theme 3: Hypertension Heart Failure



TOPICS WITH SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND TEACHING STRATEGIES

Theme 1: Arrhythmias, Myocardial Infarction

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
	Ana	tomy		
1	 Define the middle mediastinum. Explain location and contents of the middle mediastinum. Discuss fibrous and serous parts of the pericardium. Define pericardial sinuses and nerve supply of the pericardium. Discuss related clinical conditions. 	CVS-S1-Ana-G-1 Middle Mediastinumand	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
2	 Define Anatomical position of the heart. Identify and name structures constituting the borders and surfaces of the heart. Define the external features of the Chambers of the heart. 	CVS-S1-Ana-G-2 Anatomy of the Heart-1		
3	Describe Internal features of each chamber of heart.Discuss the related clinical conditions.	CVS-S1-Ana-G-3 Anatomy of the Heart-2	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
4	 Describe composition of the walls and the skeleton of the heart. Describe conducting system of the heart. Discuss related clinical conditions. 	CVS-S1-Ana-G-4 Structure of the heart and The Conducting system of the Heart		
5	Identify the histological features of heart; endocardium, myocardium, epicardium on light microscope.	CVS-S1-Ana-H-1 Histology of the Heart	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
	Phys	iology		
6	 Describe components/parts of CVS and their functions Define systemic and pulmonary circulation Mention distribution of blood (in percentage of total blood) in different parts of the circulatory system Mention pressures in various portions of the circulatory system 	CVS-S1-Phy-1 Overview of CVS	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
7	Mention three major types of muscleDescribe properties of cardiac muscle	CVS-S1-Phy-2 Properties of	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



	(Functional syncytium, Automaticity,	cardiac muscle		
	 (Functional syncytidin, Adiomaticity, Rhythmicity, Conductivity, Long refractory period) Describe cardiac muscle action potential Discuss mechanism of excitation contraction coupling in cardiac muscle 	cardiac muscie		
08	 Describe various parts/components of conducting system of the heart and their functions Explain action potential and rhythmicity of sinus nodal fibers Describe origin and spread of cardiac impulse Mention AV nodal delay and its significance Describe the effect of ANS on the functioning of conducting system of the heart 	CVS-S1-Phy-3 Excitatory and Conducting system of the heart	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
09	 Define electrocardiogram and electrocardiography Describe the waves, intervals and segments of a normal electrocardiogram (ECG) Mention the uses/indications of ECG 	CVS-S1-Phy-4 Electrocardiogram(ECG)		
		emistry		
10	 Mention introduction of isoenzymes Discuss diagnostic significance of isoenzymes 	CVS-S1-Bio-1 Diagnostic significance of Isoenzymes in cardiovascular disorders	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
	Patho	ology		
11	 Define ischemic heart diseases? Classify different types of ischemic heart diseases. Discuss causes and clinical manifestation of ischemic heart diseases. 	CVS-S1-Path-1 Ischemic heart disease	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
	Medicine (C	Cardiology)		
12	 Define Arrhythmias Recognize the commonabnormalities in rate and rhythm of the heart (tachycardia, bradycardia, flutter, fibrillations, heart blocks and extrasystole) failure. Describe the hemodynamic, neuroendocrine and cellular changes that occur in heart failure. Describe the Physiological basis of the treatment principles in heart failure. 	CVS-S1-Cardio-1 Arrhythmias	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



Theme 2: Congenital Anomalies of Cardiovascular System

S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT	
	Anat	omy			
13	 Describe development of cardiogenic field and heart tube. Enumerate the derivatives of heart tube. Define formation of cardiac looping and dextrocardia and how sinus venous and cardiac septa formed. 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-1 Development of the heart tube			
14	 Explain atrial and interatrial septum development. Explain ventricles and Inter-ventricular septum development. Enlist common congenital anomalies of heart chambers. 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-2 Development of the heart chambers and their septa -1	Interactive		
15	 Explain How atria and interatrial septum develops? How ventricles and Inter-ventricular septum develops? What are the common congenital anomalies of heart chambers? 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-3 Development of the heart chambers and their septa -2	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
16	 Describe septa formation in bulbus cordis and truncus arteriousis. Enlist congenital heart defects; transposition of great vessels, PDA, PTA 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-4 Development of septa in truncus arteriosus, valves and conducting system			
17	 Describe the microscopic features of the arteries Identify the different types of arteries 	CVS-S1-Ana-H-2 Histology of the Arteries	Practical	OSPE & OSVE	
	Phys	iology			
18	 Define cardiac cycle Mention duration of cardiac cycle and its relation with heart rate Describe sequence of events of cardiac cycle Mention pressure changes that occur during each cardiac cycle Describe the relationship of the electropardiagram to mechanical events 	its mechanical events-I CVS-S1-Phy-6	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
19	 electrocardiogram to mechanical events of cardiac cycle Mention pressure changes in atria Define JVP and mention its clinical importance Define EDV, ESV and Stroke volume 	Cardiac cycle and its mechanical events-II			



	Define ejection fraction and mention its clinical importance			
	Define preload and afterload			
20	 Describe functions of heart valves Mention normal heart sounds and explain their production Define heart murmur Mention the timing of the murmur produced by valvular defects and congenital heart diseases Explain the hemodynamic changes in various valvular heart diseases 	CVS-S1-Phy-7 Heart valves, heart sounds and murmurs		
21	 Define Ohm's law of circulation Describe main factors that determine vascular resistance Define total peripheral vascular resistance and total pulmonary vascular resistance Mention Poiseuille's law 	CVS-S1-Phy-8 Interrelationship among blood flow, pressure and resistance		
	Bioche	emistry		
22	Describe different aspects related to fatty acids and their clinical significance in the CVS diseases	CVS-S1-Bio-2 Fatty acids	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
	Patho	ology		
23	Define aneurysm Classification of aneurysm What are the true and false aneurysms with their examples Pathogenesis of aneurysm	CVS-S1-Path-2 Congenital anomalies of blood vessels	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
24	Define congenital heart disease.Describe etiopathogenesis.Discuss clinical features	CVS-S1-Path-3 Congenital heart disease.	Lociaro	
	Paedi	atrics		
25	Describe the Hemodynamic changes in various congenital heart diseases including; Mitral Stenosis Mitral regurgitation Stenosis Aortic regurgitation	Congenited boort	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE

Theme 3: Hypertension

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT			
Anatomy							
26	 Describe the arterial supply and venous drainage of heart. Describe the branches of major arteries and their distribution. Define the nerve 		Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE			



	august of the beaut Describe the conding			
	supply of the heart. Describe the cardiac plexus.			
27	 Discuss development of arterial system; aortic arches, umbilical, vitelline and coronary arteries Name the common congenital anomalies of arteries? 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-5 Development of arterial system of heart		
28	 Discuss development of venous system; cardinal veins, umbilical and vitelline. Name the common congenital anomalies of venous system? 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-6 Development of venous system of heart		
29	Describe the microscopic structure of the veins	CVS-S1-Ana-H-3 Histology of veins	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
	Physi	ology		
30	 Mention the specific needs of the tissues for blood flow Define local blood flow Describe acute/short-term control of local blood flow Describe long-term control of local blood flow Explain the auto-regulation of blood flow Describe structure of microcirculation and capillary wall Explain flow of blood in capillaries Define vasomotion Define Starling forces and give their 	CVS-S1-Phy-9 Control of local blood flow CVS-S1-Phy-10 Capillary fluid exchange		
31	 approximate values Describe role of Starling forces in fluid exchange across the capillary wall List the functions of lymphatics Define edema and explain the pathoPhysiological basis for edema (i.e. increased capillary hydrostatic pressure, hypoalbuminemia, increased capillary permeability and lymphatic obstruction) Describe vasomotor center, its important 	CVS-S1-Phy-11	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
32	 areas and functions Define vasomotor tone Describe role of sympathetic nervous system in regulation of circulation Describe role of parasympathetic nervous system in regulation of circulation 	Nervous regulation of circulation		
33	 Define systolic blood pressure, diastolic blood pressure, pulse pressure and mean arterial pressure Mention important factors on which blood pressure depends 	CVS-S1-Phy-12 Blood pressure and its Regulation-I (Baroreceptor		



	 List various mechanisms that regulate/control blood pressure Describe role of baroreceptor reflex in 	reflex mechanism)		
	regulation of blood pressure			
	Bioch	emistry		
34	Explain the metabolism and function of cholesterol and its clinical significance in CVS diseases	CVS-S1-Bio-3 Cholesterol	Interactive	
35	Describe the prostaglandins & leukotriens, their synthesis and general functions.	CVS-S1-Bio-4 Prostaglandins and Leukotriens	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
36	Demonstrate the estimation of the serum cholesterol	CVS-S1-Bio-P1 Serum Cholesterol estimation	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
	Pharma	acology		
37	To describe the Physiological targets of drugs used in systemic hypertension.	CVS-S1-Pharm-1 Introduction to targets of drugs used in hypertension	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
	Medicine (6	Cardiology)		
38	 Define hypertension. List the causes of hypertension. Describe the pathogenesis of hypertension. Explain the compensatory measures that maintain the blood pressure on rising from supine positions. Explain the Physiological basis of the treatment principles in hypertension 	CVS-S1-Cardio-2 Hypertension	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE

Theme 4: Heart Attack

S. #	LEARNINGOBJECTIVES	TOPIC	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT					
	Anatomy								
39 40	Identify different chambers/structures of the heart. Identify different chambers/structures of the heart.	CVS-S1-Ana-G-6 Model study of heart CVS-S1-Ana-G-7 Model study of heart	Demonstration	SBQs & OSPE & OSVE					
41	 Describe circulatory changes before and after birth. Name the adult derivatives of embryonic structures? 	CVS-S1-Ana-E-7 Circulation before and after birth	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE					



42	Identify the capillaries with the help of light microscope.	CVS-S1-Ana-H-4 Histology of capillaries	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
	Phys	siology		
43	 Explain renal-body fluid system and its role in arterial pressure control Describe Renin-Angiotensin system and its role in arterial pressure control 	CVS-S1-Phy-13 Blood pressure and its regulation-II (Role of kidneys in long-term control of blood pressure)		
44	 Define cardiac output and mention its relationship to stroke volume & heart rate Describe factors regulating cardiac output Describe Frank-Starling mechanism of heart 	CVS-S1-Phy-14 Cardiac output and venous return		
45	 Mention some pathological conditions that cause high cardiac output Mention some pathological conditions that cause low cardiac output Mention methods of measurement of cardiac output Define venous return and mention factors that affect/regulate venous return Describe central venous pressure 	CVS-S1-Phy-15 Cardiac output and venous return	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
46	 Define circulatory shock Describe causes and major types of shock Mention stages of shock Describe Physiology of non-progressive and progressive hemorrhagic shock 	tory shock uses and major types of es of shock visiology of non-progressive CVS-S1-Phy-16 Circulatory shock		
47	 Mention compensatory mechanisms that attempt to return cardiac output and arterial pressure back to normal in a hemorrhagic shock (hypovolemic shock) Mention factors that lead to progression of shock (i.e. factors worsening the shock) Describe the Physiological basis of treatment of circulatory shock 	CVS-S1-Phy-17 Circulatory shock		
48	 To record pulse rate manually & on power lab To record blood pressure manually & on power lab To record ECG on ECG machine & power lab To auscultate heart sounds 	CVS-S1-Phy-18 Pulse rate, blood pressure, ECG recording on power lab. and ECG machine	Practical	OSPE & OSVE



	Bioch	nemistry					
49	Discuss lipoproteins' metabolism and their clinical significance in CVS diseases	CVS-S1-Bio-5 Lipoproteins	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE			
50	Interpret lipid profile and its significance	CVS-S1-Bio-P2 Lipid Profile	Practical	OSPE & OSVE			
	Patl	hology					
51	 Define shock Enlist types of shock Describe causes, patho-physiology, signs and symptoms of shock 	CVS-S1-Path-4 Shock	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE			
	Medicine (Cardiology)						
52	 Define heart failure. Explain the Physiological basis of common clinical manifestations of heart failure. Describe different types of the heart failure. Describe hemodynamic, neuroendocrine and cellular changes that occur in heart failure. Describe Physiological basis of treatment principles in heart failure. 	CVS-S1-Cardio-3 Heart failure	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE			



Blueprint of Assessment

Purpose of Assessment: Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS

Curriculum: Integrated Modular Curriculum

Module: CVS Module -1

S. No	Subject	Week-1	Week-2	Week-3	Week-4	Week-5	Total	Weightage	Weightage	Total
								%	after	Number of
									Rounding	Questions
										(100)
	Gross Anatomy	02	02	01	05	01	07	12.96	13	13
	Embryo	01	02	02	01	01	07	12.96	13	13
	Histo	01	01	01	01	00	04	7.40	07	07
	Physiology	04	04	03	04	03	18	33.33	33	33
	Biochemistry	01	01	01	02	02	07	12.96	13	13
	Pharmacology	00	00	00	01	00	01	1.85	02	02
	Pathology	01	01	00	01	01	04	7.40	07	07
	Parallel subjects	02	02	02	02	01	06	11.11	11	11
	(CM, IT, BS, Res,									
	BME)									
	TOTAL						54		100%	100

Subject in Module	Proportion of subjects in module	Weightage		Test Instrument/tool/method				
What to assess?			How to assess?					
			MCQs (SBQs) Level 1 & 2	OSVE stations Level 1 & 2	OSPE/OSCE Level 3	Any Other	Proportion of test instruments to be used: Theory	
Gross Anatomy		13	13	01			MCQs (SBAQs)=	
Embryology		13	13	01			100 %; Practical	
Histology		07	07	01			OSVE=80% OSPE/OSCE= 20%	
Physiology		33	33	03			Commoton on lovel &	
Biochemistry		13	13	03			Competency level & Learning Domain at	
Pathology		02	02	01			Miller's Pyramid: Cognition:	
Pharmacology		07	07	01			Know (Level-1)& How	
Parallel subjects (CM, IT, BS, Res, BME)		11	11	01			to know (Level-2) Skills & Attitude: Show (Level-3) & Does (Level-4)	
		100%	100%	80%	20%			



5 RESPIRATORY MODULE 1

Introduction

This exciting module will serve as building block and is very essential to your future work as doctors. This module is designed to make your learning both interesting and productive by including several interactiveactivities. An understanding of the structure of the chest wall and the diaphragm is essential if one has to understand the normal movements of the chest wall. Contained within the protective thoracic cage are the important life sustaining organs, such as lungs, Heart and the major blood vessels. Although the chest wall is strong; blunt or penetrating wounds can injure the soft organs. Flail chest (stove-in chest) is an extremely painful injury and impairs ventilation, thereby affecting oxygenation of the blood. This module will explain the Patho-Physiology of all the related conditions.

Rationale

There is a high prevalence of respiratory diseases in our community which may leads to increased morbidity and mortality. A practitioner can only be able to deal with the patients suffering from the respiratory diseases when he/she has the basic concepts regarding the structural and functional knowledge of respiratory system. Acute respiratory infections, like pneumonia are critical for children, older adults and people with immune system disorders. For the management certain respiratory diseases, oxygen administration and artificial ventilation are required, hence it is better to explain the students on these topics in earlier years. Smoking is high risk factor for the development of COPD and lung cancer; therefore, its Patho-Physiology is important to learn. Respiratory module is designed in such a way that a student can understand structure, functions, pathogenesis, prescriptions including drug prescription and can educate the community regarding prevention of diseases and promotion of health.

Duration

5 weeks

Learning Outcomes

Knowledge:

At the end of this module, the students will be able to:

- Describe the development and anomalies of the respiratory system.
- Define and identify the microscopic features of the respiratory system
- Describe the anatomy of the different parts of the respiratory system in detail
- Describe the functions of the respiratory system
- Interpret the Biochemical changes in the body related to the respiratory system
- Explain obstructive and restrictive pathologies involving respiratory system
- Describe the management of the respiratory diseases
- · Perform the respiratory system examination



- Take the history of the patients and co-relate the respiratory sign & symptoms to reach the differential diagnosis
- To counsel the people in community regarding the risk factors of the respiratory diseases.

Skills

- Microscopic identification of the different parts of the respiratory system.
- Perform the spirometry & plot a graph of lung volume
- Perform the cardiopulmonary resuscitation(CPR)
- · Analysis of general properties of lipids
- Application of pH meter
- Interpretation of ABGs, PFT
- Perform clinical examination of the respiratory system

Attitude

- Follow the basic laboratory protocols
- Participate in class and practical work professionally
- Communicate effectively in a team with pears, staff and teachers
- Demonstrate professionalism and ethical values in dealing with patients, cadavers, pears, staff and teachers.
- Communicate effectively in a team with pears and teachers.
- Demonstrate the ability to reflect on the performance.

Themes

Theme 1: The Chest / Thoracic wall and trauma
Theme 2: Airways and their conditions or diseases

Theme 3: Lung parenchyma & interstitium and the related diseases

TOPICS WITH SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND TEACHING STRATEGIES

Theme 1: The Chest/ Thoracic Wall and Trauma

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	CTIVES TOPIC		Assessment
		Anatomy		
1	 Define anatomical classification of the respiratory system. Define structure of the thoracic cage & wall. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-1 General introduction of the Respiratory system	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



	 Define thoracic inlet & thoracic outlet. Discuss thoracic outlet syndrome. 	and Anatomy of the thorax		
2	 Define general features of the sternum. Define general features of the ribs. Differentiate typical and atypical ribs. Define costal cartilages. Discuss attachment of various muscles. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-2 Osteology of the Ribs and the Sternum		
3	 Define general features of the thoracic vertebra. Differentiate typical and atypical thoracic vertebrae. Discuss joints of the thoracic walls. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-3 Osteology of the thoracic vertebrae	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
4	 Define three morphological layers of the muscles of the thoracic wall. Define intercostal spaces. Define endothoracic fascia. Discuss suprapleural membrane. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-4 Muscles of the thoracic wall and intercostal spaces		
5	 Define intraembryonic mesoderm and its parts. Discuss divisions of lateral plate mesoderm into visceral and parietal layers. Define extent of intraembryonic coelom and its divisions. Discuss formation of the pleuropericardial and pleuro-peritoneal membranes. 	RESP-S1-Ana-E-1 Formation of the intraembryonic cavity , Serous membranes and thoracic cavity	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
6	 Discuss steps of development of diaphragm from its composite embryonic derivatives. Discuss anomalies related with its development. 	RESP-S1-Ana-E-2 Development of the diaphragm		
7	 Describe histological features of different layers of Trachea. Identify tracheal epithelium and other microscopic features of the trachea with help of light microscope. 	RESP-S1-Ana-H-1 Histology of the Trachea	Practical	OSPE & OSVE



		Physiology		
8	 Describe overview of respiration Describe parts and functions of respiratory tract Define pulmonary ventilation 	RESP-S1-Phy-1 Overview of respiratory tract, functions		
9	 Describe mechanics of pulmonary ventilation and muscles of respiration Describe changes in the lung volume, alveolar pressure, pleural pressure & Transpulmonary pressure & its changes during respiration. Discuss alveolar ventilation & dead space also describe cough & sneezing reflexes 	RESP-S1-Phy-2 The mechanics of breathing	Interactive	SBQs & OSVE
10	 Define lung compliance & list factors affecting lung compliance Describe composition & role of surfactant in maintaining the alveolar stability & infant respiratory distress syndrome Differentiate compliance work, tissue resistance work & airway resistance work 	RESP-S1-Phy-3 Lung compliance & work of breathing and surfactant	Lecture	ODQ3 & OOVE
11	 Define pulmonary volumes & capacities with their normal values & significance in pulmonary function test. Discuss alveolar ventilation & dead space 	RESP-S1-Phy-4 Lung volumes & capacities		
12	 Record effect of respiration during sitting & standing of young adult on power lab & plot a graph. Record the effect of swallowing & deglutition on respiration in healthy adult on power lab & plot a graph 	RESP-S1-Phy-5 Respiratory adaptations during standing, sitting and swallowing on power lab	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Biochemistry		
13	Concept of pH, Buffers & their mechanism of action, Types of Buffers in humans	RESP-S1-Bio-1 Concept of pH, Buffers & their mechanism of action, Types of Buffers in humans	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
14	 Describe the acid base balance. Explain the respiratory and metabolic acidosis & alkalosis 	RESP-S1-Bio-2 Acid Base Balance/ Metabolic &		



	with causes and compensatory mechanisms.	Respiratory Acidosis & Alkalosis		
15	Description & Biomedical significance of Compound Lipids	RESP-S1-Bio-3 Biomedical significance of Compound Lipids		
16	 Describe the Synthesis & Functions of Phospholipids. Discuss role of lecithin in respiration 	RESP-S1-Bio-4 Synthesis of Phospholipids & Role of Lecithin in Respiration		
17	Demonstrate the pH Meter, Significance, interpretation	RESP-S1-Bio-5 Introduction to pH Meter, Significance, interpretation	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Pathology		
18	 Identify congenital anomalies of lungs. Define acute lung injury Describe causes ARDS. Discuss characteristic features, morphology and pathogenesis of ARDS. Describe its consequences and clinical course. 	RESP-S1-Patho-1 Congenital anomalies, acute lung injury and ARDS	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		CLINICAL		
20	 Define Chyne-stokes breathing and effects on body. Define COPD and RLD. Differentiate between RLD & COLD & effects on body (obstructive & restrictive lung disease). Is COVID-19 RLD or COLD type of disease Define emphysema, chronic bronchitis. Define Bronchiectasis. Define interstitial lung diseases 	RESP-S1-MED-1 Obstructive and Restrictive Lung Diseases	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE

Theme 2: Airways and Their Conditions or Diseases

S#	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPICS	TEACHING STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
21	Discuss attachments of the diaphragm.Define blood and nerve supply of	RESP-S1-Ana-G-5 The Diaphragm and its Openings	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE



	the adiameters was			1
	 the diaphragm. Identify openings in the diaphragm with levels. Define structures passing through these openings. Define functions of the diaphragm. 			
22	 Describe mediastinum Describe boundaries and divisions of mediastinum Enumerate structures present in it 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-6 Mediastinum	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
23	Define anatomy of the trachea.Discuss clinical conditions related with trachea.	RESP-S1-Ana-G-7 Anatomy of the trachea	250.0.0	
24	 Define anatomy of the principal bronchi. Discuss clinical conditions related with bronchi. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G-8 Anatomy of the bronchi	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
25	 Describe development of the larynx, trachea and bronchi. Discuss anomalies related with development of these structures. 	RESP-S1-Ana-E-3 Formation of the Larynx, Trachea and Bronchi	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
26	 Describe microscopic features of the bronchi. Differentiate primary bronchioles from the tertiary bronchioles. Identify general histological features of bronchi and bronchioles with help of light microscope. 	RESP-S1-Ana-H-2 The Histology of the Bronchi: Primary and Tertiary Bronchioles	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Physiology		
27	 Describe structure & functions of Respiratory membrane Gasses exchange across the respiratory membrane Factors affecting exchange through membrane 	RESP-S1-Phy-6 Diffusion of Gasses		
28	Describe transport of oxygen in the blood & discuss the oxygen Hb dissociation curve & factors affecting it	RESP-S1-Phy-7 Transport of oxygen	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
29	Describe transport of CO2 in the blood & gasses exchange between blood & body cells (chloride shift)	RESP-S1-Phy-8 Transport of CO2	LGGIUIG	
30	 Enlist respiratory centers Describe mechanisms of nervous regulation of respiration Describe reflexes involve in nervous regulation 	RESP-S1-Phy-9 Nervous regulation of respiration		



31	 Record effect of exercise on respiration in healthy adult on power lab & plot a graph InterpretPulmonary Function Tests 	RESP-S1-Phy-10 Record the lung volumes and capacities on power lab & plot a graph	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
	В	iochemistry		
32	Describe the Glycosis in detail.	RESP-S1-Bio-6 Glycosis		
33	Describe role of TCA Cycle in cellular respiration	RESP-S1-Bio-7 Role of TCA Cycle in cellular respiration	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
34	 Demonstrate the Arterial blood gases significance Describe the ABG's interpretation with various respiratory disorders 	RESP-S1-Bio-8 Arterial blood gases (ABGs) interpretation	Practical	OSPE & OSVE
		Pathology		
35	 Define chronic obstructive lung disease (COPD) Classify the types of COPD Describe its pathogenesis & clinical features. 	RESP-S1-Path-2 Chronic obstructive lung diseases (COPD)	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
	Ph	armacology		
36	 Classify drugs used to treat dry and productive cough according to their mechanism of action. Describe adverse effects, contraindications and drug interactions of the drugs used to treat various types of cough. 	RESP-S1-Pharm- 1 The treatment of the dry and productive cough	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE
		Clinical		
37	 Define hypoxia and its types. Explain effects of the hypoxia. Explain psychogenic dyspnea & causes of psychogenic dyspnea Define cyanosis. Explain prevention strategies of cyanosis. Enlist three principal reasons of cyanosis. Define CO₂ poisoning. Explain the effects of CO₂poisoning and preventing measures of CO₂. 	RESP-S1-MED-2 Hypoxia Cyanosis CO2 poisoning	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE



Theme 3: Lung Parenchyma and Interstitium and their Conditions or Diseases

	1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 =	70010	TEACHING	400500145115
S. #	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOPIC	STRATEGY	ASSESSMENT
		Anatomy		
38	Define structure and neve supply of pleura	RESP-S1-Ana-G-9 Anatomy of the pleurae		
39	 Describe gross anatomy of the lungs. Discuss the phases of the respiration 	RESP-S1-Ana-G- 10 Anatomy of the lungs Mechanism of the respiration-1	Demonstration	SBQs, OSPE & OSVE
40	 Define bronchopulmonary segments. Define types of the respiration. Discuss clinical conditions related with lungs. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G- 11Anatomy of the lungs Mechanism of the respiration-2 (bronchopulmonary segment)		
41	 Define blood and nerve supply of the lungs. Discuss clinical conditions related with lungs. 	RESP-S1-Ana-G- 12 Anatomy of the lungs-3 (Blood supply)		
42	Define clinical significance of chest X-ray in respiratory diseases.	RESP-S1-Ana-G- 13 Radiology: Basics of chest X-ray	Interactive	SBQs & OSVE
43	 Discuss formation of laryngo-tracheal groove & respiratory diverticulum or lung buds. Define anomalies related with development of the lung buds. Discuss stages of development / maturation of the lungs. Discuss anomalies related with the lung maturation 	RESP-S1-Ana-E-4 Formation of the lung buds The maturation of the Lungs	Lecture	
44	 Identify structure of the alveoli and interalveolar septum under microscope and correlate functions of different types of cells, forming the alveolar wall. Identify structure and function of the blood air barrier. 	RESP-S1-Ana-H-3 The Histology of the Lungs: Alveoli	Practical	OSPE & OSVE



		Physiology			
45	 Describe chemical control of respiration Explain chemoreceptor involved in chemical respiration. Describe regulation of respiration during exercise. Explain Periodic breathing 	RESP-S1-Phy-9 Chemical regulation of respirationRegulati on during exercise		SBQs & OSVE	
46	 Describe pulmonary circulation & blood flow through various zones of lung (1, 2, 3). Explain pulmonary capillary dynamics. Explain mechanism of development of pulmonary edema, pleural effusion Ventilation perfusion ratio (V/Q ratio) 	RESP-S1-Phy-10 Pulmonary Circulation & V/Q relationships	Interactive Lecture		
47	Define respiratory changes associated with High altitudeDiscuss hypoxia and its types.	RESP-S1-Phy-11 High altitude & Hypoxia			
48	 Explain deep sea diving Physiology Describe caisson's disease 	RESP-S1-Phy-12 Deep sea Diving Physiology			
	BI	ochemistry RESP-S1-Bio-9	I	1	
49	Describe organization of the Electron Transport Chain	Organization of Electron Transport Chain	Interactive	CDO: 1 OCVE	
50	Describe Oxidative phosphorylation & ATP Synthesis	RESP-S1-Bio-10 Oxidative phosphorylation & ATP Synthesis	Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	
51	Demonstrate role of emulsification in respiration and digestion.	RESP-S1-Bio-11 Role of Emulsification in respiration and digestion	Practical	OSPE & OSVE	
		Pathology			
52	 Define pneumonia. Discussetiological classification of pneumonia. Discuss its clinical presentation. Describe diagnostic tools for pneumonia. 	RESP-S1-Path-3 Pneumonia	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE	



	Clinical							
53	 Define RDS. Describe sign and symptoms of the respiratory distress syndrome. Enlist the causes of the respiratory distress syndrome Discuss the management 	RESP-S1-Med-3 Respiratory distress syndrome	Interactive Lecture	SBQs & OSVE				



Blueprint of Assessment Summative Assessment First Professional MBBS

Purpose of Assessment:

Curriculum: Integrated Modular Curriculum

Module: Respiratory Module-1

S. No	Subject	Week-1	Week-2	Week-3	Week-4	Week-5	Total	Weightage	Weightage	Total
								%	after	Number of
									Rounding	Questions
										(100)
	Gross Anatomy	03	02	02	02		09	17.3	17	17
	Embryo	02	02	02	01		07	13.4	13	13
	Histo	01	00	01	01		04	7.6	08	08
	Physiology	04	04	03	02		13	24.07	24	24
	Biochemistry	01	01	03	02		07	13.4	13	13
	Pharmacology	00	00	01	00		02	3.8	04	04
	Pathology	01	01	00	01		03	5.7	06	08
	Parallel subjects	02	02	02	01		07	13.4	13	13
	(CM, IT, BS, Res,									
	BME)									
	TOTAL						52		100%	100

Subject in Module	Proportion of subjects in module	Weightage	Test Instrument/tool/	Explanation			
What to assess?		How to assess?					
			MCQs (SBQs) Level 1 & 2	OSVE stations	OSPE/OSCE Level 3	Any Other	Proportion of test instruments to be
			Level 1 & 2	Level 1	Level 3	Other	used: Theory
Gross Anatomy		17	17	01			MCQs (SBAQs)= 100 %; Practical OSVE=80% OSPE/OSCE= 20%
Embryology		13	13	01			
Histology		08	08	01			
Physiology		24	24	03			Compostonov lovel &
Biochemistry		13	13	03			Competency level & Learning Domain at Miller's Pyramid: Cognition: Know (Level-1)& How
Pathology		04	04	01			
Pharmacology		06	08	01			
Parallel subjects (CM, IT, BS, Res, BME)		13	13	01			to know (Level-2) Skills & Attitude: Show (Level-3) & Does (Level-4)
		100%	100%	80%	20%		



6 EXAMINATION ASSESSEMENT

ASSESSMENT PLAN FOR EACH PAPER	END OF YEAR ASSESMENT	INTERNAL EVALUATION	TOTAL %AGE
THEORY (SBQS)	80%	20%	100%
PRACTICAL EXAM (OSVE; OSPE)	80%		

ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL ASSESSMENT MARKS						
COMPONENT	SCORING MATRIX	PERCENTAGE				
THEORY	ATTENDANCE (>90%=03; 89- 80%=02; 79-70%=01;<70%=00	3%				
	Module tests	3%				
	Block tests	4%				
		10%				
	ATTENDANCE (>90%=03; 89- 80%=02; 79-70%=01;<70%=00	3%				
PRACTICAL	Module tests including ethics, conduct, practicals, assignments)	3%				
	Block tests	4%				
		10%				
TOTAL		20%				

7 LEARNING RESOURCES

Anatomy:

- GROSS ANATOMY
 - Clinical Anatomy by Richard S. Snell
 - K.L. Moore, Clinically Oriented Anatomy
 - Neuro Anatomy by Richard Snell
- ❖ HISTOLOGY
 - B. Young J. W. Health Wheather's Functional Histology
- **❖** EMBRYOLOGY
 - Keith L. Moore. The Developing Human
 - Langman's Medical Embryology

Biochemistry:

- TEXTBOOKS
 - Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry
 - Lehninger Principle of Biochemistry
 - Biochemistry by Devlin

Community Medicine:

- **❖** TEXT BOOKS
 - Community Medicine by Parikh
 - Community Medicine by M Illyas
 - Basic Statistics for the Health Sciences by Jan W Kuzma

Pathology / MicroBiology:

- **❖** TEXT BOOKS
 - Robbins & Cotran, Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th edition.
 - Rapid Review Pathology, 4th edition by Edward F. Goljan MD

Pharmacology:

- **❖** TEXT BOOKS
 - Lippincot Illustrated Pharmacology
 - 2. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Katzung

Physiology:

- ***** TEXTBOOKS
 - Textbook of Medical Physiology by Guyton And Hall
 - · Ganong' S Review of Medical Physiology
 - Human Physiology by Lauralee Sherwood
 - Berne & Levy Physiology
 - Best & Taylor Physiological Basis of Medical Practice
- *** REFERENCE BOOKS**
 - Guyton & Hall Physiological Review
 - Essentials of Medical Physiology by Jaypee
 - Textbook of Medical Physiology by InduKhurana
 - Short Textbook of Physiology by Mrthur
 - NMS Physiology
 - Monoo's Physiology

